The Courier-Journal.

VOL. CXI. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,738. LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1909.—12 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Kentucky—Fair and warmer Saturday; Sunday fair in east, showers in west portion.

Tennessee—Fair and warmer Saturday; Sunday fair in east; showers in west portion.

Indiana—Fair and warmer Saturday; showers Sunday; moderate east to northeast winds.

THE LATEST.

The State yesterday completed its case against Mrs. James Boyle, charged with aiding and abetting the kidnaping of Willie Whitla. After a conference lasting a little over half an hour Mrs. Boyle and her counsel determined not to offer any testimony in her behalf and announced that the defense rested. Arguments will be heard today at Mercer, counsel for Mrs. Boyle contending that she should be tried in Ohio and not in Pennsylvania.

As a step in the proposed consolidation of a large number of coal mines in Southeastern Kentucky, the Continental Coal Corporation, of Chattanooga, Tenn., has purchased the Black Bear mines in Bell county from L. A. Ault and other Cincinnati capitalists. One feature of the deal is that the purchase carries with it practically the whole town of Black Bear.

Bradford Shinkle, president of the Suspension Bridge Company, director in the Fifth-Third National Bank of Cincinnati, director in the First National Bank of Covington, Ky., and founder of the wholesale firm of Shinkle, Wilson & Kreis, died at his home in Covington yesterday.

Dispatches to Dun's Review indicate some interruption to trade because of unfavorable weather, although there is less complaint in this respect. An encouraging feature is the marked improvement in iron and steel, which is expected to stimulate activity in all lines of business.

San Francisco closed its formal entertainment to the officers and men of the Japanese training cruisers yesterday by sending the entire complement of 185 midshipmen and twenty commissioned officers of the training squadron on an all-day trip around the bay.

The Senate, by a vote of 53 to 19, yesterday adopted the amendment fixing a rate of 1½ cents a pound on the lead in lead ore. All the Republicans voted for the provision and Senators Hughes, of Colorado, and McEnery, of Louisiana, stood with them.

Indictments for conspiracy were found by the Federal grand jury at New York yesterday against Oliver Spitzer, who was superintendent of the docks of the American Sugar Refining Company in Brooklyn, and six other employes of the company.

Wheat rose again yesterday upon the publication of the Government crop report. The principal activity was in September and December options. In the early trading July was weak, but recovered after the report was made public.

Louis W. Foster and five other defendants who were charged with using the mails to defraud in the running of a so-called "bucketshop" were adjudged guilty in the United States District Court at Cincinnati.

Argument for the rectifiers in the whisky labeling case was concluded before the Solicitor General yesterday by W. M. Hough, and John G. Carlisle and E. H. Taylor, Jr., will finish to-day for the straight whisky men.

Bank clearings this week at all leading cities in the United States are $3,083,047,684—21.5 per cent. larger than a year ago and 7.3 per cent. over the corresponding week in 1906.

Charles W. Morse, at one time worth $30,000,000, testified that he had nothing left of his great fortune. Morse is now serving a prison term for violation of the national banking laws.

J. Robert Jones, a prominent insurance man, was killed and A. D. McDonald, a shipping clerk, was fatally wounded at Huntsville, Ala., yesterday by W. L. Heisey, a business man.

Past Assistant Surgeon James P. D. Bruler, medical officer of the United States gunboat Paducah, died aboard that vessel at San Juan, P. R. He entered the naval service in 1903.

The national commanderies of the naval and military order of the Spanish-American War began a three-day meeting in Cleveland. The meeting will close Sunday evening.

Advices received at Duluth say the steamer Shores went down off Whitefish Point in Lake Superior with all on board. The crew and passengers numbered twenty-one.

Under the operation of an act of the recent Legislature, Nashville, Tenn., finds its Police Court robbed of nearly all its authority and the city deprived of a big revenue.

Joseph G. Cannon, Speaker of the House of Representatives, more familiarly known as "Uncle Joe," yesterday reached his seventy-third birthday.

The taking of evidence for the defense was begun yesterday in the night rider trial at Waverly, Tenn.

WILL PRESENT NO TESTIMONY

Mrs. Boyle's Attorneys To Argue Case To-day.

Will Set Up a Claim of No Jurisd[illegible].

Seek To Ha[illegible]r Taken To Ohio For Trial.

SHE IS [illegible]ACED BY MOB.

Mercer, Pa., May 7.—Relying entirely upon their contention that the Pennsylvania courts have no jurisdiction in her case, counsel for Mrs. James Boyle, on trial charged with aiding the kidnaping of Willie Whitla, to-day refused to offer any evidence in her behalf. Arguments will be made to-morrow and the defense hopes to convince the jury of the correctness of its contention.

The claim of the prosecution that Mrs. Boyle participated while in this State in the formation of conspiracy to kidnap the boy, which was afterward carried out, will be combatted by the defense, which will endeavor to have her released in Pennsylvania and turned over to the authorities in Cleveland.

The State completed its testimony this afternoon. It was mainly the same as that given yesterday in the trial of James Boyle, but there will be some additional witnesses summoned for the purpose of connecting Mrs. Boyle with the abduction. One of the Cleveland policemen who took part in the arrest testified that she said: "I am the frail little woman who planned the whole thing."

Some Strong Evidence.

The finding of the ransom money in her clothing was also testified to. The proprietor of the Granger apartments in Cleveland identified Boyle and his wife as the couple who rented an apartment from her under the name of Walter. An effort was made to prove her connection with framing up the plot while in Pennsylvania and her remark that she expected to receive some money soon was brought out.

Throughout the proceedings there was an apparent desire on the part of Boyle and his wife to bring out the name of another person said to have been connected with the case. During the trial Boyle endeavored to tell more than he had been asked.

"I want to tell the whole truth about this case now," he said. "I want the whole thing cleared. I was not to blame. The whole blame was on someone else."

To-night in her cell Mrs. Boyle said: "Both Jimmie and myself have tried to tell the whole story in connection with this case. We have not been permitted to do so. It is not justice. Everything should be heard. As for myself I will commit suicide before I will go to the penitentiary."

Threatened By Mob.

While being taken from the Mercer county courthouse back to the jail last evening by Deputy Sheriffs, Mrs. Helen Boyle was attacked by a mob of perhaps 1,000 persons, mostly women, and it was only by great efforts on the part of the Deputy Sheriffs, business men and several ministers that the women were prevented from doing great bodily injury to the woman who is charged with having kidnaped Willie Whitla, and who was placed on trial here late in the afternoon.

James H. Boyle, her alleged husband, had been convicted of kidnaping earlier in the day, and he was being taken from the courthouse to jail with his wife when the demonstration occurred.

The mob had been gathered for some hours in front of the old schoolhouse which is doing duty as a courthouse, and when the woman appeared in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Stuart a rush was made for her principally by the women. "There she is! Let's hang her! We don't need any jury!" screamed a big woman who seemed a leader.

"Look out! Don't come near me, or I'll make you climb a tree," said Mrs. Boyle quietly. "Why don't you go home and wash your face?" she added as a final shot.

Women Were Bitter.

The mob swarmed around the woman with loud, angry cries, and it was only with the greatest difficulty that Stuart, aided by several men, including the Rev. J. S. Duncan, of the First Presbyterian church of Mercer, could get his way through and start on the six-square walk to the jail.

The women were most bitter, and some of them shouted: "Get a rope and let's fix the kidnaper!" at which Mrs. Boyle flung back defiance only, and asserted to some of those near her that if she were ever turned loose by the officers she would "chase you all two at a time."

Sheriff William Chess, who had charge of Boyle, did not tarry in the mob. He seemed of the opinion that there might be in the mob's noise a plot concealed to liberate Boyle, so he hurried him along handcuffed and with his hand always on the butt of his gun.

The courtroom was packed this morning when Mrs. Boyle was returned. To avoid any repetition of last evening's demonstration of hostility the prisoner was driven to the courthouse in a closed carriage.

Willie Whitla Testifies.

Willie Whitla was the first witness. He repeated substantially his testimony of yesterday, given in the case of James H. Boyle. In referring to Boyle the boy called him "Jonesey," having been told at the time of the abduction that the man's name was Jones. He testified that when he arrived at the house in Cleveland with "Jonesey" they met a woman. He said:

"Jonesey told me she was another Jones. Mrs. Jones she had eaten supper, but told me to eat. Jonesey told me the woman was his cousin."

The boy identified Mrs. Boyle as the woman who had cared for him in Cleveland, and whom he had known as Mrs. Jones. He identified a nurse's outfit as the clothing "Mrs. Jones" had worn.

The prosecution offered in evidence the note written for "Billy" to carry on the street car on his way to the Hollenden House, when he was returned to his father. The defense objected, claiming it did not concern Mrs. Boyle. "Billy" stated, however, that it was given to him in Mrs. Boyle's presence, and it was admitted.

On cross-examination the boy was asked but one question, as to whether Jones alone went with him to the street car when he was sent back to his father. His reply was that Jones alone had gone with him.

Several other witnesses gave practically the same testimony they gave yesterday in regard to the kidnaping.

* * *

Boyle Creates a Scene.

Declaring that he had not had a fair trial and that he wanted to tell the whole truth about the kidnaping case, James Boyle created a commotion in the courtroom. Boyle was put on the witness stand for the State and asked to produce the first letter to Mr. Whitla demanding $19,000 ransom.

Without any reference to the letter, Boyle shouted out: "I want to tell the truth about this case now. I want the whole thing cleared up. I was not to blame. The whole blame was on some one else."

Miss Emills, proprietor of the Granger apartments in Cleveland, where "Billy" says he was kept, identified Boyle and Mrs. Boyle as the couple who had rented an apartment from her on March 13, giving the names of Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Walters.

James P. Whitla related the story of his search for his son, the receipt of letters demanding ransom and conveying instructions, and the recovery of the boy. Billy Whitla was recalled and identified two of the letters filed as copies of those he had written at the dictation of "Jones." On cross-examination he stated that Mrs. Jones, as he called the woman, had nothing to do with the writing of the letters, that they were dictated to him by "Jones," while "Mrs. Jones" was out of the room, and that "Jones" took each letter after it was written, placed it in an envelope and mailed it without "Mrs. Jones" having anything to do with it.

After a conference lasting a little over half an hour, Mrs. Boyle and her counsel determined not to offer any testimony in her behalf, and announced that the defense rested.

The court fixed to-morrow morning for hearing of arguments, and it is expected a verdict will be returned before to-morrow night.

SIX FOUND GUILTY IN BUCKETSHOP CASES

CONVICTED IN FEDERAL COURT AT CINCINNATI.

CHARGED WITH USING THE MAILS TO DEFRAUD.

MAY GO TO PENITENTIARY.

Cincinnati, May 7.—The jury in the case of Louis W. Foster and five others, who were charged with using the mails to defraud in the running of a so-called "bucketshop," returned a verdict of guilty in the United States District Court here to-day.

The men found guilty are Louis W. Foster, John Gorman, W. J. Campbell, A. C. Baldwin, John M. Scott and Edwin F. Hell.

The defendants were found guilty on the charge of using the United States mails to further a scheme to defraud. The penalty is a fine of from $1,000 to $5,000, eighteen months in the penitentiary, or both.

Judge Miller Outcalt, attorney for the defense, gave notice that he would file a motion for a new trial. In the meantime the defendants are given their liberty under bond.

The jury took the case at 1:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, and left a sealed verdict at 1 o'clock this morning to be read at the opening of court at 8 o'clock to-day.

William J. O'Dell, who died here several years ago, left an estate estimated at $2,000,000. He amassed this fortune by running a bucketshop on a larger scale than ever before known in this country, having branches in all the principal cities and towns in the West and South.

At his death the defendants found guilty to-day continued the O'Dell brokerage Company. Defendants Gorman, Baldwin, Scott and Hell were formerly telegraph operators in the employ of O'Dell. William Dudley, telegraph operator, and Attorney Thomas Shay, both now dead, were interested as partners with the defendants at one time. All these men are credited with cleaning up $1,000,000, most of which, however, Gorman and Dudley and Shay retained.

The verdict to-day is a clean victory for the Government, which contended that the defendants did not even play the bucketshop game honestly, but by slow wires and fast wires to Chicago and New York, took advantage of the market quotations and closed out trades with their customers to the best advantage to the defendants. The Government contended that actual stock was not dealt in, but that the deals were nothing more nor less than gambling on future prices of stocks.

JUDGE W. F. COOPER DIES IN NEW YORK

BROTHER OF DUNCAN B. COOPER AND ONCE JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

Nashville, Tenn., May 7.—A special to the American from New York says that Judge William F. Cooper died there tonight at the age of 80 years. He was a brother of Duncan B. Cooper, recently convicted here together with his son, Robin J. Cooper, of the killing of former United States Senator E. W. Carmack.

Judge Cooper was of a distinguished Tennessee family, and was formerly a Justice of the Tennessee Supreme Court. He was graduated from Yale in the class with William M. Evarts. He was employed by the publishers to edit Daniel's Chancery Practice and was also author of Cooper's Chancery Reports, both of which volumes he dedicated to his tutor, Alonzo Taft. Judge Cooper was unmarried. He was born in Maury county, Tenn., but since his retirement from the State supreme bench a number of years ago made his home in New York City. The remains will be brought to Maury county for interment.

SENT TO WORKHOUSE FOR ELECTION BRIBERY

JOHN H. GODWIN, LIEUTENANT OF T. COLEMAN DU PONT, PAYS PENALTY.

Wilmington, Del., May 7.—[Special.]—John H. Godwin, active Republican leader of Delaware and political lieutenant of T. Coleman du Pont, Republican State chairman and president of the du Pont Powder Company, was to-day sent to the county workhouse for two years for election bribery. He was convicted in March. When an appeal was taken he was released on $3,000 bail. Two of three bondsmen surrendered him to-day, however, fearing he would leave the State.

The court refused to accept new sureties, the Constitution making no provision for a second appeal bond. Godwin's counsel will bring the matter up shortly and endeavor to have a second bond accepted.

Chairman du Pont, with whom Godwin is especially intimate, came to Delaware from Louisville to become president of the powder company seven years ago. He and Godwin were conspicuous figures at the last Delaware Republican Convention. They sat side by side, with Godwin's arm across du Pont's shoulder, and conferred throughout the proceedings.

Will Investigate Story.

Washington, May 7.—Although the State Department discredits the story, it has decided to investigate the report that the crew of the American whaling ship Carrie D. Knowles, supposed to have been lost at sea five years ago, are prisoners in Venezuela.

KNOCKS DOWN A MAN OF STRAW

Aldrich Forces Rollcall Just For Effect.

Committee's Lead Ore Schedule Passes Senate.

Real Fight Comes To-day On Second Paragraph.

INSURGENTS TO MAKE STAND.

Washington, May 7.—[Special.]—By a vote of 53 to 19 the Senate this afternoon agreed to retain in the Aldrich bill the Dingley rate of 1½ cents a pound on the lead contents of lead-bearing ores of all kinds. In other words, the Senate decided to adopt paragraph 179 of the chemical schedule, as amended by the Senate Finance Committee under the direction of Senator Aldrich. There is no significance in the vote which was taken to-day, unless it be in the fact that two Democrats—Messrs. Hughes, of Colorado, and McEnery, of Louisiana—voted with the Republican in favor of the Dingley rate instead of lining up with their own party in opposition to the proposition.

* * *

No Need For Roll Call.

In fact, there was no necessity for the vote on lead ore being taken by a rollcall, as it was known in advance that the Republican insurgents, or "progressives," as they now style themselves, have no fight to make against the retention of the Dingley rate on lead ore, but are directing their opposition against the Aldrich plan for elevating the duty on lead bullion, pig lead and other products of lead, including articles out of which paints are made.

Senator Aldrich knew that the vote in favor of the cent and a half duty on lead would be carried by an overwhelming majority, and was anxious for a rollcall because of the impression such a vote might have if recorded before the real test of strength is had. This will come to-morrow, when Senator Aldrich hopes to be able to obtain a vote on the Senate amendment, which seeks to put a duty of 2¼ cents a pound on lead bullion.

The Senate was almost on the verge of voting upon this item this afternoon, but 5 o'clock, the agreed hour of daily adjournment, arrived during the midst of the rollcall on lead ore, and the vote on lead bullion had to be postponed.

* * *

Cummins Will Speak.

Senator Cummins also served notice that he had a few words to say on paragraph 180, or the lead bullion item, before that vote is taken, and also gave notice of an agreement which he intends to introduce to-morrow. The Cummins amendment will provide for a duty of 1¾ cents a pound on lead bullion, and the first vote to-morrow will be on this proposition. If the Cummins amendment is defeated, then the vote will revert to the Senate amendment in the bill, which proposes a duty of 2¼ cents.

Explaining his amendment, Senator Cummins said he was willing to admit that there should be a slightly higher rate of duty on lead bullion than on the lead contents of lead ores, but that, in his judgment, a differential of ¼ of a cent in favor of bullion was too great. His amendment would have the effect of clipping ¼ of a cent off of the lead differential and leave it at ⅜ of a cent, and this, he thought, would be an ample differential to allow for the extra costs of extracting lead from the ore and converting it into bullion.

* * *

Reason For the Fight.

The crux of this whole long and wordy fight in the Senate over the lead schedule has been the question whether there should be a differential in favor of the lead bullion, and whether lead products made out of lead bullion should have a corresponding compensating rate. Senator Bristow, who has been leading the fight against raising the duty on lead bullion to the point proposed by the Senate leaders, holds to the belief that lead ore and lead bullion should take the same duty, that the provisions of the Dingley law should be retained on lead ore and that the House reductions on lead products, such as red and white lead, should be held where they are instead of being restored to the Dingley rates.

The bill as passed by the House not only put lead ore at 1½ cents, but gave the same rate to lead bullion, base bullion, pigs or bars, old refuse lead refuse lead run into blocks or bars, and old scrap lead fit only to be remanufactured. The Senate Committee was willing to leave the rate on the lead contents only of lead ores at 1¼ cents, but insisted that after the lead had been extracted from the ore and transformed into bullion or pig lead, there should be an increased rate. With this idea in view Senator Aldrich and his associates of the committee made a redistribution of the lead products enumerated in Section 178 so as to leave only the lead ore remaining in that paragraph and all the balance of the items were put into a new paragraph reading as follows:

* * *

The New Paragraph.

"180—Lead dross, lead bullion or base bullion, lead in pigs and bars, lead in any form not specially provided for in this section, old refuse lead run into blocks and bars and old scrap lead fit only to be remanufactured, all the foregoing 2⅛ cents per pound; lead in sheets, pipe, shot, glazier's lead and lead wire, 2½ cents per pound."

These are the Dingley rates. When the lead schedule was originally framed in the House Ways and Means Committee a duty of 1 cent a pound was recommended not only for lead ore, but all sorts of pig lead and bullion. The night before the House committee reported its work to the House members of the committee decided to change the rate which they had recommended and increased it to 1½ cents, this being adopted by the House when the bill passed.

Senator Aldrich and those who have been making fight for the restoration of the Dingley rates on lead have contended in the Senate that the House did not have full knowledge of the situation and have been contending that if the House rates on pig lead and bullion were retained no differential were allowed in favor of bullion, that the American market would be swamped with Mexican bullion, and that the pig lead industry of this country, which forms the basis of the white lead factories, would be destroyed.

* * *

Aldrich Expects To Win.

Senator Aldrich expressed confidence tonight that he will win on the test vote to-morrow morning and it is likely that he will. However, the insurgents say that even should this be true it will not affect certain other schedules. Senator Dolliver, for instance, said to-day that on the wool schedule he is very hopeful of reducing the present committee rates. The Iowa Senator does not admit that the organization majority of six the other day represents the minimum majority. The Senator added that as the debate went on he felt confident that public opinion would make itself felt and a better bill would be forthcoming than now seems possible.

The session of the Senate was begun today with a speech by Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, who commented upon the policy of protection and referred to distinctions between a protective tariff and a tariff for revenue only.

The promise of the Republican party, Mr. Clapp declared, was that the tariff should be revised downward, and he asserted that promise had been made in response to a positive demand. He said the position on the part of the protective interests was that "we should let well enough alone," and on the part of the consumers that "the tariff should be revised."

Declaring that if Congress should fail now to lower the tariff rates the Democratic party would be put in position to so revise it two years hence, Mr. Clapp said he did not wish to use threats, but merely to tell the truth.

"The American people," he added, "have determined upon this revision downward, and anything else will disappoint them. It may be in your power," he said, as he faced the Republican Senators, "to act contrary to the wishes of the people; but, so sure as you do, two years from now this tariff will be revised, not by the friends of protection, but by the enemies of protection."

* * *

Bristow Fights Hard.

Resuming his opposition to levying any duty on pig lead in addition to the duty of 1½ cents a pound provided for the lead in ore by the tariff bill as passed by the House, Mr. Bristow declared that it costs no more to make pig lead in this country than abroad. Mr. Bristow was interrupted by Senators Aldrich, Heyburn, Borah, Smoot, Sutherland and others, all contending that the labor cost in producing lead was enough greater than abroad to justify the differential of ¾ cent per pound as proposed by the Committee on Finance. Mr. Bristow said he would offer no opposition to the proposed duty on lead in ore because of conditions, but protested against any additional duty on pig lead, the product of this ore.

There was a fair prospect of reaching a vote on the lead schedule, when Senator Bacon took the floor and proceeded to discuss the general principles of the protective tariff system. He declared that, by a conservative estimate for every dollar collected at the customhouses of the country, $7 is placed as a burden upon the people in the way of increased prices of the articles they consume, compared to what they would pay if there were no duty. So that, to raise $300,000,000, results in a burden of about $2,000,000,000 on the American people. If the benefits of this system, he said, could be distributed equally to the people who have to pay the increases there would be greater justice in it, but he contended that the benefits go entirely to the producers of the articles affected. Mr. Bacon declared that under a tariff for revenue only a duty equal to 25 or 30 per cent. ad valorem would be necessary to support the Government, which would reduce the $2,000,000,000 to the extent of about one-fourth.

Mr. Bacon especially criticised the woolen schedule as providing excessive rates.

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La Follette Withdraws Vote.

Senator La Follette read from a newspaper a statement of an agreement among the lead interests of the world by which they were assured of harmonious action in the matter of fixing prices. The statement also declared that the Guggenheims and other great lead producers and manufacturers were included in the combination. Mr. La Follette then said that some years ago he had acquired lead and zinc ore-producing property in Wisconsin, and for that reason would withdraw his vote on the lead schedule.

Just before the Senate adjourned a vote was taken on committee amendments to Section 179, the effect of which was only to fix the duty on lead contained in lead-bearing ore at 1½ cents a pound, which was the amount carried in the bill as passed by the House of Representatives, and the amendment was agreed to by a vote of 53 to 19. This was a party vote, except that Senator Hughes, of Colorado, and Senator McEnery, of Louisiana, voted in the affirmative. This paragraph was not the subject of opposition by low-tariff Republicans, who have directed their opposition to the increase of the House rates on pig lead and the products of lead.

Presidential Nominations.

President Taft to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Gustavus L. Monroe, Jr., of Mississippi, to be secretary of the legation at San Jose, Costa Rica.

A. Campbell Turner, of Missouri, to be second secretary, and Charles E. Curtiss, of New York, to be third secretary of embassy at Constantinople.

BULLISH CROP REPORT BRINGS RISE IN WHEAT

DEFERRED FUTURES SHOW GREATEST EFFECTS OF NEWS.

JULY CLOSES WITH NET GAIN OF 1-4 CENT.

FLUCTUATION AT NEW YORK.

Chicago, May 7.—Wheat prices advanced sharply in a new quarter—the deferred futures—on the Board of Trade to-day, following the publication of the crop report. December wheat closed 2¾c over yesterday, at $1.07⅞, and September 2⅝c up, at $1.08¼@1.08⅝. July regained an early loss, but closed with a net gain of only ¼c.

The crop report struck the Board of Trade to-day when prices were sagging and caused a sharp rally. July, which in July wheat, of 2¼c in September and 2⅜c in December from their respective low points.

Speculators had anticipated a small decrease in acreage and considerable improvement in the condition of the crop, and under early selling, mostly of a profit-taking nature, options dropped down an extreme of 1¼c in December to 2⅝c in July from the best price of the forenoon.

The Government report, showing a decrease of 8.1 per cent. in acreage and a slight betterment in the condition, caused a sharp buying rally, under which the market advanced to the best prices of the day.

Activity was especially noted in the new-crop months, September and December, the former rising to $1.07 and the latter to $1.06⅝.

The May Report.

Washington, May 7.—An average condition of 83.5 per cent. for winter wheat and 88.1 for rye on May 1 last, against a ten-year average on that date of 86 and 89.1, respectively, was announced in today's crop report of the Department of Agriculture.

The area of winter wheat to be harvested was about 2,478,000 acres less, or 8.1 per cent., than the area harvested in 1908, and 2,163,000 acres or 7.2 per cent. less than that sown last fall.

The average condition of winter wheat a month ago was 82.2, and a year ago 89 per cent. Rye averaged 87.2 a month ago, and 90.3 on May 1, 1908.

Rapid Changes At New York.

New York, May 7.—There was a sharp break in July wheat to-day before the announcement of the Government's crop report, on rumors that the figures would be bearish. After having sold earlier in the day at $1.22½, July fell rapidly to $1.20. On the publication of the Government's statement of conditions the traders turned in to buy, and July rose again to $1.22, after which it reacted to $1.21. May held at the upset price of $1.35½ without business.

VIRGINIA MAN NAMED TO SUCCEED CAPERS.

Washington, May 7.—Royall E. Cabel, of Richmond, Va., has been selected to succeed John G. Capers, of South Carolina, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Mr. Capers some weeks ago sent in his resignation, effective July 1. Mr. Capers is very ill.

HAINS MAY GO WAY OF THAW

Lunacy Hearing Probable In Event of Acquittal.

End of the Long-Drawn-Out Trial Approaching.

The State Introduces Three Expert Witnesses.

SAY DEFENDANT IS SANE.

Flushing, N. Y., May 7. — After a breathing spell of two days—to-morrow and Sunday—the Hains trial will reach the beginning of the end. On Monday both sides will sum up, and unless some unforeseen delay arises Justice Garretson will charge the jury Tuesday morning.

Most of to-day's session was taken up with the testimony of the State's three insanity experts. They all expressed the opinion, predicated on the hypothetical question prepared by the prosecution, that Capt. Hains was sane at the time he shot and killed Annis. Mr. McIntyre cross-examined the opposing alienists at length, and he succeeded in drawing the admission from each one of them that the facts as set forth in the defense's hypothetical question included symptoms of acute mania in the appearance and actions of the defendant at the time of the shooting.

The belief prevails that if Capt. Hains is acquitted on the ground of insanity the court may deem it necessary to order a lunacy commission to inquire into his present mental condition. This suggestion —though, of course, it is but a surmise at present—the possibility of Capt. Haines going the way of Harry K. Thaw, to an institution for the criminal insane.

* * *

Interest Stimulated.

Anticipation of further developments regarding the feeling in army circles over the case of Capt. Hains, suggested by yesterday's testimony of army officers called by the prosecution, stimulated interest in to-day's proceedings. When court opened the State still had fifteen witnesses on its list to call in rebuttal. District Attorney Dewitt to-day procured a writ of habeas corpus for the appearance as a witness of John Sheridan, who is serving a sentence in Sing Sing for shooting a man at Far Rockaway. Sheridan was with Capt. Hains in the Queens county jail and observed him for some time subsequent to the shooting.

Dr. Horace G. Houghton, the last witness called by the prosecution yesterday, was cross-examined by Mr. McIntyre when proceedings were resumed to-day. The witness attended Annis on the yacht club float directly after the shooting, and testified yesterday that the Captain's speech and conduct at that time were rational.

"Were you more interested in the dying man or in observing Capt. Hains?" asked Mr. McIntyre. The witness said Capt. Hains was walking up and down the float near him and he had a good opportunity to observe his conduct.

* * *

Appeared Rational.

Merle L. Downs, a member of the Bayside Yacht Club and an eyewitness, testified that he heard the defendant say: "I am the man; I did the shooting. I am Capt. Haines." He said the Captain appeared rational.

Policeman Eugene A. Fallon testified that he saw Capt. Hains at the Flushing police station after the shooting, heard him give his pedigree at the desk and talked with him in his cell. Capt. Hains asked for a pencil and paper and said he wanted to send a telegram to his father. He wrote out the telegram and asked Fallon to send it. The District Attorney put the telegram in evidence. It read:

"Gen. Peter C. Hains, Quarters 15, Fort Hancock, N. J.: Have shot Annis. Come to Flushing police station. "PETER."

The witness described Capt. Hains' appearance and conduct at the time as rational.

* * *

Capt. Hains Wrote the Message.

On cross-examination the witness said Capt. Hains and Thornton, his brother, were in adjoining cells at the police station, and that they had a conversation about sending the telegram, and that Thornton also asked him for paper and a pencil.

It was Capt. Hains, however, the witness said, who sent the message.

Owing to the absence of some of the State's witnesses, Dr. Charles G. Brink, of New York, was called to the witness stand, and Assistant District Attorney Hetherington began to read the prosecution's hypothetical question, consisting of about 5,000 words. The reading of the question occupied about an hour.

Dr. Brink qualified as an expert on mental and nervous diseases. In reply to the hypothetical question, he said Capt. Hains was sane and knew the nature and quality of his act when he shot Annis.

MILL OWNERS MUST SERVE PRISON TERM

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT WILL NOT INTERFERE IN PEONAGE CASES.

Pensacola, Fla., May 7.—W. S. Harlan, manager of the Jackson Lumber Company at Lockhart, Alabama, Robert Gallagher, assistant superintendent, and three of the company's foremen will have to serve terms in the Atlanta Federal prison, to which they were sentenced in the United States Circuit Court here three years ago, on the charge of conspiracy to commit peonage.

The United States Supreme Court, according to telegrams received here to-day by local court officials, has denied the writ of certiorari by which it was sought to have reviewed the decision of the Court of Appeals, which denied a new hearing.

As soon as the mandate of the Supreme Court reaches here the defendants will be taken into custody and carried to Atlanta.

Manager Harlan is one of the most prominent lumbermen of the South, and the mills at Lockhart, where it was alleged foreigners were held as peons, are the largest in this section.

Mr. Harlan is said to be a nephew of Justice Harlan, of the United States Supreme Court.

Victim of Hemorrhages.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Louis V. Warfield, of Clarksville, Tenn., died at St. Joseph's Hospital this evening. He came here on a visit during the races and had a severe hemorrhage from the lungs at the track. He was taken to the hospital and was believed to be improving until he had a relapse to-day and died suddenly. He was a telegraph operator and unmarried. The body will be sent to Clarksville for interment.

CONTINENTAL BUYS BLACK BEAR MINES.

Same Company Plans To Purchase All Coal Lands In Southeastern Kentucky.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 7.—[Special.]—As a step in its plans to bring a large number of rich coal mines of Southeastern Kentucky under one ownership, the Continental Coal Corporation has purchased the famous Black Bear Coal Mining Company and all its holdings from L. A. Ault and other Cincinnati capitalists.

When seen at the offices of the company in the James building to-day, General Manager Patton, of the Continental, said he did not care to make public the price paid for the property, but intimated it was a substantial one. The purchase carries with it the lease of Edward Blake, who has operated the Black Bear for several years. The mine is situated near the property of the Continental, in Bell county, Ky.

A unique feature of the deal was that the purchase carries with it practically the whole town of Black Bear, with its stores and about a hundred dwellings occupied by miners and others.

The mine has a capacity of about 200 tons a day. The Continental is now operating five coal mines in Southeastern Kentucky, and is negotiating for other purchases.

COLLEGE CLASSES DO BATTLE AT CENTRAL

ANNUAL FLAG-RAISING BRINGS BIG CLASH.

SOPHOMORES' RUSH FINALLY OVERPOWERS FRESHMEN.

ROYAL SCRAP ON CAMPUS.

Danville, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The campus of Central University was the scene of one of the hardest fought flag rushes ever waged during the history of the university last night. It is a hereditary custom for the freshman class to raise their flag on a staff on the campus during the spring semester and the sophomore class, disdaining to look upon such action by the first-year men, will always seek to remove it. The date for the rush is always on the exodus of the senior class after the final "exams," about May 15, but the 1912 men seemed to think it was necessary to take time by the forelock, so, accordingly they stealthily stole up the college campus about 8 o'clock last night and raised their banner to the top of the famous old flag mast, about which so many fierce and strenuous class battles have been fought.

Hearing of this nervy action on the part of the freshmen the sophomores were soon assembled in one of the fraternity halls, uptown, and a council of war was held. The first-year men had procured the gymnasium mats and intended to spend the night guarding their emblem and getting their rest by sleeping upon the mats on the campus. A crowd of sophomores, about thirty strong, went to the campus about 9 o'clock and upon their arrival the defenders of the flag prepared for battle, but were soon left in a quandary upon the departure of their opponents without a pretense of an attack being made.

Believing that no attack would be made prior to morning, the "freshies" reposed themselves upon their mats after stationing pickets and expected a delightful night of rest. All was well until about 3 o'clock in the morning, when one of the freshmen pickets discovered the entire sophomore class approaching at a double-quick time from the rear of the campus. They were formed in a column of five abreast, with the big fellows in the lead. When in about fifty feet of the pole the attackers formed a semicircle, never slowing up. The freshman class, which outnumbered the sophomores, were awaiting in readiness for the attack and when they met one thought of real warfare, rather than a flag rush on account of the fierceness and the vim of the onslaught.

The contest was waged hotly until about 6 o'clock, when the second-year men finally conquered and tore the freshman flag from its vaulted perch. It appeared at one time if the freshmen would win, as they had at one stage of the fight secured several of the sophomores' best men and had tied them securely to nearby trees, but other fellow-classmen of the victims, seeing their plight, finally released them. The freshmen put up one of the gamest and most persistent scraps ever witnessed on the campus, but they were finally worn out by their opponents, who were superior in weight and on the average in strength. The result of the rush was that the first-year men found themselves at the end of the fight bound hand and foot and laid face down on the floor of a room on the third floor of the gymnasium and securely imprisoned. There were not many spectators to this event, as no rumor of its occurrence was heralded around the town and there were many disappointed fellows this morning when the news of the fight was told.

DEATH BRINGS END

TO BRADFORD SHINKLE, A WEALTHY COVINGTON CITIZEN.

Interested In Many Ohio Corporations and Widely Known On Western Rivers.

Covington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Bradford Shinkle died this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the residence on East Second street. His end came peacefully and was not unexpected. Mrs. Shinkle, the son, Clifford, and Daniel Hemingray, brother-in-law, were at the bedside.

Mr. Shinkle was president of the Suspension Bridge Company for the past fifteen years, president of the Champion Ice Company and a director in the Ice Delivery Company, Cincinnati. He was a director of the First National Bank, Covington, and also of the Fifth-Third National, Cincinnati. He was connected with the Cincinnati Tobacco Company, with the Shinkle, Wilson & Kreis Company, of which he was one of the founders, and with several other large business enterprises. He was president of the board of trustees of the Protestant Children's Home and a member of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

A part of his education was obtained at Center College, Danville. When a young man he spent some time on the river as clerk on one of his father's many steamers. He was on the steamer Mayflower at the time it blew up, and it was in this explosion that the sight of one eye was destroyed.

He was 64 years old and is survived by a widow, Clifford Shinkle and Mrs. Dr. Cross, children of his first wife, and Bradford Shinkle, Jr., the child of the present Mrs. Shinkle. Both his first and second wives were sisters of Dan C. Hemingray.

CANNON CELEBRATES SEVENTY-THIRD BIRTHDAY.

Washington, May 7.—Joseph Gurney Cannon, Speaker of the House of Representatives, more familiarly known as "Uncle Joe," to-day reached the 73d milestone in his active career, mostly spent in public life.

Reminiscent and epigrammatic, as usual, Mr. Cannon received the congratulations and good wishes of his friends and political enemies in his office at the Capitol, where he remained throughout the greater portion of the day.

The Republican members from North Carolina, where the Speaker was born in 1836, presented him with an unusually large dipper made of a gourd from the "Tarheel" State.

TWO CONCERTS RANK SUPERB

Symphony In Afternoon; Cantata At Night.

Germaine Schnitzer Repeats Her Triumphs.

Chorus Glorifies Director Gookins' Training.

FREMSTAD FOR TO-NIGHT.

FESTIVAL PROGRAMME.

Children's Concert.
SATURDAY MATINEE, MAY 8.
Overture—Mignon .....Thomas
Orchestra
Into the World .....Benoit
Cantata for Children's Chorus and Orchestra. Conducted by Miss Caroline Bourgard
Toreador Song from Carmen..Bizet
Mr. Holmquist
Overture—Rienzi .....Wagner
Orchestra
Chorus of Peace—Messengers from Rienzi .....Wagner
Quartet, Children's Chorus and Orchestra
Introduction and Bridal Chorus from Lohengrin ..Wagner
Waltz—The Beautiful Blue Danube .....Strauss
Orchestra
America .....
Children's Chorus and Orchestra.
Farewell Concert.
SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 8.
Feast of the House of Capulet (from Romeo and Juliet) .....Berlioz
Orchestra.
Aria of "Dich Theure Halle," from Tannhauser .....Wagner
Mme. Fremstad and Orchestra.
The Bride of Dunkerron (Irish Romance) .....Smart
Mme. Kelsey. Messrs. Miller and Holmquist. Chorus and Orchestra; Mr. Gookins, conductor.
La Fille De Cavix.....Debibes
(a) Legend; (b) Waltz—From Suite for Strings.Tschaikowsky
Liebestod from "Tristan and Isolde" .....Wagner
Mme. Fremstad and Orchestra.

To the lovers of music, the Louisville May

Shady Shades

That shade well, work easy and wear well.

We use only best sorts of shade cloth—Brenlin. 35c starts our prices on Window Shades.

Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums, Curtains, Oilcloths and Upholstery Goods.

Fourth Floor.

John P. Lewis Co. (Incorporated)

$10 TO $300 SOLITAIRES.
A large choice lot of perfectly-cut stones to select from, recently purchased for cash. We invite your inspection. Prices the lowest.

Jas. K. Lemon & Son
(Incorporated.)
411 FOURTH AVE.

extent a recapitulation of the other two. The work is one which would repay much study and repeated hearings.

* * *

Mr. Miller Makes New Friends.

The second number introduced Reed Miller, the celebrated tenor, who established himself in renewed favor with the Louisville public by his superb rendition of the "Love Song" from "Die Walkure." Mr. Miller is an artist by talent and training, and is especially happy in the singing to Wagner, for which his voice is peculiarly suited.

The appearance of Miss Germaine Schnitzer was the signal for an outburst of applause, showing that her appearance three years ago, when she created a sensation by her playing, had not escaped the Woman's Club, was not forgotten. Press tributes to her fame also have preceded her.

This young girl—now about 22—graduated at the Paris Conservatoire at the age of 14, was later the pupil of Isidore Pugno, and is now generally conceded the greatest of women pianists. Some would even omit the limiting word, preferring her interpretations to those of the once called peerless Paderewski. Her number was the Liszt E flat concerto for piano with orchestra, a work calling for tremendous technique and masterly mental grasp. To Miss Schnitzer these difficulties were as playthings, or so they seemed, and when there is said only the highest in the artist's book of attainments has been written. For Germaine Schnitzer has the soul of an artist, a temperament which inspires every note that she strikes and sends it here and there to every hearer's heart. The concerto was clearly and intimately described upon the analytical programme, affording substantial aid in its appreciation to those to whom it was not familiar.

Miss Schnitzer responded to an enthusiastic encore with a splendid modern "Toccata" by Saint Saens, in which the same remarkable execution before evidenced was again apparent, and in some respects this number was even more representative of the artist's personality than the concerto.

The Dvorak overture, "Carneval," was a popular orchestral number, with its gay rattle of tamborines and ever-present oriental color, affording a relief from the heavier music preceding.

The announcement that Mr. Miller would sing the Prize Song from "Der Meistersinger" instead of the less familiar air of Tschaikowsky was welcomed with vociferous approval, which the result fully justified.

The closing number was "Espana" (Spanish Rhapsody), by Chaubrier, a composition which has met with overwhelming success, being of a brilliant and popular, though highly original character. The work of Mr. Damrosch and the orchestra received enthusiastic tributes throughout the afternoon, and especially at the close of the programme.

BRILLIANT AUDIENCE

Hears Death of Minnehaha Sung Last Night.

A brilliant and only partially tardy audience greeted the festival's second evening, which was designated "Popular" night. One of the most beautiful and celebrated overtures ever written, the very flower of Mendelssohn's genius, "Fingal's Cave," was the lost pearl to the late arrivals on this occasion. This music describes the composer's impression of a certain sea voyage, and there is throughout the undulation of waves, the calling of gulls, the breath of the salt sea, the wonder of strange sights. No more beautiful number has been played by Mr. Damrosch's impeccable orchestra.

The chorus was again in evidence, and with the orchestra and Mme. Kelsey and Mr. Holmquist as soloists, rendered "The Death of Minnehaha," by Coleridge Taylor This work is one of the most intense pathos, of sentiment, with the music following every mood. The themes are clear and the whole work is characterized by an appealing simplicity and directness, corresponding to the primitive character of the story. The work of the chorus was good, the magic baton of Mr. Damrosch sustaining and inspiring all. Mr. Holmquist's excellent bass voice was heard to advantage in the solos ascribed to Hiawatha, while the words of Minnehaha and several lines descriptive of the grief of Hiawatha were sung by Mme. Kelsey in a manner that inspired more than admiration—it came near to bringing tears.

The rhythm of Longfellow's lines is closely followed by the setting, and so united are the two in sentiment that before a word has been sung one could join in that first shivering, complaining theme given out by orchestra with the appropriate words which are set to it later:

"O the cold and dreary winter."

In like manner is Hiawatha's search for food described in hurrying, eager, desperate, overlapping phrases in the full chorus. This was music which was more than music—it was poetry and history and drama, besides.

Many were eager for the appearance of Mr. Albert Spalding, who was heard for the first time in a concerto for violin and orchestra, and to whom so many exalted tributes have been paid. His solo was a concerto for violin, by Saint Saens, accompanied by the orchestra. In a remarkably clear and brilliant tone, in bowing so smooth and easy as to seem magical, and in a perfect understanding and adequate interpretation of this composition, Mr. Spalding fully equaled the large things which were expected of him. He responded to an encore with a brilliant self-accompanied solo.

The reappearance of Mme. Kelsey—she who was born to be a singer and has learned the best way to do it—was heralded by expressions of pleasure from the house. She sang Cherubino's air from Figaro's "Wedding" with fine effect, and responded to an encore with an Italian air. Mr. Damrosch accompanying at the piano.

The evening's programme was closed by a "Theme and Variations from Suite No. 3," by Tschaikowsky. It is said of this composition that "the theme is characteristically Russian and the variations give almost every orchestral group a chance for a display of brilliancy and virtuosity." This was especially true of the orchestra's first violin, which had a brilliant cadenza and solo passage. The music was stormy and passionate, informed with the restless and martial Russian spirit. In this number and in "Les Preludes," by Liszt, which took the place of "The Pied Piper of Hamelin" upon the programme, the power and unity of the orchestra were beyond praise.

A. L. H.

LOVING CUP FOR RICCARDO MARTIN

PRESENTED TO TALENTED KENTUCKIAN AT RECEPTION IN HIS HONOR.

Riccardo Martin, the Kentucky tenor, who was the hero of an ovation on Thursday evening at the opening concert of the May Music Festival, was even more of a celebrity yesterday, although as far as singing went he confined his efforts to making part of an "Old Kentucky Home" chorus. He was given a reception at The Seelbach, at which he was presented by Gov. Willson with a loving cup on behalf of the music lovers of Louisville, and a little later realized a dream that he had long cherished, when he was given a sure-enough Kentucky dinner, which included cornbread, greens and jowl, fried chicken, bacon and cracklins, buttermilk and pie. Oh, yes; there was a mint julep, or, rather, several of them, and they came up to expectations.

The reception was held on the parlor floor of The Seelbach. It began at noon and lasted until 1 o'clock. It was thoroughly informal and generally enjoyable. Besides Gov. Willson, many other prominent men attended. Among those who were there are: President P. W. Keiser and Secretary A. T. Macdonald, of the Commercial Club; M. M. Taylor, president, and T. E. Basham and Levi Bloom, vice presidents of the May Music Festival Society; Andrew Broaddus, secretary-treasurer of the festival society; Albert Bruce Bickford, Reckmann, R. Lee Callahan, Peter Schlicht, Carl Shackelton, Douglas Webb, Harry Pfingst and many others. There were woman present in numbers, and they were enthusiastically "for" Mr. Martin.

In the midst of the handshaking and conversation, Gov. Willson was introduced to Mr. Martin and told that he had something to say to him. The Governor, after assuring everybody that the chairs arranged around the wall, said that the State was proud of the place in music that Mr. Martin had won, and that he realized that it took hard work as well as much talent to accomplish what he had done. He said that, on behalf of the music lovers of the city, he wanted to present him with a remembrance of his visit here, and extended to him a beautiful silver loving cup.

* * *

Taken By Surprise.

The great tenor was taken entirely by surprise, and almost overcome, but he soon proved that he has real Kentucky blood in his veins by making a rattling good speech, in which he thanked the Governor and the mayor for the reception and told them that it was the greatest event of his life. Then Gov. Willson started singing "My Old Kentucky Home," everybody joined in, and there was a regular jubilation for several minutes.

There was a fine spirit pervading the entire affair, and both Mr. and Mrs. Martin, the latter of whom shared the honors paid her husband, were left to the full.

Douglas Webb was the host at the Tavern Club dinner, at which several of the Commercial Club committee which had charge of the reception were present, together with Mrs. Andrew Broaddus, Mrs. R. L. Callahan and her daughter and Marvin H. Lewis, who knew Mr. Martin when they were boys together at Hopkinsville. The luncheon was delightfully served, and from cornbread to mint julepa it was just such as Mr. Martin said he had been wanting.

The singer and his wife finding that it was necessary to reach New York before Monday, left yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock for the East. They regretted very much that they could not accept an invitation extended them by a delegation of Hopkinsville citizens, but promised to pay a long visit to Kentucky next fall before the grand opera season begins.

NOTED TENOR AND CONTRALTO TO WED

SOLOISTS IN MAY MUSIC FESTIVAL HAVE ANNOUNCED THEIR ENGAGEMENT.

Reed Miller, the noted tenor, and Nevada Van der Veer, contralto, who have been soloists with the New York Symphony Orchestra during the festival season, are to be married. Announcement of the engagement was made yesterday and produced a ripple of interest among the friends of the singers, both of whom, especially Mr. Miller, are well known.

Though it has been understood that there was an "entente cordiale" existing between the two, it was not known until the announcement that they were engaged. This fact is expected to add interest to the two remaining concerts of the May Music Festival at the Armory, as they sing at both of them.

It is said that Walter Damrosch, conductor of the festival, under whose paternal eye the two have sung for several weeks together, has said officially, "Bless you, my children."

NOT DRUGS

Food Did It.

After using laxative and cathartic medicines from childhood a case of chronic and apparently incurable constipation yielded to the scientific food, Grape-Nuts, in a few days.

"From early childhood I suffered with such terrible constipation that I had to use laxatives continuously, going from one drug to another and suffering more or less all the time.

"A prominent physician whom I consulted told me the muscles of the digestive organs were partially paralyzed and could not perform their work without help of some kind, so I have tried at different times about every laxative and cathartic known, but found no help that was at all permanent. I had finally become discouraged and had given up my case up as hopeless when I began to use the pre-digested food, Grape-Nuts.

"Although I had not expected this food to help my trouble, to my great surprise Grape-Nuts digested immediately from the first and in a few days I was convinced that this was just what my system needed.

"The bowels performed their functions regularly and I am now completely and permanently cured of this awful trouble.

"Truly the power of scientific food must be unlimited." "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

'MARRYING MINISTER" CALLED TO ACCOUNT.

The Rev. Napoleon Carlisle, of Covington, Must Show Connection With Some Church.

Ludlow, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—A large crowd gathered in the courtroom when the case against the Rev. Napoleon Carlisle, of Covington, was called. For many years the Rev. Mr. Carlisle has been known as the "Marrying Minister," and has married hundreds of couples. A few days ago charges were brought against him by Edward Reed, a Bible salesman, that he was not in good standing with any church, and therefore could not legally perform the marriage service.

The Rev. Mr. Carlisle claimed that he was connected with the Wilmington Baptist Association, but the clerk of that association reported that owing to some differences of opinion his name had been dropped from the roll of the association several years ago.

The court continued the case until June 7, when the minister must show his proper connection with some ecclesiastical body.

Charged With Shortage.

Decatur, Ala., May 7.—[Special.]—Postmaster William A. Warner, of New Decatur, was arrested to-day on an indictment found by the Federal grand jury at Huntsville, charging him with shortages in his accounts. He was taken to Huntsville.

OPPOSES CHANGE

Proposed In Interstate Commerce Act.

HEPBURN BELIEVES COMMISSION SHOULD BE LEFT ALONE.

ADDITION OF SEVERAL MEMBERS MIGHT HELP.

MONTHS BEHIND IN ITS WORK.

Washington, May 7.—[Special.]—Former Representative W. P. Hepburn, of Iowa, once chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, believes that Congress will be slow to change the interstate commerce law in such fashion as to give the administrative functions now exercised by the commission to some other department of the Government. Hepburn's name is attached to the rate law and no man in Washington is more familiar with the legislation relating to trade between States.

Just now the Administration is giving a good deal of attention to the question of amending the law, and one plan which the President is seriously considering is to turn over to the Department of Commerce and Labor the administrative functions of the commission, leaving that body only quasi-judicial duties.

"None of the plans which has been called to my attention is entirely satisfactory," said Col. Hepburn. "I can see that serious trouble might arise if the administrative duties of the commission were turned over to another body. Something will have to be done to remedy the present situation. The commission is to-day months behind in its work. In my opinion it should be enlarged. I think that plan should be tried first."

Col. Hepburn believes that the law as it stands to-day is in most respects strong enough to guard the interests of shippers. What it needs is enforcement and he believes that if the body was enlarged, say to nine members, it might be enabled to catch up with its work. Particularly does he doubt the wisdom of converting it into a court.

* * *

Should Not Be a Court.

"I have always contended," he said, "that the commission should be kept as far as possible from the idea that it is a court. It should be primarily what its name indicates it is, a commission. Its duties should be in the main administrative. At times it has to hear and decide cases, of course."

He takes the view that to have the administrative and the quasi-judicial functions separated, with one body administering and the other passing judgment, might lead to confusion, to working at cross-purposes and to a weakening of Government regulation.

Touching on the recent Supreme Court decision in the commodities case, Col. Hepburn said he thought the interpretation was just about what Congress expected when it passed the law. He thinks it was not the intention of Congress to extend the prohibition against railroads carrying coal of corporations in which they had stock interest. Consequently, he thinks Congress will be slow to enact anything further than the amendments just introduced in the Senate and House, extending prohibitions of the commodities clause.

* * *

Republican Plans.

White supremacy along the lines indicated in President Taft's inaugural address when he said the negro shall not hold public office in communities where it arouses public dissent, local option with protection of the "dry" territory from the "wet" and high licenses in the city, abolition of the poll tax as a prerequisite to voting, a better system of taxation and the election of State corporation commissioners by the people will be the principal features of the Republican platform to be adopted in Virginia at the Newport News convention next July, according to the opinion of Representative Bascom Slemp, of the Ninth Virginia district and chairman of the Republican State committee.

Following his interview with the President at the White House, Mr. Slemp said that the President regards the election in Virginia this year as of great importance, as it is the only one to be held this year in the Southern States. It was with this in view that he has selected the Commissioner of Internal Revenue from Virginia.

* * *

Langley's Recommendations.

Representative Langley, of the Tenth Kentucky district, has recommended the appointment of the following postmasters:

Elic Johnson, Elite, Floyd county; Miss Annie Layne, Layneville, Floyd county; Miss Polly Francis, Bark, Knott county; Robert Hall, Pig, Knott county; Sarah A. Sandlin, Doe Creek, Estill county; Mrs. Bertha L. Stratton, Ivel, Floyd county.

* * *

Commerce Decreases.

Measured in values of merchandise imported and exported, as compared with those of a year ago, trade conditions in practically all sections of the commercial world show a decline, according to the report of the Bureau of Statistics, issued to-day.

"This fall in the value of imports and exports of the principal countries of the world," says the report, "is probably due in part to lower prices of the principal articles forming commerce. While it cannot, of course, be said that 1909 prices are lower in every article than those of 1908, the figures indicate lower prices in foreign countries in many of the principal articles forming our own import trade, and also a fall in price of certain important articles of our own export trade."

"On the export side," the report continues, "among the principal articles of export from the United States raw cotton shows a decrease from seven cents per pound in March, 1908 to nine and one-half cents per pound in March, and sharp declines were made in steel rails, pig iron, cotton cloth, unbleached; canned salmon, rosin, turpentine, mineral oil, refined illuminating oil."

* * *

Meyer On Inspection Trip.

On board the dispatch boat Dolphin, Secretary Mayer, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Mayer and a small party, left here late to-day for Aannapolis, where to-morrow the Secretary will make an inspection of the Naval Academy. Late in the afternoon they will witness the boat race.

The party will leave on the Dolphin tomorrow evening for Fort Monroe, where the Secretary will land on Sunday. On Monday the Secretary will visit the Norfolk navy yard to inspect the work there and familiarize himself with the working of the new scheme of navy yard administration. The Secretary will return to Washington on Tuesday morning.

* * *

Controversy Settled.

Acting Secretary Oliver of the War Department has settled the long-pending controversy over the construction of a dam across the French Broad River near Knoxville, Tenn., by deciding that the navigable portions of that river lie wholly within the State of Tennessee, and that the State charter of the French Broad River Power Company is sufficient authority to construct the dam.

* * *

Will Try To Force Vote.

Attempts will be made by the Democrats next week to force Senator Aldrich to agree to an early date for taking a vote on the income tax. There is a suspicion that the President and the Rhode Island boss want to delay the income tax vote as long as possible in order to win votes against it.

UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE WINS ANNUAL DEBATE.

Bristol, Va., May 7.—In annual debate to-night the University of Tennessee's team triumphed over Washington and Lee, of Virginia, giving Tennessee two of the three decisions rendered between representatives of the two institutions during the past two years. Washington and Lee was represented by W. E. Dameron, of Texas, and W. T. Deaplane, of Maryland, and Tennessee by F. C. Lowry, of Tennessee, and H. G. Fowler, of Knoxville.

OPEN SALOONS BETTER THAN THE "LID CLUBS."

Gov. Hadley So Declares In Special Message To the Missouri Legislature.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 7.—"It is better that the law providing for the closing of the saloons on Sunday should be repealed and the sale of intoxicating liquors should be transferred from the unlicensed and unregulated "lid clubs" to the licensed and regulated saloon, than that present conditions should continue."

This was the expression used by Gov. Hadley in a special message to the Missouri Legislature to-day in an effort to obtain the enactment of a law requiring a State license for the sale of intoxicants in social clubs throughout the State. The executive asserts that opposition to the measure from reputable social clubs has aided the organization in the Senate and had thus aided the organization in the larger cities of clubs, which existed primarily for the purpose of breaking the Sunday-closing law.

The Governor declared that the absence of a license law left the police without adequate resource against the disreputable clubs and added that the onus of this condition must rest upon the general assembly until regulating statutes asked are provided.

KNOW NOTHING OF TURPENTINE TRUST

OFFICIALS OF NAVAL STORES COMPANY ON STAND.

CHAIRMAN SHOTTER DEEPLY VERSED IN DETAILS.

NOT NATURALIZED CITIZEN.

Savannah, Ga., May 7.—In the trial of the American Naval Stores Company in the United States Court to-day L. M. Lehardy, of Savannah, a cotton factor, testified that it was customary to regrade cotton when it reached the warehouse yards. On cross-examination he said there were no bonded or sworn inspectors of cotton as of naval stares. J. H. Tyson, of Jacksonville, custodian of the yards controlled by the American Naval Stores Company there, testified to the orderly conduct of the yards and said he never had received instructions to do anything unfair.

Carl Moller, of Jacksonville, manager of the National Tank and Transportation Company, a subsidiary of the American Naval Stores Company and one of the defendants in the suit, testified about the experiment at Jacksonville of heating turpentine. He said the expansion was temporary and of no value. The witness knew nothing of a monopoly or conspiracy. E. S. Shotter, vice president of the American Naval Stores Company, denied being connected with any scheme in restraint of trade or with any monopoly.

Spencer P. Shotter, chairman of the board of directors of the American Naval Stores Company and the largest naval stores producer in the world, according to his own statement, was called to the stand.

Mr. Shotter displayed an intimate knowledge of even minute details of the corporation's work. He stated, and the statement caused surprise, that he is not a citizen of the United States, though he has resided in Savannah for thirty years and has never taken out his papers. He said he was born in Canada and is yet a subject of the British King.

Mr. Shotter told of the contracts between his corporation and the Consolidated Naval Stores Company and the West, Flynn & Harris Co., about which so much has been said during the trial. He stated that Walter F. Conchman, vice president of the Consolidated, expressed himself as gratified with the contract when it was signed. Mr. Shotter said that the storage charges made by the American was the consideration the American received for purchasing naval stores in Jacksonville, Fla. He stated that Jacksonville has not sufficient water to permit of loading large steamers for shipments abroad and the American needed the storage charges paid by the West, Flynn & Harris Co., as compensation for the extra haul from which the American had to pay transportation charges to Fernandina, the nearest exporting point.

Mr. Shotter said he did as large a business as he could legitimately. He said he had always had 400 or 500 customers and that complaints from them had been few. He said that since the trial has been in progress 400 or 500 letters of sympathy had been received by the American. One of these letters, he said, came from Proctor & Gamble, whom a witness for the prosecution had stated had been served with "up graded" rosin in American filled orders.

Mr. Shotter stated that he was indicted in 1899 for violating the interstate commerce laws and that he pleaded guilty and was fined, but that he shouldered the blame of some one else for something that had occurred before the American Naval Stores Company was organized.

NAMES COMMITTEE

TO PROBE INTO METHODS OF ALLEGED CROOKED BONDSMEN.

Judge McGee Writes Letter of Instructions, Which Will Be Read To-day.

Attorneys Joseph Conkling, Allen Kinney and W. Wright, colored, were appointed members of a committee by Judge McGee, of the Police Court, to investigate the methods of men who have been giving alleged "straw" bonds and any other objectionable practices that may be brought to their attention. The hints at irregularities were made by Attorney Ross, colored, several days ago. Judge McGee appointed Ike E. Black, colored, as one of the committee, but he asked to be excused. The following instructions were prepared last night by Judge McGee and will be read to the committee this morning:

"Messrs. Kinney, Wright and Conkling, Committee—Gentlemen: You will please investigate the records of the Clerk's office, the Bailiff's office and the Bond Commissioner's office and report to me any persons who have gone on bonds in Police Court cases during the past six months who are not worth in real estate of record the amount they stood for as surety in such bonds; also report if excessive charges or any charges are being made for going on bonds, and how these charges, if any, range. And any other information in the premises you may think pertinent, make such suggestions and recommendations as you may deem advisable upon the conditions as you find them. You will, of course, have access to the papers and records in the offices of the Clerk, Bailiff and Bond Commissioner. J. WHEELER McGEE."

STATUE OF LONGFELLOW UNVEILED AT WASHINGTON.

Grandchild of the Poet Pulls Silken Cord That Reveals the Sculptor's Work.

Washington, May 7.—The nations of the world, through their diplomatic representatives, to-day joined with America in paying tribute to the memory of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, when a statue to "America's most popular poet" was unveiled in the fashionable center of the national capital.

Assembled to honor the life and memory of the poet, in addition to the members of the diplomatic corps, were Attorney General Wickersham, the personal representative of President Taft, many distinguished in letters, and many of the descendants of Longfellow.

A feature of the exercises was that the grandchild of the poet, Erica Thorpe, of Cambridge, Mass., pulled the silken cord which unveiled the statue.

FINAL PLEA

Made For Rectified Whisky Men by Hough.

CALLS "STRAIGHT" MEN BEGGARS ON HORSEBACK.

CARLISLE AND TAYLOR WILL CLOSE ARGUMENT

BEFORE SOLICITOR GENERAL.

Washington, May 7.—[Special.]—The last "say" for the rectifiers was made today before the Solicitor General by W. M. Hough, E. W. Taylor, Jr., and John G. Carlisle will sum up for the straight whisky men to-morrow, after which the celebrated case will be closed.

"What is whisky?" asked Mr. Hough, in commencing his argument. "It may be better stated for the purpose of this hearing by an inclusive definition than by an exclusive definition. According to the weight of evidence, all distilled spirits from grain, as commercially produced, of the proper potable alcoholic strength, is whisky. The expression, 'as commercially produced,' excludes a distilled spirit which contains all the secondary and congeneric substances produced during the fermentation, and which are volatile at the temperature at which distillation is carried on. It also excludes those distilled spirits which contain none of those substances, and are, therefore, simply ethyl alcohol, because neither of those spirits is 'commercially produced.' It is, therefore, unnecessary to consider whether either might, could, would or should be regarded as whisky, treated or untreated."

Mr. Hough asserted that the chemical testimony which had been introduced regarding the quantities of fusel oil and other secondary products in various whiskies could be disregarded so far as the identity of any particular whisky was concerned, because it had been conclusively shown that there was no relationship between analytical character and the flavor of a whisky.

* * *

Special Brands Imitated.

"Literally, evidence to the effect that particular whiskies have been imitated," he continued, "may also be disregarded, because the fact that a special type or brand of whisky has been imitated by treating another type of whisky, does not establish that any potable grain spirit is an imitation of whisky, generically considered. A distilled spirit must be regarded as a whisky, regardless of analysis, if produced from a source from which whisky is produced, and if it has a distinct flavor known to consumers as accompanying a whisky. There is no distinct flavor of whisky. The flavors are as numerous as the producers which have been used from time to time to produce the whiskies of particular countries and classes of consumers."

Declaring that more people would recognize as whisky the refined and purified product of rectification than would accept the unpurified product, Mr. Hough pointed out that 90 per cent. of the consumers had used whiskies from which a part of the congeners had been removed and to which by various processes color and flavor had been added. He said that this great majority of consumers were entitled to continue to receive under the name of "whisky" the article which they preferred.

Referring to Morewood's work on distilled spirits, and to other old technical authorities, Mr. Hough asserted that prior to 1835 no whisky had been used which had been subjected to rectification and purification, and colored and flavored by rectifiers. Coming down to the enactment of the internal revenue laws in the United States, Mr. Hough stated that tax had been imposed on the several steps of producing and marketing whisky, including the distillation and the rectification, as they had been conducted prior to that time. It had then been the practice, he said, for the distiller to manufacture what was called in the first law "raw spirits," which were thereafter sold to the rectifiers for purification and manufacture into whisky.

* * *

Revenue Laws Caused Change.

"The revenue laws caused some change," said Mr. Hough. "It was natural for the distillers to attempt to save tax, and one has first tried to save in some districts was the rectifiers' tax. They aged their spirits in charred oak barrels, removing the raw smell of the fusel oil, and then selling the spirits as whisky in competition with the rectifiers, who, by leaching and redistilling the raw spirits, made the refined article which had been always considered as whisky."

Mr. Hough discussed the regulation adopted in 1869, which permitted the rectification in bonded warehouses. They return rectified to the distilleries, where hitherto it had been unlawful to perform the process of rectification. This regulation, he said, gave way in 1872 to the act which permitted distillation and rectification through continuous closed pipes and vessels on the distillery premises. This combination of distillation and rectification made possible the production at one operation in the distillery of the refined spirits now the basis of whisky which had hitherto been made by two processes in separate establishments.

"Millions of dollars were put into these rectifying distilleries," said Mr. Hough. "Capitalists who had feared to invest in a process permissible under the revenue laws only by regulation had their fears removed by the statute. Can any one say that these great investments would have been made if there had been a suggestion at that time that this refined spirit was not whisky? Certainly not, and of course no such suggestion was then made, because practically all the whisky at that time was whisky of that character."

* * *

Kentucky Distillers' Plea.

Continuing on the history of whisky, Mr. Hough said that in 1880 the Kentucky distillers, who were then in the habit of selling rectified whisky by aging their raw spirits for what they claimed was the resulting purification by age, sought in Congress an allowance for evaporation during aging, as at that time they had to pay tax on the amount originally produced before aging.

"On what basis did the Kentucky distillers seek this allowance?" asked Mr. Hough. "It was on the claim that the product of the rectifying distillers was whisky and constituted the far greater part of all consumed in the country. Mr. Carlisle, now representing the Kentucky distillers, was in charge of that bill in Congress, and he agreed with President Garfield, who was also then in Congress, that the refined product was whisky. It was to enable the Kentucky distillers to market their product in competition with the refined article that the allowance was granted, and it was solely on the basis that the refined product was whisky.

"Not until 1899 was there a suggestion that the refined whisky was not entitled to the name. Then the Kentucky distillers having forgotten their indulgence from Congress by way of the bottling in bond law, having secured the right to call their product whisky without rectification, and having secured the allowance of tax on the plea that their whisky was one kind of whisky entitled to compete with the other kind, refined whisky, set up the cry that their whisky was the only real whisky and that no other kind was entitled to the name. They were beggars on horseback. Having gotten on the horse by pleading for a ride, they now in 1899, declared that they alone owned the horse."

* * *

Where Flavor Comes From.

Discussing the flavor of whisky, Mr. Hough said that it has always been due to something added to the spirits, as, for instance, in Scotch whisky, the flavor is secured by peat smoke in the malt, in aged Kentucky whisky by extracts of tar and tanning from burned wood, and in other whiskies by the use of accepted flavors desired by particular communities or classes of consumers. He said that there had always been more or less elimination of the impurities in whisky.

"If science alone does not establish the right of refined spirits to be known as whisky the demand of the public absolutely established it," said Mr. Hough.

"The people who drink the refined whisky continue to drink it. There is in evidence here proof that those who have tried the others during this great controversy have returned to the whisky they had been accustomed to and liked.

"Do distillers invest millions in producing this whisky for their health? No, if there had been no public demand for it, if the consumers had not regarded it as whisky distillers never would have made it; and it is in evidence that 95 per cent. of the whisky consumed is of this character.

* * *

Demand For Refined Whisky.

"After the fullest information to the public during this great controversy and after the Government in one way and another has supported the other contention the public uses this whisky. We have the record of consumbers, who, in deference of the opinion to those supposedly informed, have sought to drink what they were told alone was whisky, have returned to the refined whisky. This campaign of education has caused no man to reject the pure whisky."

Mr. Hough declared that there had never been any concealment in the manufacture of rectified whisky, that the millions invested in its manufacture had been invested openly, and the product made and marketed to the knowledge of all.

Discussing the bearing of the pure food law on whisky, he said: "There may have been misrepsentations as to the age of whisky, and there may have been misrepresentations as to the kind of whisky in the past by dealers. These misrepresentations are prohibited by the pure food law, and for that purpose it is an instrument of good. But who can say that Congress in passing the pure food law intended to deprive 95 per cent. of the whisky of the country of its name whisky. It is whisky, made, sold and consumed as whisky."

* * *

Reads From Record.

In support of this proposition, Mr. Hough read from the debates in Congress at the time the pure food law was being considered, and showed by an amendment, attempting in the interest of the bottled in bond whisky to exclude from the name whisk all other kinds except the straight, had been defeated by a vote of two to one. He further showed that the bottled in bond stamp, as understood by Congress, was no guarantee of purity in any sense of the word.

In concluding, Mr. Hough read from the report of the British Royal Commission on whisky, in which the commission decided that no restriction should be placed upon the use of the name whisky as applied to an article produced from any of the materials or by any of the processes, by which whisky had been made produced in Great Britain. This decision, he said, was upon the very same question in England which is now before the solicitor general.

INDIAN GIVES "COPPERS" ROUGH AND TUMBLE FIGHT.

Comes Near "Cleaning Up" With the "Pale Faces," But Is Finally Landed In Jail.

Firewater applied inwardly, so say the police, caused an unknown Indian to attempt to "clean up" with several "pale face" policemen yesterday afternoon at Eighth and Water streets, near the Seventh-street depot. Patrolman Preston was tol dthat a drunken man lay on the street and he went to arrest him. The Indian, drunk on whisky and with a war bonnet well until the patrol wagon, containing Patrolmen Grainger and two other patrolmen, arrived. War was declared by the Indian and in a few minutes there was a lively mixup.

Workmen, nearby, went to the assistance of the police, and the combined efforts of eight men succeeded in making the Indian a captive. A lasso, which the red man carried about his neck, was used in binding his hands together. The Indian was too drunk to give his name, but it is believed that he arrived on a train from the West yesterday morning. No one was injured during the fight and the Indian now has iron bars for his wigwam, and a charge of being drunk and disorderly is registered opposite his name at the county jail.

WIFE'S CONFESSION BRINGS FREEDOM TO HUSBAND.

Gov. Marshall, of Indiana, Paroles William Welting, of Henry County.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 7.—As a result of his wife's confession of forgery, William Welting, of Henry county, was to-day paroled from the State Penitentiary by Gov. Thomas R. Marshall. Welting and his wife were charged with having raised the figures on a check payable to the former. Welting was sent to prison for a term of two to fourteen years, and his wife's sentence was suspended. The husband, not knowing of his wife's guilt, protested that no crime had been committed. At the last session of the Board of Pardons Mrs. Welting made a complete confession. Her story was investigated before Welting was released.

MEYER ANNOUNCES CHANGES IN THE NAVY.

Washington, May 7.—Secretary Meyer to-day announced the appointment of Rear Admiral William P. Potter chief of the Bureau of Navigation, to take effect July 1. He will succeed Rear Admiral J. E. Pillsbury, retired. Admiral Potter is commander of the Fourth division of the Atlantic battleship fleet.

Announcement also was made of the appointment of Capt. John M. Bowyear, commander of the battleship Connecticut, as superintendent of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, succeeding Capt. Charles J. Badger, who will be assigned to one of the battleships of the Atlantic fleet to take effect after June 4.

PRESIDENT TAFT'S EYE MUCH INFLAMED.

Washington, May 7.—President Taft was compelled to-day to abandon the idea of attending the unveiling of the Longfellow statue in this city owing to a badly inflamed eye, over which he is wearing a light bandage. A gnat or some other small insect flew into Mr. Taft's eye while he was horseback riding Wednesday afternoon. The President attended to business as usual to-day, sitting for two hours with his Cabinet and receiving a large number of visitors.

CUBAN PRESIDENT TO TOUR UNITED STATES.

New Orleans, La., May 7.—Returning to-day from Havana, where he went to investigate health conditions, President Harvey Dillon, of the Louisiana State Board of Health, said that President Gomez, of Cuba, will soon make an extensive tour of the United States, although no definite date has been set. In conversation with Mr. Dillon, the Cuban executive said the health conditions on the island were excellent and that no fear was entertained of yellow fever this summer.

CHARGED WITH VIOLATING SUNDAY CLOSING LAW.

John Rausch, proprietor of a grocery and saloon at 1201 West Magazine street, and Herman Terrand, the colored porter, were arrested yesterday afternoon by Patrolman Cralle on charges of violating the Sunday-closing law. The arrests were made on a warrant sworn out by Nannie Preston, colored, of 1518 West Magazine street. The woman, in her affidavit at the warrant office, stated that she bought a bottle of whisky from Terrand.

Amends Insurance Law.

Albany, N. Y., May 7.—Gov. Hughes tonight signed a bill which amends the insurance law generally. While the bill does not change the limits which have been placed upon the amount of new business which may be taken, its importance, the Governor says, is apparent, as it extends the period over which renewal commissions may be paid from nine to fourteen years.

Enter a General Denial.

Waverly, Tenn., May 7.—The taking of testimony for the defense was begun today in the night rider trial. Fourteen of the defendants were sworn in as witnesses, and a number of them examined. They made a general denial that they had been night riders or had in any way been connected with the various raids in Perry and Humphreys counties.

If there's any one thing of which we are all good judges, it is syrup.

It needs but one taste to recognize the purest and most delicious syrup for table use—

VELVA
Breakfast Syrup

Clear, pure juice of the sugar cane—made right on the plantation—just like they eat in the South. Good on most everything.

For sale at all grocers

PENICK & FORD, LTD.
New Orleans, La.

DELAY OVER RACING BILL FOR HOT SPRINGS, ARK

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 7.—In the face of a lobby and a gallery packed with 100 citizens of Hot Springs, belabeled and boosting for racing and State Fair legislation, the House this morning refused to take up the Wadley bill, providing for the re-establishment of racing at Hot Springs.

The delegation from Hot Springs arrived in Little Rock yesterday afternoon and went directly to the House chamber, but that body had adjourned before the racing bill was called up. The delegates were present in force this morning when the House convened, but not until a late hour in the session did one of the representatives from that county obtain recognition from the Speaker. In a short statement he asked that the bill be allowed to be read a second time, pleading with the enemies of the bill for that much at least, but objections were made by opponents of the measure and a motion to suspend the rules and take up the bill, requiring a two-thirds vote to carry, had to be made. The motion lost on a roll call, 47 to 36.

The delegation then left, the majority returning home this afternoon.

Opponents of the bill this afternoon attempted to adjourn the House until Monday morning, thus cutting off one of the three remaining days of the session and reducing the chances of the bill ever getting to third reading and on final passage, but the attempt was frustrated by friends of the bill and those who wanted to work to-morrow.

HIGH TRIBUTES PAID

TO PEOPLE OF MOUNTAIN SECTIONS OF THE SOUTH.

Speakers At Mission Conference Say They Are Strong-minded, Vigorous and Loyal.

Nashville, Tenn., May 7.—The home department committee of the Board of Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, made its report at to-day's session. Bishop Hoss spoke to this report on the needs of the mountain sections of the South. He was followed by the Rev. Joel I. Davis, who declared that no better investment can be made by the church than the saving and educating of these mountaineers. The Rev. John R. Nelson spoke of the series of education and home mission conferences held in the mountain sections this summer, in which startling disclosures were made. He said that out of the mountains come leaders of thought and life, some of them in this board.

Bishop Hendrix spoke of the mountain problem as one possible of solution. He paid a tribute to the Presbyterians as to their work being wisely done. Dr. Perry, of Holston conference, declared the people of the mountains of Tennessee are the soberest people on the continent. The drinking man is not tolerated among them. They need a better trained ministry. They are law-abiding and vigorous, independent and loyal.

Bishop Atkins spoke of the mountain people in Western North Carolina. He said that much said about these people is thoroughly untrue. Nevertheless, they need the sort of re-enforcement this board is prepared to give them. Dr. Watkins, of Mississippi, also spoke on

DEMOCRATS

Of Fayette County Canvass Votes of Primary.

OFFICIALLY DECLARE LIST OF NOMINATIONS.

LEXINGTON STATE GUARDS MAKE GOOD SHOWING.

STAND RIGIDARMY INSPECTION

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The subcommittee of the Democratic Joint City and County Committee to-day canvassed the votes cast for the various candidates for the nominations for county offices at the primary election held last Tuesday and announced the following official result, there being contests for only three of the nominations:

For County Attorney—George B. Kinkead, 2,083.

For County Assessor—Thomas C. Bradley, 2,131; J. M. Gentry, 1,977; Henry C. Freeman, 99.

For Coroner—P. H. Malloy, 1,500; E. J. Brashear, 1,014; E. J. Henry, 31.

For County Surveyor—J. M. Corbin, 1,885; J. T. Slade, Jr., 757.

For Circuit Judge—George R. Hunt, 2,406; Judge Watts Parker, 1; Simmie Quinn, 1.

For County Judge—Frank A. Bullock, 2,534.

For Sheriff—Ben Freckman, 2,647.

For County Clerk—Theodore Lewis, 2,451.

For Jailer—P. D. Foster, 2,377; R. T. Wallace, 1.

* * *

Descendant of Pioneer Dies.

Massie Bryan, who was formerly a well-known business man of this city, died last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. James Smith, near Georgetown, after having been an invalid for a number of years. Mr. Bryan lived in Lexington for some time before going to Georgetown, but was a native of Jessamine county, having been born and reared at the old Bryan Station family residence, about eight miles out from Lexington on the Nicholasville road. His father was William Bryan, one of the grandsons of William Bryan, who settled Bryan Station. Four children survive Mr. Bryan, they being Mrs. James Smith, of Scott county; Mrs. Philip Beard, of Shelbyville; Massie Bryan, Jr., of Louisville, and Brannon Bryan, of Frankfort. His wife's death occurred last August and Mr. Bryan had since gradually grown weaker.

* * *

Deny Report Sent From Frankfort.

The members of Company C, Kentucky National Guard, and Capt. Charles D. Clay, the inspecting officer for the United States Government, indignantly deny the report sent out from Frankfort that Company C was likely to be mustered out of service on account of the failure of the men to report for inspection and general lack of interest. The company was inspected to-night by Capt. Clay and made an excellent showing, this being the first time that they have been officially summoned for inspection. Capt. Charles D. Clay stated that the report of Company C being liable to discharge was a mistake. He said the Captain was absent Monday night because he had not received instructions and that the report implying lack of interest among the men was untrue.

* * *

Novel Scheme of Shoplifting.

The detectives this afternoon arrested Mandy Lyons and Bertha Lyons, her daughter-in-law, both the women being negroes, on the charge of grand larceny, and investigation of the case showed that the women had worked a novel scheme of shoplifting, by which they had secured a quantity of groceries and clothing from various stores. The two women, with baskets apparently filled with clothes for washing, entered the stores, and, under the pretense of examining goods, slipped a number of articles into their baskets, concealing them under the clothes.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

Miss Louisa Allen died this morning at 8 o'clock at her residence, 636 West Main street, after a long illness of cancer of the stomach. She was 79 years old and for twenty-one years had made her home in this city. She was a member of the Second Presbyterian church and had a wide circle of relatives and friends throughout Central Kentucky.

* * *

Oleika Temple of the Mystic Shriners, of this city, held an elaborate ceremonial session last night at which the following fourteen novices were initiated: G. D. Decourcy Hieronymus, St. Helena; Franklin B. Knoderer, Danville; Sam H. Muir, Nicholasville; Herbert S. Chase, Hamilton, City; Russel B. Matthews, Lexington; Charles N. Smith, Jr., Danville; Samuel H. Kash, Corbin; James P. Lyon, Beattyville; Robert M. Hunter, Nicholasville; William L. Petty, Lexington; Lawrence H. Ward, Lexington; Wilbert H. Roman, Jackson; John W. Kellar, Georgetown, and Fred L. Wirschinger, Lexington.

* * *

Charles W. Thatcher, the "booster" of the Lakes-to-the-gulf boulevard, arrived here this morning from Lawrenceburg and delivered an address on Cheapside this afternoon in advocacy of his scheme for a grand boulevard from Chicago to New Orleans, passing through Kentucky.

Your Summer Outing.

If you are fond of fishing, canoeing, camping or the study of wild animals look up the Algonquin National Park of Ontario, for your summer outing. A fish and game preserve of 2,000,000 acres interspersed with 1,200 lakes and rivers is awaiting you, offering all the attractions that nature can bestow. Magnificent canoe trips. Altitude 2,000 feet above sea level. Pure and exhilarating atmosphere. Just the place for a young man to put in his summer holidays. Hotel accommodation. An interesting and profusely illustrated descriptive publication telling you all about it sent free on application to G. W. Vaux, 917 Merchants' Loan and Trust building, Chicago, Ill.

KILLS BOYHOOD FRIEND

AND SERIOUSLY WOUNDS ONE OF HIS OWN CLERKS.

William L. Halsey, Head of Huntsville, Ala., Firm, Believed To Be Insane.

Huntsville, Ala., May 7.—J. Robert Jones, senior member of the insurance firm of Jones & Rison, was shot and instantly killed this afternon by William L. Halsey, president of the Halsey Wholesale Grocery Company.

A. D. McDowell, shipping clerk in the Halsey establishment, was fatally shot and is expected to die.

Mr. Halsey is in jail and is said to be insane.

The shooting occurred in the Halsey store, where Mr. Jones had gone to adjust some matter relative to insurance. No quarrel occurred, so far as known, and the shooting was as unexpected to Mr. Jones as to William L. Halsey, Jr., son of the slayer, who sat in the office and was the sole witness beside McDowell.

McDowell was shot several minutes after Jones was killed. He had hurried for a doctor for Jones, and perceiving that Halsey was apparently insane attempted to escape from him. He was shot in the back, the bullet coming out in his abdomen.

Halsey has been under treatment for incipient insanity for some time and his affairs have been managed by his sons. Before going to see him Jones said he was "afraid of the job."

The two men were schoolboys together and have been lifelong friends and business associates.

McDowell, who is a young married man, has been employed by Halsey several years and was a favorite with him.

INELIGIBILITY

Battle Cry of Smith Against Grinstead.

SOUNDS HIS SLOGAN AT THE TWELFTH WARD MEETING.

CURETON TELLS OF CONVERSATION WITH ED GREEN

AFTER NOTORIOUS PRIMARY.

Ineligibility, ingratitude to personal and political friends, disloyalty to party and mistaken administration policies will be urged against Mayor Grinstead by the George Weissinger Smith faction of the Republican party in the campaign for the Republican nomination for Mayor. This much was unmistakably patent at a meeting of Republicans at Pfister's Hall, Twenty-fifth and Market streets, when Mr. Smith opened his campaign last night.

In addresses made by Mr. Smith himself and by Maj. W. C. Owens, Senator Nat Cureton and Jack Richardson, all lieutenants of Mr. Smith, all these alleged deficiencies were heaped upon the shoulders of Mayor Grinstead, and the Republican voters were told that the load is too much for the party to carry to victory against the Democratic party in November.

* * *

Grinstead Not Eligible.

Mr. Smith, in announcing his candidacy, said at the outset that he does not believe Mayor Grinstead eligible to succeed himself as Mayor and that he does not believe Mayor Grinstead can be elected, even if the question of eligibility is eliminated. "What right has Mr. Grinstead to place his party in peril?" Mr. Smith asked, "when the ablest lawyers of the Kentucky bar have given it as their opinion that he cannot legally serve if elected?"

After leaving the question of ineligibility Mr. Smith took up his record as a worker in the Republican party. He said that in all the stirring political fights in Louisville in the past fifteen years he had toiled for his party as against flagrant inactivity on the part of Mr. Grinstead and his friends. He said that while David W. Fairleigh, Mr. Grinstead's right bower, was "tagging" about after Bryan and free silver, and while Marshall Bullitt was still tugging at the milk bottle, he was in the trenches at work. Mr. Smith based his claim for support entirely upon his loyalty to party and his faithful work in the ranks.

Mr. Smith was followed by Maj. W. C. Owens, who began his address by tossing bouquets at Mr. Smith for his loyalty and good work in the party. He then took up the question of eligibility of Mr. Grinstead. He said: "The nomination of Mr. Grinstead would be most unfortunate in the face of the opinions of able lawyers that he cannot legally succeed himself."

* * *

Don't Risk Grinstead.

Maj. Owens called attention to the opinion of Judge Lindsay, saying that his opinion, which was to the effect that Mayor Grinstead is ineligible, should have full weight, and that Republicans should not take the risk of throwing to the winds the chance the party now enjoys to perpetuate itself in power, both in the city and in the State. He said that the Court of Appeals would be called upon to construe the Constitution in the event of the election of Mr. Grinstead and believed that the court would render an unfavorable decision to Grinstead.

"The Court of Appeals," he said, "may hold that he is ineligible without the violation of either the conscience of the court or the spirit or letter of the law."

Maj. Owens said that Mayor Grinstead was not only ineligible, but that he had caused dissension in the Republican ranks in the city. He had accomplished this, Maj. Owens said, by disloyalty to his friends.

* * *

Says He Deserted His Friends.

"Mayor Grinstead was given the nomination and election by loyal friends in the party," he said, "and the first thing he did after his election was to turn his back upon the very men who stood stanchly by him and placed him in the Mayor's chair. By this flagrant ingratitude and disloyalty he has offended a great many men in his party. He was not nominated at the start by gum-shoe methods, but I have no criticism of that here. I only wish to call your attention to his base ingratitude to his friends and to the fact that he cannot expect to have a united Republican party behind him, without which he cannot win.

"Not only must he have a solid Republican support," continued Maj. Owens, "but he must have the vote of men who are not pledged to any party, but who stand for good government and clean citizenship. I do not say he would get that vote, but I do say that George Weissinger Smith will get it. I also say that George Weissinger Smith can cement the breach in the Republican ranks and that he will have the party behind him."

Maj. Owens was followed by Senator Cureton, who opened by saying that he was one of the friends responsible for Mr. Grinstead's nomination, but that Mr. Grinstead had driven him away by disloyalty and by administration mistakes. Mr. Cureton paid his respects to both Mr. Grinstead and Ed Green by saying that he had approached both of them two days prior to the famous primary that nominated the Republican candidates for Congress, and had asked them for fairness.

"I went into Mayor Grinstead's office," he said, "and asked him to keep the police from interfering. He told me I talked like an insane man—that the police would have nothing to do with it. I did not get satisfaction, and went to Mr. Green. He told me that the police would take no undue hand. When the primary date came I was astounded to find a gang of police, both in uniform and in citizens' clothes, in charge of the voting places."

* * *

Ed Green's Alleged Reply.

"Two hours after I witnessed the outrage," continued Senator Cureton, "I saw Ed Green, and called his attention to it. His reply was: 'You people would have done the same thing if you had the opportunity.'"

Councilman Jack Richardson then took the floor, and discussed Mayor Grinstead's Administration. He said he had also been a friend of Mr. Grinstead, but was now sorry for it. He aired Mr. Grinstead's policies regarding the telephone controversy, charging that on two occasions Mayor Grinstead had "changed his mind," after favoring ordinances at the outset, and afterward fighting the measures and accomplishing their defeat. Richardson said, in discussing the original telephone ordinance: "When that ordinance was introduced, Mayor Grinstead started out right, but suffered a sudden change of mind. He defeated it by buying up the Councilmen by giving patronage to their friends."

The meeting last night was called to order and presided over by Alderman Charles A. Hess. Just before introducing Mr. Smith Mr. Hess named a committee, headed by W. A. Pell, to select and submit a list of delegates to be submitted to the Republican City Committee from the Twelfth ward as Smith delegates. The committee reported at the close of the speaking, submitting the following names to serve in the Twelfth ward:

First Voting District — G. W. Shields, Edward Colburn, C. E. Campbell, Chas. Jones, C. D. Hutton and W. H. Comstock.

Second District — James W. Gerard, Louis Graul, Charles Holstner, Samuel McKnight, George A. Miller and Patrick Fahey.

Third District — C. S. Ryan, H. Brichner, C. A. Hess, A. H. Bushemeyer, R. W. Polly and W. S. Harrington.

Fourth District—E. Hofmeister, W. R. Howard, Leslie Combs, E. J. Ashcraft, W. A. Pell and R. H. Hundley.

* * *

Schedule of Church Ball League.

At a meeting held last night of the members of the executive committee of the Church League, a schedule was arranged for the season, games to be played every Saturday during the months of June, July and August. The league is composed of a team from each of four churches—namely, First English Lutheran, Second English Lutheran, Trinity Lutheran and Walnutstreet Baptist church. The teams have been out practicing every Saturday and have made a remarkable showing. Everything points to a prosperous season, as great interest is being manifested in the various teams.

IN NEW YORK

Abdul Hamid Is Said to Have Deposited Money.

AMOUNT SENT TO UNITED STATES NOT KNOWN.

NEARLY $10,000 PLACED IN BANKS IN GERMANY.

BANDITS AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Constantinople, May 7.—The Parliamentary Commission which is taking an inventory of the contents of the imperial palace at Yildiz has learned that Abdul Hamid deposited, during the recent months considerable sums of money in New York through a confidential agent. The amounts thus sent to America and the names of the institutions holding them are, however, strictly withheld.

It appears that Abdul Hamid has nearly $10,000 in banks. An examination of the accounts of the deposed Sultan indicate that his confidence in French banks diminished several years, then passed successively to Great Britain and Germany, and was recently beginning to be reposed in American houses. It is uncertain what steps, if any, the present Government will take to possess itself of the foreign deposits of Abdul Hamid.

Mehmed V. drove to-day to the Mosque of the Dolma-Bagtche palace for the customary ceremony of saying his prayers. After his devotions he drove to Masisk, his summer residence, a mile outside the city.

* * *

Brigands Getting Busy.

There is considerable disorder in the country surrounding Constantinople, and brigandage is being carried on in the very suburbs of the capital. This condition is a result of the rapid changes in government and undoubtedly can be laid to deserters from the former Constantinople garrison and political fugitives who have undertaken to live on the country.

Count Dene, secretary of the Austrian Embassy, who is engaged in organizing the first fox hunt at Constantinople, rode out to Sweetwaters, in the western suburbs, yesterday to examine the country. While there a man stepped out of a clump of bushes by the highway, pointed a revolver at the Count and demanded money. The Count turned quickly and galloped away. The man fired two shots, but neither found its target.

A party of American tourists driving yesterday afternoon outside of Ilora, were stopped by a native and was unsafe to go any further, as beyond them was a group of bandits.

AMERICAN PROPERTY

At Kessab Destroyed During the Outbreaks of Moslems.

Beirut, Asiatic Turkey, May 7.—An investigator who has just returned here from a trip to Kessab reports that all the American property at that place has been destroyed by the Moslem raiders. The property consists of a girls' high school under the direction of Miss Effie N. Chambers, a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Three-fourths of the native houses also have been destroyed, but the Armenian church and the new Protestant school building are standing.

Almost all the people who fled from Kessab have returned to find their houses looted. They are to-day destitute. Some food and clothing are being distributed, but there is no system in the work and the supplies are inadequate.

One hundred Turkish residents have returned to the town, but as they took part in the rioting and killing there, the people cannot trust them. The protection they afford is in no sense sufficient. The situation at Deurtyul, on the coast north of Kessab, still is critical.

A recent report from Miss Chambers, the missionary mentioned in the above dispatch, said that he school had had a good year. It had been attended by fifty students, of whom fifteen had graduated and gone out to teach in the lower schools of the region or continue their studies at Aintab Seminary. This school is the highest and best in the Kessab district. Miss Chambers maintained also a kindergarten with forty-five pupils.

There was at Kessab a congregation of 1,800 Protestants, and in addition to its schools the missionary station maintained a church library and various young people's societies.

ADANA IS DEMORALIZED.

Macedonian Soldiers, However, Are Guarding American Schools.

Adana, Asiatic Turkey, Wednesday, May 5, via Constantinople, May 7.—Macedonian soldiers sent here by the authorities are to-day faithfully guarding the American schools and mission residences, but otherwise the city is demoralized.

The grain on the Adana plain is ripe for the harvest, but no Armenian refugees dare go back to their farms, as the surrounding country is still dangerous for any man not a Turk.

The relief work is being carried on systematically in Adana. Special camps have been established for persons suffering from contagious diseases, such as typhoid fever and smallpox. It is costing about $1,250 a day to run these places.

No Confirmation In New York.

New York, May 7.—No confirmation of the reports that Abdul Hamid had a considerable sum of money on deposit in New York banks could be obtained here to-day.

OUSTING OF DEMOCRATS IN CITY OF NEWPORT

REPUBLICAN MAYOR AND COUNCIL GET BUSY.

REMOVE CHIEF OF POLICE LICKERT FROM OFFICE.

SEAT NEW COMMISSIONER.

Newport, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Despite the injunction proceedings by the Democrats to retain control of the Newport Board of Police and Fire Commissioners, Mayor Krieger and the Republicans to-night seated a new commissioner, C. D. Lindsey, and began to remove the Democratic police force.

Judge Yungblut to-day affirmed the restraining order of County Judge Moore against Ben Bowman, Mayor Krieger's first appointee, but dissolved the order which applied to Mayor Krieger and others from interfering with the old board, thereby giving the Mayor the right to exercise his authority in the board.

Another suit to restrain the Mayor and others from attempting to seat a new commissioner to succeed R. G. Pfingstag, Democrat, whose term has expired, was also filed late to-day, but Judge Yungblut refused to grant the order and continued the case until to-morrow. This action did not interfere with the Republicans, and to-night they took control of the police and fire board.

Mayor Krieger, chairman of the board, called the meeting, but only Fred Koustmer and the new commissioner, C. D. Lindsey, were present.

The three Democrats, Dan Shea, Julius Ulrich and R. G. Pfingstag, failed to appear. After seating Lindsey and hearing the reports of the various departments and passing on routine business a resolution was adopted removing Chief of Police John Lickert, Democrat, from the force, and former City Jailer Bernard Ploeger, Republican, was appointed to succeed him. The other members of the force and also of the fire department, all of which is Democratic, were not disturbed, but on motion of Member Koustmer a special meeting was called for next Wednesday night in the city building, when, it is said, further removals and a general change in all departments will be effected. Chief Lickert said after the meeting:

"If we lose in court I'll step out; until then I'll be d—d if I give up my office."

PIRATES AGAIN BEAT ST. LOUIS

Boston Team Defeats New York Giants In a Close Contest.

CUBS SHUT OUT CINCINNATI.

New York Downs Boston, While Philadelphia Takes Washington Into Camp In American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

KANSAS CITY	5	MILWAUKEE	0
LOUISVILLE	2	INDIANAPOLIS	1
TOLEDO	9	COLUMBUS	3
MINNEAPOLIS	3	ST. PAUL	2

National League.

BOSTON	2	PITTSBURG	5
NEW YORK	1	ST. LOUIS	3
PHILADELPHIA	4	CHICAGO	5
BROOKLYN	1	CINCINNATI	0

American League.

PHILADELPHIA	1	NEW YORK	4
WASHINGTON	0	BOSTON	3

Southern League.

MONTGOMERY	10	BIRMINGHAM	4
ATLANTA	2	NASHVILLE	1
MEMPHIS	5	MOBILE	2
LITTLE ROCK	1	NEW ORLEANS	1

Bluegrass League.

WINCHESTER	6	FRANKFORT	13
SHELBYVILLE	4	RICHMOND	4
LEXINGTON	2		
PARIS	1		

Central League.

DAYTON	2	SOUTH BEND	1
WHEELING	1	ZANESVILLE	0
EVANSVILLE	10		
FORT WAYNE	4		

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	13	7	.650	Minneap.	9	10	.474
Louisville	13	7	.650	Columbus	9	12	.429
Indianap.	11	10	.524	Kansas City	7	10	.412
Toledo	9	11	.450	St. Paul	6	11	.313

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	13	6	.684	New York	7	8	.467
Philadel.	9	6	.600	Cincinnati	10	12	.455
Chicago	11	9	.550	Brooklyn	7	9	.438
Boston	8	8	.500	St. Louis	7	14	.333

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	14	6	.737	Philadel.	7	8	.467
New York	11	7	.611	Cleveland	7	10	.438
Boston	9	8	.529	Washington	5	10	.333
Chicago	8	8	.500	St. Louis	5	12	.313

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Nashville	10	8	.512	Atlanta	9	9	.500
Mobile	11	8	.579	Birm'gham	9	10	.474
New Orleans	11	9	.550	Memgom'y	8	11	.421
Little Rock	10	9	.526	Memphis	6	13	.316

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	9	1	.857	Shelbyville	3	7	.500
Winchester	5	1	.833	Lexington	2	5	.286
Frankfort	6	2	.600	Paris	0	7	.000

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Gr'd Rapids	3	1	.750	Terre Haute	3	3	.500
Zanesville	3	2	.600	Dayton	3	4	.429
Fort Wayne	5	3	.625	Wheeling	3	5	.375
Evansville	5	4	.556	South Bend	1	4	.200

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at KANSAS CITY.
INDIANAPOLIS at MILWAUKEE.
COLUMBUS at ST. PAUL.
TOLEDO at MINNEAPOLIS.

National League.

NEW YORK at BOSTON.
PHILADELPHIA at BROOKLYN.
St. LOUIS at PITTSBURG.
CINCINNATI at CHICAGO.

American League.

WASHINGTON at PHILADELPHIA.
BOSTON at NEW YORK.
CHICAGO at CLEVELAND.
DETROIT at ST. LOUIS.

Southern League.

MEMPHIS at LITTLE ROCK.
NEW ORLEANS at MOBILE.
ATLANTA at MONTGOMERY.
BIRMINGHAM at NASHVILLE.

Bluegrass League.

SHELBYVILLE at LEXINGTON.
WINCHESTER at FRANKFORT.
RICHMOND at PARIS.

Central League.

WHEELING at DAYTON.
EVANSVILLE at FORT WAYNE.
TERRE HAUTE at GRAND RAPIDS.
ZANESVILLE at SOUTH BEND.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg 5, St. Louis 3.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Pittsburg won from St. Louis to-day by a score of 5 to 3. Rhodes did not show good form and was relieved in the fifth inning by Sallee, but the locals continued to get hits. Willis was strong at all times. Score:

Pitts'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Barbeau, 2b.	4	0	2	6	Byrne, 3b.	4	1	0	2
Leach cf.	4	0	3	1	Shaw cf.	3	1	2	0
Clarke lf.	4	2	2	0	Brennahan c.	4	3	2	2
Wagner ss.	3	0	2	2	Konetchy 1b.	4	3	11	1
Bellamy rf.	3	1	1	0	Ellis lf.	3	0	2	0
Abstein 1b.	4	2	11	0	Charles 2b.	4	0	1	1
J. Miller 2b.	3	1	2	1	Hulswitt ss.	4	0	5	4
Wilson rf.	4	3	2	0	Rhodes p.	2	0	0	1
Gibson c.	3	1	6	0	Sallee p.	1	0	0	0
Willis p.	4	0	1	3	*Phelps.	1	1	0	0
Totals.	35	15	27	12	Totals.	36	9	24	11

*Batted for Sallee in ninth.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Pittsburg	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	*	—5
St. Louis	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Errors—Barbeau 2, Abstein, Konetchy, Ellis. Two-base Hits—Barbeau 2, Konetchy. Hits—Off Rhodes 9 in 4 innings; off Sallee 6 in 4 innings. Sacrifice Hit—Gibson. Sacrifice Fly—Brennahan. Double Plays—Leach, Wagner and Miller; Charles and Konetchy; Hulswitt and Konetchy. Left on Bases—Pittsburg 11, St. Louis 8. First Base on Balls—Off Willis 2; off Rhoades 2; off Sallee 2. First Base on Errors—Pittsburg 2, St. Louis 2. Struck Out—By Willis 6; by Rhodes 1. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Kane and Klem.

* * *

Boston 2, New York 1.

Boston, May 7.—Boston won to-day's game from New York, 2 to 1. The visitors scored in the seventh on two hits, following a base on balls. Marquard issued his second pass in the eighth and Sweeney's two-base hit, an infield out and the "squeeze" play gave Boston two runs. Score:

N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Tenney 3b.	2	0	7	0	Carr 2b.	3	0	5	3
McCorm'k rf.	5	2	1	0	Becker rf.	3	1	2	0
Murray lf.	4	2	2	0	Bates lf.	3	0	0	1
Wilson cf.	4	0	0	0	Beaumont cf.	3	0	2	0
Devlin 2b.	2	1	1	1	Beck 1b.	3	0	9	1
Bridwell ss.	2	0	3	3	Dahlen ss.	2	1	4	5
Schafer 2b.	3	0	2	2	Sweeney 3b.	3	0	1	2
Myers c.	3	0	8	2	Bowerman c.	3	0	5	2
Marquard p.	4	0	0	1	Dorner p.	2	0	1	1
					*Graham.	0	0	0	0
Totals.	31	4	24	10	Mattern p.	0	0	0	0
					Totals.	25	4	27	15

*Batted for Dorner in eighth.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	*	—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	*	—2

Errors—Myers, Starr, Dahlen 2. Sweeney. Two-base Hit—Sweeney. Hits—Off Dorner 4 in 8 innings. Sacrifice Hit—Graham. Stolen Bases—Murray. Double Play—Bridwell and Tenney. Left on Bases—Boston 2; New York 11. First Base on Balls—Off Marquard 2; off Dorner 7. First Base on Errors—New York 2, Boston 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Dorner 1. Struck Out—By Dorner 4; by Marquard 6. Time—One hour and forty-four minutes. Umpires—Johnstone and Cusack.

* * *

Chicago 5, Cincinnati 0.

Chicago, May 7.—Hagerman to-day had the honor of pitching his first shut-out game of the season for Chicago. His work was consistent throughout, especially so with men on bases. Bunched hits, with a couple of errors in the third and sixth, gave Chicago the game from Cincinnati, 5 to 0. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b.	5	1	1	2	Egan 1b.	4	2	9	2
Sheckard lf.	3	1	0	0	Oakes cf.	3	0	2	1
Schulte rf.	4	3	2	0	Lobert 3b.	3	1	2	2
Howard 3b.	3	0	1	0	Mitchell rf.	4	1	1	0
Steinfeldt 3b.	4	0	1	4	Becker lf.	4	0	2	0
Hoffman cf.	4	1	1	1	Autrey 1b.	4	0	7	1
Tinker ss.	2	1	2	4	Downey ss.	4	2	0	1
Moran c.	3	1	7	2	McLean c.	2	0	5	0
Hagerman p.	3	0	0	2	Fromme p.	3	0	0	2
Kane cf.	0	0	0	0					
Totals.	31	9	27	12	Totals.	31	6	24	10

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Chicago.	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	*	—5
Cincinnati.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Errors—Schulte, Howard, Moran, Egan 2, Oakes. Two-base Hit—Steinfeldt. Sacrifice Hits—Oakes, Tinker, Hagerman. Stolen Bases—Sheckard, Tinker, Downey. Double Play—Brecher and McLean. Left on Bases—Chicago 10; Cincinnati 7. Base on Balls—Off Hagerman 2; off Fromme 4. Base on Errors—Chicago 2. Struck Out—By Hagerman 5; by Fromme 4. Time—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

* * *

Philadelphia 4, Brooklyn 1.

Brooklyn, May 7.—Philadelphia stopped Brooklyn's winning streak to-day by a 4-to-1 victory. Rucker was batted out of the box in the seventh, when the visitors made five hits for three runs. Foxen was invincible until the ninth, when a double by Jordan and Lennox's single brought in Brooklyn's only run. Acting Captain Hummel was ordered out of the game for kicking. Score:

Phila.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brklyn.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Grant 3b.	4	2	2	6	Burch rf.	4	1	1	0
Knabe 2b.	3	0	3	5	Alperman 2b.	3	1	1	6
Titus rf.	3	1	2	0	Hummel ss.	1	0	0	0
Magee lf.	4	1	0	0	McMillan cf.	3	1	2	0
Bransf'd 1b.	2	1	11	0	Sebring cf.	3	0	1	0
Osborne cf.	4	1	0	0	Kustus rf.	4	0	0	0
Doolan ss.	3	1	0	3	Jordan 1b.	4	2	15	0
Doolin c.	4	1	8	0	Lennox 3b.	4	2	1	3
Foxen p.	4	1	1	1	Bergen c.	3	1	6	2
					Rucker p.	2	0	0	2
Totals.	31	9	27	12	*Mo'Sveen	1	0	0	0
					Wilhelm p.	1	0	0	0
					Totals.	33	8	27	16

*Batted for Rucker in seventh.

Innings.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Philadelphia.	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	*	—4
Brooklyn.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Error—Kustus. Two-base Hits—Magee, Bransfield, Jordan. Hits—Off Rucker 7 in 7 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Knabe, Bransfield, Foxen. Bases—Bransfield, Osborne, Doolin, Burch. Double Plays—Lennox and Jordan; Alperman, McMillan and Jordan. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 5, Brooklyn 8. First Base on Balls—Off Coombs 2; off Rucker 3; off Foxen 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Foxen, Alperman. Struck Out—By Rucker 0; by Foxen 8. Wild Pitch—Foxen. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Truby and Rigler.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 4, Boston 3.

New York, May 7.—New York won an exciting twelve-inning game to-day from Boston by a score of 4 to 3. Lake, who relieved Newton in the fourth, brought in the victory on his double and Cree's single. Elberfeld disputed with Umpire Hurst in this inning over a decision at the plate, and shoved the referee, who retaliated by slapping the player in the jaw. By thus placing has hands on the umpire, Elberfeld put himself out of the game, under the rules. Score:

Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McConnell 2b.	4	2	2	4	Cree cf.	5	1	2	0
Lord 3b.	4	0	1	2	Keeler rf.	5	2	2	0
Speaker cf.	5	0	2	0	Elberfeld 3b.	4	1	1	4
Gessler rf.	4	1	3	0	Austin 3b.	0	0	0	0
Stahl 1b.	5	2	17	0	Engle lf.	5	1	2	0
Nies lf.	5	1	3	1	Chase 1b.	5	2	20	0
Wagner ss.	5	0	2	1	Ward 2b.	5	1	1	4
Spencer c.	3	0	4	0	Kleinow ss.	5	1	2	5
Hooper.	1	0	0	0	Blair c.	3	0	4	1
Donohue c.	1	0	1	0	Klobow c.	1	0	3	1
Chech p.	0	0	1	1	Newton p.	1	1	0	3
					Lake p.	1	1	0	7
Totals.	42	7	*34	14	Totals.	44	11	36	25

*One out when winning run scored.

†Batted for Spencer in eighth.

| Innings. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12

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SATURDAY.....MAY 8, 1909

"Business."

Friday Evening, May 7.—The New York stock market was strong and active generally and closed with substantial net gains.

Money on call was firm at 2 to 2½ per cent., ruling at 2. Time loans were firmer and fairly active at 2¼ to 3¼. Sterling exchange was steady.

The Chicago wheat market was nervous and lower until the Government report, when it became very strong and closed at net gains of ¼c to 3⅝c. Corn closed easy, oats steady and provisions firm.

The cotton market opened steady and unchanged, ruled dull and narrow, with a firm tone, and closed 2 to 4 points net higher.

The Chicago cattle market was weak, the hog market 10c lower and the sheep market strong.

P. T. T.

A recent number of Punch has a cartoon of the typical French ouvrier apostrophised by the Spirit of France. "What is the cry now?" she inquires, "is it A Bas l'Anarchie?" and back comes the reply: "Fi donc! It is a bas la Nation!' Down with the nation!"

And, in very truth, so it is. France is confronted, as never before since the days of Communist terror, with the danger of an imperium in imperio, with the dread of something, which, for want of a better name, must be known as "syndicalisme;" a militant trades-unionism, which would substitute its activities for the State and, in its last expression, do away with capital and all that the term implies.

May day passed over in peace. Since the strike in March of the P. T. T.—the employes of "Postes, Telegraphes et Telephones," the ferment has been kept under restraint or has been permitted only to come to an ugly and threatening head as when "King Paland" obligingly showed his hand by ordering the Rue Castiglione and the Continental Hotel in Paris to be plunged into darkness because the hotel proprietors had not at once met his terms. This was followed by the button-makers' strike at Meru, a particularly menacing exhibition of the new power; and finally, in challenge to Premier Clemenceau, who refused to treat with the ringleaders and will not tolerate dangerous insubordination among State employes, the association of the P. T. T. has transformed itself into a "syndicat," or union, under the law of 1884.

It would be a grievous error to confuse the new movement in its aggravated form of defiance with socialism; perhaps its best description may be found in an article by that distinguished French publicist and man of affairs, Paul Leroy-Beaulieu, in the Revue des deux Mondes. After pointing out the dread of socialism among French capitalists and small property owners, a class more numerous there than elsewhere, the writer proceeds:

"During recent years a new adversary to modern society has raised its head, an adversary more burning, more brutal, demanding swifter and more profound changes, disdaining gradual modifications and hoping to achieve a complete transformation suddenly. This is 'syndicalisme.' It has its men of action, audacious and methodical, who have known how, by infamous means, to establish and operate a formidable machine of attack. They profess to despise parliamentary socialism, casting it aside as visionary and useless. They have during some years formed an organ which in itself is a little thing—the Confederation Generale du Travail, but by means of which they have obtained immense prestige. * * * Not only the workmen, at least the most active of them, those who arrogate to themselves the right to speak in the name of all, but as well certain important categories of State employes have given or tend to give them their adhesion. The classical danger of a State within a State—using that old formula which made our fathers tremble—has never before been so completely realized."

To the better understanding of this militant outcropping, of grave concern to her neighbors no less than to France, investigations set on foot by an English expert are very enlightening. They reveal the startling fact that, whereas "less than 10 per cent. of the workers—or, leaving out agriculture and forestry, 15 per cent.—are organized at all," and that "fifteen trade-unionists cause three times as many disputes as eighty-five nonunionists," the repudiation of the State and the glorification of the "syndicat" are threatening principally because they are paralyzing. It is not the numbers of those in revolt which constitutes a menace, but their ability to tie up communications, to isolate the great centers of trade and of government, to usurp the functions of the State. Trade-unionism, properly so called, is one thing; transferred to State employes in charge of railroads, post-offices, telegraph and telephone wires, it can very easily threaten and terrorize, particularly in a country where fear of invasion is a daily habit.

And so it is not surprising to hear that there are rumors of impending coups d'etat, of Bonapartist and Royalist intrigue, of Cabinet resignations, and so on. The prefects have received sealed instructions, a regiment of trained operators has been distributed among the wireless stations of the southern and eastern frontiers to supplement the warships on the coast and keep in touch with the Eiffel Tower, and automobile owners have been ordered to hold their machines at the disposal of the authorities.

Down with the nation! cry a few hotheads, drunk with power and scornful of responsibility; but a people which has made more sacrifices for patriotism than any other, the most thrifty, sober and level-headed of Europe, will rally to the support of a Cabinet which will not abdicate before threats.

M. Pataud is not a man with a message. He is merely the mouthpiece of modern irrationalism; and when the French get over their attack of "nerves," they will brush aside the slavery of a cheap dictator who would repudiate citizenship and has a preference for mere violence.

A Total Confusion of Terms.

Why the great Creator of the Universe brought Sin and Death into the world, why he did not make health and virtue, instead of disease, catching, belongs to the insoluble mystery of Life; but true it is that they exist, and that, from the birth of man, men have quarreled and fought rather over forms of repression, than means of regeneration.

A letter received by the Editor of the Courier-Journal from an old Tennessee subscriber, which we shall take leave to publish, furnishes a striking example of the simple-mindedness, as well as the single-mindedness, of those good people who think that Prohibition prohibits, and that morality and virtue may be promoted by legislative enactment.

It cannot be denied that the elimination of the Saloon by the process of Local Option which may be enforced—especially in the rural districts, where it carries the consent of the vicinage—will inure to the public order. That and that alone constitutes the strength of the Anti-Saloon movement. The Courier-Journal is heartily in favor of excise laws restricting the sale of intoxicants by such regulation as popular opinion may deem for its welfare and is strong enough to make effectual. Hence we have supported all measures of revision and reform which looked to improving the character of the drink places, to reducing their number, and generally to changing the methods prevailing over the distribution of drink.

To do this with intelligence calls for discrimination. There are varying conditions. The town is not as the country. The decent restaurant is not to be confounded with the low dive. That which we have kept steadily in view is the distinction between the sentimental and provisional, the moral and economic features of the issue as it is presented us by contemporary advocates of prohibition. They propose a system, drastic and all-sweeping, taking no account of time, or place, seeking to apply to all men ruthlessly a teetotalism which exists nowhere in the world outside of Turkey, having proved a failure in the State of Maine, where it has had a trial of sixty years.

We reject prohibition as ethically unsound, economically unwise and politically unfit. We challenge the agencies by which it is sought to be brought about. Aiming to mend the public morality in a single respect these menace it in many other respects. We contest the spirit that inspires prohibition. It is both proscriptive and undiscriminating. To roast its pig it would burn the house. Experience has everywhere demonstrated not only its visionary character but the corrupt uses to which it is put.

With this explanation of our real attitude which does not seem to have crossed our correspondent's mind, we print his letter:

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

"I regret exceedingly to note the stand you have taken against temperance and prohibition. I have been a reader and subscriber to the old Courier-Journal (nee Journal) since I was sixteen years old. When I first became a subscriber of your famous journal, George D. Prentice was the Editor, and I thought then, and have since that time found no reason to doubt, that he was the greatest man and Editor of his time. After I came home from the Confederate army in 1865, I again subscribed for the old paper; loved it, built my politics upon it and still consider it the greatest paper in the world.

"You and I are the same age—since both were born in 1840. We have both seen the evil effects of whisky—both felt it no doubt, but surely you have not seen it in all its heinousness as I have.

"When I first came to this little place whisky was sold in every store, grocery and shanty in the place and all over the county.

"No day in the week was it safe for ladies to be upon the streets, protected or unprotected. Murder was of daily or weekly occurrence and we business men were forced to close our houses several hours every day in the week to prevent drunken desperadoes from destroying what we had.

"When the four-mile law was passed everybody said it would do no good since they could go to Halls, only four miles away, and get all the whisky they were looking for. But it did do good, wonderfully good. After the law was passed there was not one-tenth part of the drinking there was before, and many families who never had a square meal or decent clothing before began to live better.

"Instead of having war every day in the week we now had it only on Saturday night and Sunday. After they finally banished whisky from all the small towns and they had to go to Dyersburg, fifteen miles off, Chestnut Bluff and Crockett county sobered up and drunken men became almost unknown upon our streets.

"Since they have banished it from all the places in this State excepting Nashville and Memphis we are not at all troubled with drinking men, and after we get it out of these two places there will be some hope for the women and children of this State. We have young men here married to noble women, intelligent and refined ladies, who have now not a decent dress to their backs, and not a square meal in their houses.

"Their nice little homes given them by their parents when they were first married are gone long since or covered with mortgages—many of them have no corn to feed their plow horses. They get a little poor hay occasionally and graze upon the commons at night. And yet these men send from $2.50 to $5 two or three times per month to the cities for whisky. Love for wife and children has no effect upon these men. As long as they can get whisky they will do it. And yet you oppose prohibition. Sumptuary legislation is not right for you and me and other men and women who will do no wrong, anyway, but nothing else will do for these drunken brutes. I wrote three money orders to-day for three of these brutes, two yesterday, five the day before and six last Saturday. They sent for whisky and they have no meat in their homes, no feed for their stock and their wives and children in rags. Nothing but force will do these men any good.

"If we can get whisky out of Tennessee and Georgia we can get it out of all the States.

"For heaven sake, my dear old soldier comrade, use your great powers and influence to banish this curse from our land. You can help wonderfully—Henry Watterson's name alone to the prohibition cause would insure victory in Kentucky."

"W. B. YORK, M. D., P. M.
"Late Assistant Surgeon in Cheatham's Division, Army of Tennessee.
"Chestnut Bluff, Tenn."

Here we have a gentleman, obviously a good citizen and a good man, as he was a good soldier, dwelling all his life in an isolated neighborhood, who thinks that he knows, as others may not, the full meaning and measure of the curse of drink. "Surely," he says, "you have not seen it in all its horrors as I have." And then he pictures domestic conditions which could only exist in a community having no adequate police and exceptionally dominated by bad characters. Life must indeed have been unendurable. The Four-mile law, however, he tells us, greatly modified the evil fruitage of the local groggery—that is, it served to police the vicinage—so that now the drunkards have to send abroad for their liquor and are less in evidence; "but," and here we have the voice of the visionary, "after we get it out of those two places," Memphis and Nashville, "there will be some hope for the women and children of the State."

Can our correspondent believe that drunkenness is so prevalent as to deny all hope to the women and children of Tennessee, and that, except it be prohibited by law, it will go on increasing and destroying the people? If that were so, can he believe that habits so general and a passion so deeply rooted are to be reached by sumptuary enactment. But is it so?

There are many vices besides excessive drinking, which arise out of our frail humanity and afflict society; lying, stealing, fornication, through all their variations and ramifications of outlawry and crime. Drinking to excess is limited to a very small percentage of each community. In England and the United States the last fifty years there has been a steady diminishing of the drink habit due to the better enlightenment of men. In the Latin countries, such as France, Italy and Spain, where light wines constitute the universal drink, drunkenness is unknown. In Germany, where beer is the National beverage, it is unknown. But, sixty years of drastic prohibition in Maine, have not sufficed to extinguish drunkenness there, or to regenerate the people. On the contrary, prohibition has brought into being a retinue of evils never known before, although inevitable to the effort to control by legislative enactment the appetites and individual liberties of the people.

In order to maintain such a system espionage must be made the chief arm of the law. Every man is a suspect. No door is free from invasion. As a consequence a premium is put upon corruption and immunity becomes a matter of bargain and sale. But, to start it—here in Kentucky, for example—hundreds of millions of property, lawfully owned, must be confiscated, without compensation or due process of law; many millions of annual revenue are to be extinguished; and when this has been done drunkenness will not have been abolished; on the contrary, lawless drink, paying no taxes but buying its way from rascally officials, will be substituted for drink that is open and above board, which pays taxes and may be regulated by law.

Our old friend of West Tennessee is mistaken in his theory that prohibition prohibits. He is mistaken in his theory that wicked husbands and bad fathers may be turned into good husbands and fond fathers by Act of Assembly. The attempt to do it entails wanton impositions to begin with and forecasts untoward conditions to end with; sacrificing the freedom of the people without elevating the morals of the people. The better way, and the sufficient way, is to close the evil places where the community is united enough to close them and to keep them closed, each the judge of its own excise arrangements, leaving every individual free to develop upon his own lines of conscience and conduct. Already the Government is doing too much in restraint of men. Something must be left to moral agencies. Force impelled by clericalism and hystericalism, equally undiscriminating and despotic, never yet did any lasting good, but always in the end, surely comes the irremediable wrong.

The Death of Dr. Amador.

The death of Dr. Manuel Amador brings to a close the picturesque career of the leading figure of the Colombian revolution and the first President of the Republic of Panama, the product of that revolution. Having been one of the chief engineers of that episode, Dr. Amador had in his possession secret knowledge which the world would have delighted to hear. He knew just how the thing started, how the United States Government got into the game, what the understanding was between Washington and the revolutionary forces, the exact part played by Buneau-Varilla and Cromwell, to say nothing of a few others.

It is a pity that before he died the sly old senor did not see fit to take the public into his confidence and the full tale unfold which would have made each separate hair stand on end like quills upon the fretful porcupine. Plots, conspiracies, mysterious errands, adventures—all these revolved around him, with Uncle Sam, as embodied in the Roosevelt regime, looming large in the background, pulling wires and working levers. The situation was romantic, historic, melodramatic. Now that he is gone the chance of getting the truth first-hand from his lips goes. It can be hoped only that he left memoirs setting forth the facts of the revolution.

The death is the occasion of the publication of the following relevant and engaging story in the Brooklyn Eagle:

"A curious story was current a few years ago which was told in connection with the allegation that the Panama rebellion had been fomented in Washington. It was a charge and an allegation which was never substantiated. It was asserted that the Colombian Government had acquired proof of this charge, and it is known that sufficient credence was given to it to induce the managers of the campaign of one of the great parties in 1904 to send an agent to Colombia to investigate the charge and obtain, if possible, the proof. The agent returned at too late a time to make practicable the use of the knowledge he obtained. Whether he secured the proof is not known, for whatever he brought back was suppressed.

"But that is not the story told as to Dr. Amador. As related, it was that the conspiracy had proceeded to that point when the seduction of the Colombian troops stationed in Panama became necessary to success. These troops were willing, provided the assurance could be given them in an authoritative way, that the United States would stand behind the Panama Government and sustain it. To obtain that assurance of a character that would satisfy the troops, Dr. Amador journeyed to this country. The story goes that his errand was quickly reported to the Colombian Government and that he was put under the surveillance of Pinkerton's detectives as soon as he arrived. All of his visits to Washington were observed. His headquarters were a modest hotel in New York.

"The day came when it was known that he was to sail for Panama. The hotel was thronged by detectives. On the day on which he was to sail, the doctor breakfasted at his modest hotel, and in paying his bill took from his pocket a wallet. He left that wallet on the table when he went out to take the cab that was to convey him to his ship. No sooner had he seated himself in the cab than he missed his wallet. In a panic he leaped out and threaded his way through the detectives to meet the clerk of the hotel, who had his wallet and was looking for him.

"Had the detectives, rather than the hotel clerk, picked up the wallet, there would have been no rebellion. Within it, runs the story, was the assurance required by the commander of the troops that the United States would sustain and support the new Panaman Government. The incident of the hotel is known. The rest will probably never be known—that is, whether or not the United States Government gave the written assurance, as alleged."

The story may or may not be true. It sounds plausible enough. The circumstances of the revolution, the attitude of the United States Government, the Johnny-on-the-spotness of Buneau-Varilla, the activity of Cromwell, the thousand and one circumstances that amazed and aroused the suspicions of Americans at the time and still provoke ominous conjecture—where the actual knowledge has to be pieced out with sinister speculation—all have prepared the public mind for the acceptance of stories a great deal worse. But if Amador had just cleared up the whole affair!

In view of his activities while alive, about the only regret growing out of Dr. Amador's death is the regret that he failed to illumine a dark subject before he shuffled off the coil.

Says a Democratic contemporary:

"The Republican Senators of the West—Dolliver, Cummins, La Follette, Bristow, Borah and others—who are endeavoring to reduce duties on imports that serve neither for protection nor for revenue, but for spoils only, thus honorably and honestly seek to redeem the pledges of the Chicago platform. In their efforts to expose the double-dealing and prevarications of the Aldrich-Payne bill and to secure an equitable revision of the tariff in the interest alike of American consumers and producers they are violating no principles of their party."

That is commendation worthily bestowed. Would that similar praise could be given all the Democratic Senators who have committed themselves on the tariff since the pending bill has been under consideration.

Simultaneous with the inclusion in the British budget of an appropriation of $500,000 for the installation and maintenance of labor exchanges, comes the announcement of the "National Employment Exchange" at New York. Founded by a number of wealthy citizens with a fund of $100,000, its aim is, primarily, to effect a better distribution of the immigrant labor for which New York is the great center. It proposes to establish branches and will supplement the work of the Government Bureau. This is at once something new and something needed.

Senator Dolliver said in the face of Senator Aldrich that the duty on wool tops is "scandalous." Certainly it is scandalous. The manner of its imposition was a notorious scandal, in which the chief figure was Senator Aldrich, unblushing and still unrepentant.

District Attorney Jerome says that he is the "people's candidate," and the question now arises: Are there enough people?

Says the Nashville American: "The sword of Demosthenes is hanging over Nashville." Maybe our contemporary had as well take refuge in the tub of Damocles.

EDUCATORS

Close Conference At Bowling Green With Excursion.

MANY TAKE ADVANTAGE OF BOAT RIDE ON BARREN.

PASS RESOLUTIONS COVERING MATTERS OF INTEREST.

MEMORIAL TO DR. R. N. ROARK.

Bowling Green, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—The educators are taking an outing to-day. Those who were not compelled to go home went on the steamers Evansville and Chaperon this morning for a trip down the beautiful Barren as far as the mouth of Green and did not return until a late hour to-night. About 700 people took advantage of the opportunity to see this beautiful river.

Just before the adjournment of the business session the following resolutions were adopted:

* * *

Resolutions Adopted.

"Be It Resolved, By the superintendents, teachers and friends of education at the Educational Conference and Convocation of County and City Superintendents of Western Kentucky Normal School district, that

"We hail with delight the great educational awakening in Kentucky.

"We pledge ourselves to the work of still further arousing the people to a proper sense of neglected opportunities and leading them in a hearty, united and determined effort to make Kentucky all that she should be educationally, spiritually and intellectually.

"That we demand for Kentucky children opportunities equal to those of any other of the galaxy of American Commonwealths.

"Realizing that education which does not develop the power of heart, head and hand falls short of the ideal, we stand for a school curriculum that will give to Kentucky boys and girls rich development in right living and broad intellectuality, together with skill in the mechanical, agricultural and domestic arts.

"We heartily approve the educational acts of our last Legislature as a long step in the right direction and we pledge ourselves to support and defend the fundamental principles of those acts.

"Knowing that all lasting value comes to men and communities through individual and local efforts and that the things most appreciated are those won by individual and local effort and sacrifice, we heartily approve, indorse and recommend a system of county taxation for public schools.

* * *

County High Schools.

"We see in the establishment of county high schools in every county in the State the final overthrow of ignorance and the real beginning of the reign of universal education that will give Kentucky an ideal democracy.

"We stand for an education that will prepare every boy and girl to do most for self as well as most for humanity, and to this end we shall strive to have all children taught that they may develop, conserve and use to the best advantage the wonderful natural resources of our great State.

"We realize the wisdom of our last two Legislatures in creating and liberally maintaining two Normal Schools. We know that without teachers liberally educated and skillfully trained our schools can, at best, be only a partial success.

"We desire to go on record in an especial manner in the expression of our approval and appreciation of the work done in the Western Kentucky State Normal School. We have already felt a wonderful awakening in Western Kentucky as the result of work done in the State Normal School.

* * *

Want An Appropriation.

"As true friends of education, we pledge our influence to the fullest extent to secure for the two normal schools of Kentucky and our State University liberal treatment in financial way at the hands of our next Legislature commensurate with the dignity and value of the cause of education. Knowing that no money spent by a community is so quickly and so thoroughly transmuted into great and lasting wealth as that spent in training noble young men and women to be leaders in the educational, professional and industrial life of our people.

"We desire to express to our worthy State Superintendent and matchless leader, J. G. Crabbe, our heartfelt appreciation of the faithful and valuable work he is doing for Kentucky children and to assure him that we shall ever be found rallying to his support in the splendid efforts he is making for the glorious cause of education in Kentucky.

"We recognize in the press of our State one of our most potent agencies in the furtherance of the cause of popular education, and we tender our sincere thanks to the editors and publishers of papers for their valuable co-operation in this work.

* * *

Memorial To Dr. Roark.

"Whereas, in the Providence of God, the Eastern Normal School has been deprived of its honored president, the educators of the State of one of their noblest and best teachers, and all the people of the State of one of the grandest, noblest and most wholesouled of her citizens. Therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we extend our sincere sympathy to the family of Dr. R. N. Roark, to those connected with the Normal School at Richmond and to all the people of the State.

"We feel that to have known him and to have felt his influence for twenty years has made Kentucky a richer State and has made us better men and women. We also feel that the inspiration of his life will help us to fight more efficiently the educational battles that are to come in Kentucky.

"SUPT. W. E. GRAY,
"Christian county.
"SUPT. A. C. BURTON,
"Graves county.
"SUPT. R. L. ALLEN,
"Daviess county.
"SUPT. MISS DORA SMITH,
"Fulton county.
"PROF. R. S. EUBANK,
"Editor Southern School Journal.
"PROF. J. M. GULLIAMS,
"Committee."

NEW BUILDINGS PLANNED.

Regents of Western Normal School Consult Architect.

Bowling Green, May 7.—(Special.)—A majority of the regents of the State Normal school for the western district were here during the session of the educational conference, which met here today. The architect of the buildings, Captain Brinton B. Davis, was also here, and an understanding was had as to the general plan of the buildings to be erected.

For the present the building of Potter College proper will not be disturbed. The main building will be constructed to the Southwest of the present building, facing the Russellville pike and the Louisville and Nashville railroad. It is the purpose of the board to spend all the available appropriation on new buildings, and utilize as far as possible for the present, the structures on the Potter College site as well as those on the present Normal School ground.

PLEA MUST BE AMENDED.

Judge Stout's Ruling In State Capitol Furniture Suit.

Georgetown, Ky., May 7.—A case involving $67,000 was pleaded here before Circuit Judge Robert L. Stout last night until midnight. It was that in which Miss Mayme Cook, a stenographer, of Louisville, seeks to enjoin the State Capitol Commissioners from carrying out their contract with the Wollaeger Manufacturing Company, of Milwaukee, to furnish the State Capitol building with all movable furniture.

After hearing Senator Charles Carroll for the plaintiff, assisted by Attorney Joseph M. Lee, both of Louisville, and Attorney General Breathitt and Assistant Attorney General Blake for the defendants in lengthy argument, the court decided that the plaintiff must make the Wollaeger Manufacturing Company a party to the suit before he would consider it. The Wollaeger bid was $67,000 and another bidder was as low as $40,000, it is claimed.

While actual fraud was denied, constructive fraud was claimed by the plaintiff in that changes had been made after awarding the contract in which the amount of furniture was reduced to $58,000, much of the old Statehouse furniture being substituted by the commissioners.

Attorney General Breathitt urged that there was no prejudice, in that McKnight & Co., of Louisville, one of the bidders on furniture, was awarded the carpet and rug contract, and Rogers & Co. likewise the stationery furniture.

FARMER HANGS HIMSELF.

William Dossey Dies At End of a Trace Chain.

Tompkinsville, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—William Dossey, a farmer of Fountain Run, committed suicide by hanging. He arose as usual and went to the barn to feed his stock before breakfast. After the meal had been prepared and he failed to return his body was found swinging from a trace chain. No cause is assigned for the act. He was 37 years old and leaves a wife.

Must Wait For Confirmation.

Newport, Ky., May 7.—Benjamin Bowman cannot act as Police and Fire Commissioner of Newport until he is confirmed by the Board of Aldermen. Circuit Judge Yungblutt so decided in an opinion handed down to-day.

Bowman was appointed by Mayor Krieger, Republican, to succeed Commissioner Pfingstag, Democrat, whose four-year term expired May 1, and a Democratic Board of Aldermen refused to confirm him. He was enjoined from acting as a member of the board at to-night's meeting and the restraining order is made permanent by the judgment handed down to-day.

Tobacco Deal Settled.

Uniontown, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The price of 2,000,000 pounds of tobacco has been received by the local dealers. In the deal made some months ago by the Imperial Tobacco Company with the Farmers' Association of this county it is estimated there is probably a quarter of a million pounds still to be disposed of by the county's growers and is announced that this will be purchased by J. W. Clark's factory at Morganfield. A splendid price has been received for every pound of the weed that has been sold.

Dies As Result of Operation.

Harrodsburg, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. Harry Moore, one of the best-known and most prominent young matrons in Mercer county, died at St. Joseph Hospital, Lexington, this afternoon, where she was taken a few days ago for an operation. Besides her husband, she is survived by a little son. Before her marriage to Mr. Moore she was Miss India Tucker, of Harrodsburg, and was one of the most popular society girls in Central Kentucky.

Found Dead In Bed.

Bowling Green, Ky., May 7.—[Special.] John Thacker, an aged and formerly prominent citizen of Bowling Green, was found dead in his bed this morning. His death was apparently due to heart failure. He was quite a heavy man, and weighed probably 300 pounds. He was formerly a merchant of the city, but of recent years had been retired on account of his health.

Surrenders After Indictment.

Campton, Ky., May 7.—Mack Whisman, who was yesterday indicted by the grand jury of this county on the charge of waylaying and killing Goff Proffit, a prominent farmer of this county, surrendered himself and was placed in jail for safekeeping. He will be given a hearing for bail before Judge Adams as soon as the Commonwealth's witnesses can be secured.

Prominent Citizen Dead.

Cloverport, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Fladge Carter is dead. He had been ill with cancer for several months. He was 63 years old and a member of a quite prominent family of this county. He leaves a wife and four children. His funeral will take place here to-morrow morning, and the burial will be held at Earlington to-morrow afternoon.

Farmer Dies of Cancer.

Tompkinsville, Ky., May 7.—(Special.)—Hayden Turner, a farmer of the Barren River section, died of cancer of the face at his home near Gamaliel. He is survived by a wife and several children, one of whom is Dr. C. C. Turner, now in his third year in the Louisville Medical College.

Aged Citizen Passes Away.

Lancaster, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Gideon Rothwell died near Cartersville after a protracted illness. He was 73 years old and a brother of former Jailer S. D. Rothwell, an uncle of Master Commissioner J. M. Rothwell, and the father of Mrs. Charles Baelriein, of this city.

Body of Jim Smithwick Recovered.

Hickman, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The body of Jim Smithwick, who was drowned two miles below town, was found by a fisherman at Slough Landing, a point twenty-five miles below here, where it had washed upon the shore.

Dies At Age of Ninety-eight.

Tompkinsville, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Maxie Emberton, the oldest citizen of the town died at his home on Mill street this morning, at the age of 98. His death was unexpected and was due to general break-down. He leaves a wife.

Dies From Infirmities of Age.

Paducah, Ky., May 7.—S. C. Vaughn, 70 years old, a Confederate veteran and one of Paducah's most prominent citizens, died this morning from infirmities incident to old age. He was a former resident of St. Louis.

Miss Georgia Maston Dies.

Lancaster, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Georgia Maston died near Buckeye of pneumonia. She was 35 years old.

Victim of Pneumonia.

Tompkinsville, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—William L. Marrs died suddenly of pneumonia.

BAD MARKSMAN WAIVES POLICE COURT HEARING.

Joseph Beahl waived examination in the Police Court yesterday on a charge of shooting at without wounding and was held to answer under $2,000 bond. He also was fined $10 and required to give a $1,000 bond for a year, after a trial on a disorderly conduct charge. According to the testimony, Beahl was disorderly in the neighborhood of Wenzel and Main streets, and when Sergt. Trompeter started to arrest him Beahl opened fire upon him. Fortunately all of the shots went wild and he was soon taken into custody.

Fined For Violating Game Law.

The $5 reward offered by the Kentucky Fish and Game Protective Association for the conviction of anyone violating the game law was paid yesterday. The offender, L. C. Voss, was fined $5 and costs in Squire George Bailey's court. His offense was shooting blackbirds, which is unlawful. The association is hot on the trail of several persons who are doing illegal seining and expect to cause the arrest of several offenders of the fish laws shortly. It is requested that anyone seeing or hearing of violations of the game or fish laws notify the secretary, E. H. Nobbe, or the Game Warden, Dr. Darragh.

Flower Mission Report.

(Communicated.)

The Louisville Flower Mission wishes to thank Mrs. Dugan, Mrs. Wedeking and two friends for clothing, also Star & Schwartz for hats. We also thank Jacob Schulz, Henry Fuchs and F. Walker & Co. for flowers. The mission held the annual election of officers last Thursday morning, resulting as follows:

Mrs. B. P. Bagley, president; Mrs. H. E. Slocum, first vice president; Mrs. C. C Bickel, second vice president; Mrs. E. N. Macpherson, secretary; Mrs. G. M. Warner, treasurer.

SECRETARY FLOWER MISSION.

Buck Closes With Two Shows To-day.

With a matinee and an evening performance, the Empire Show Company will close its week's engagement at the Buckingham Theater and the house and company will terminate their seasons. The house will remain dark during the summer months. There are several vaudeville acts on the present bill especially meritorious. Macrae and Levering, the trick comedy cyclists, have a stunt replete with comedy. Montambo and Barbelli, the eccentric acrobats, and John A. West, the musical brownie, also give entertaining specialties.

Points About People.

Miss Lyda Clay Engels, of Lexington, will arrive the first of next week to visit Miss Jean Bruce Haldeman.

* * *

Mrs. Joseph Clay Vanmeter will entertain at bridge this afternoon at The Seelbach in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Archie Hamilton, of Lexington, and Miss Mary Belle Taylor, of Frankfort.

* * *

Mrs. Isham Ralley and daughter, Miss Sue Ralley, of Versailles, are spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mr. Woodford Clay, of Paris, is here attending the races.

* * *

Mrs. J. P. Simmons and son, Mr. McCreary Simmons, of Richmond, will return home to-morrow after a week's visit to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Elkin in the Highlands.

* * *

Mrs. Sterling B. Toney, of Denver, arrived yesterday to visit her sister, Mrs. Darwin Johnson, at her home in St. Charles Place.

* * *

Dr. J. P. Holt, of Versailles, returned home yesterday after a few days' stay at The Seelbach.

* * *

Miss Mary Mason Scott, of Frankfort, arrived yesterday to attend the May Music Festival.

* * *

Mrs. Jesse Graddy, of Versailles, who came Wednesday morning to visit her niece, Mrs. Henry Robb, will return home to-day.

* * *

Mrs. William Saber, of Columbus, Ga., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones, and will remain until after the Long-Peabody wedding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Grigsby, of Bardstown, are here visiting friends for several days.

* * *

Mrs. Richard Swope, of Chicago, arrived last evening to visit Mr. and Mrs. Harry Robb for a month.

* * *

Mrs. A. Adams and daughter, Miss Jane Adams, of Crab Orchard, returned home yesterday after a visit of a few days to Mrs. John Haldeman at her apartment in the Weissinger-Gaulbert.

* * *

Mrs. H. P. Mason and daughter, Miss Anne Mason, of Frankfort, are spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Dr. W. E. Risque, of Midway, has returned home after a visit of several days in Louisville.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Vreeland will close their house on Fourth avenue to-day and open their country place at Glenview.

* * *

Mr. W. B. Durrett has returned to his home in Nashville after visiting his sister, Mrs. W. W. Long.

* * *

Misses Josephine and Mary Edna Logan, of Shelbyville, who have been the guests of Mrs. J. Walton Graybill for a week, will return home to-day.

* * *

Mrs. John B. Castleman is visiting in Lexington, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Elmer Ralley.

* * *

The meeting of the Filson Chapter, D. A. R., will be held this afternoon at the home of the regent, Mrs. Neville Bullitt. Mrs. Luke Blackburn and Mrs. H. Zane expected to entertain the chapter this week, but the invitations had to be recalled on account of a death in the family.

* * *

Mrs. T. L. Armistead and little daughter, Gladys, of Knoxville, Tenn., will arrive next week to visit Mrs. Kate E. Tompson at her apartment in the St. Charles.

* * *

Mrs. Hiram P. Roberts and daughter, Miss Hettie Roberts, who left two weeks ago for a stay in New York, have taken apartments at the Hotel Plaza.

* * *

The Detroit Free Press says: "Miss Nannie Barbee, the inimitable Southern dialect story-teller, is meeting with brilliant success in Detroit."

* * *

Mrs. Charles Edward Marshall, of New York City, who has been the guest of her father, Mr. John Harwood Milligan, has gone to Nashville to meet Mr. Marshall, who is there on a business trip.

* * *

Miss Julia O'Donnell, the daughter of Mrs. Mary O'Donnell, of Beechmont, and Mr. J. J. Flanigan were married Thursday, April 22, at 7:30 a. m., by the Rev. J. Fitzgerald.

The bride wore a handsome gown of ivory satin with tulle veil caught with orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of bride's roses.

Miss Margaret O'Donnell, the bride's sister, was maid of honor, and wore a gown of real lace over silk and carried a bouquet of pink carnations.

The best man was Mr. Emmett Mallon, of Louisville. Mr. and Mrs. Flanigan left immediately for the East for a short wedding trip.

HOME FOR INCURABLES TO BE OPENED SOON.

King's Daughters Adopt Constitution and By-laws To Govern the New Institution.

At a meeting held by the King's Daughters yesterday at State headquarters, 410 Fourth avenue, the constitution and by-laws for the government of the Home of the Incurables were framed and adopted. At a previous gathering the building for housing the home was secured. All that now remains to be done is the election of standing and temporary committees before the home can be opened. This will be done at a meeting of the members to be held next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. When this has been done the opening date for the home will be near at hand.

Mrs. Homer Stucky, president of the Home for the Incurables, presided at yesterday's meeting, and is well pleased with the progress being made.

MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATOR STOPPING AT SEELBACH.

The Hon. Oakley Bennett, of Louisville, Miss., is at The Seelbach for a few days. He is a member of the Legislature of Mississippi, having been elected two years ago. The legislators for Mississippi are elected for four years, which gives them a service in two sessions of the Legislature. Mr. Bennett said that Louisville, Miss., is not quite so large as the metropolis of Kentucky, but it is just as good in proportion to its size as any town in the United States. Mr. Bennett said that there is absolutely nothing of interest going on in his State at this time that is worth mentioning to the outside world. He said the prohibition question is settled and that next January the State will be ostensibly dry, but the actual result remains to be seen.

NO DATE FOR BEGINNING WORK ON ANNEX FIXED.

No definite date is yet known for the beginning of work on the new $40,000 annex to the Pendennis Club. The plans are almost perfected and when this is completed bids for the work will be advertised for. It is the intention to have the new structure ready for occupancy as early as possible, as the club is now cramped for room.

The new structure will contain all the conveniences of a modern club and will turn the Pendennis into one of the finest clubs in the entire South.

Lecture On Social Service.

The Rev. John Lake will deliver his lecture on "Social Service," with stereopticon views, at Lander Memorial Methodist church in the Highlands to-morrow night. Miss Elizabeth Smith, engaged in deaconess work on the Point, will present the work in a talk.

New Head of Bible Society.

New York, May 7.—The election of Theophilus Brouwer, of this city, as president of the American Bible Society was announced to-day. He succeeds the late Daniel C. Gilman. Mr. Brouwer has been connected with the Bible organization work in New York for sixty years.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

When Riccardo Martin, the Kentucky singer, was presented with a loving-cup by his admirers yesterday, he was taken entirely by surprise. He rose to the occasion, however, and started his little speech of thanks with an apt story.

"I feel," he said, "like the old German who was trying to pronounce the name of a Polish musician and had a hard time doing it.

"'I could tell you this name,' he said, 'if I could play it on my flute for you.'

"So I think that if I could sing my thanks instead of speaking them I should make a better impression."

And then he pitched in and spoke in true Kentucky fashion, which is another way of saying elo

DAMAGE SUIT

Goes On Trial In Judge Fields' Court.

ECHO OF FATAL AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT LAST FALL.

PARK COMMISSIONERS CHARGED WITH VIOLATING CONTRACT.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

The case of George H. Horde, administrator of Miss Katie Horde, against J. S. Minor for $25,000 damages, went to trial in Judge Field's court yesterday. The suit is the result of an automobile accident at Twenty-eighth and Kentucky streets September 29 of last year. The car was being driven by Dr. Raymond O. Minor, son of J. S. Minor, and Miss Horde, with three other passengers beside Dr. Minor, were in the car. When the car was struck by a street car the demolition was complete. Miss Horde was killed and the other passengers, including Dr. Minor, were badly injured. It is said that the automobile, although driven by Dr. Minor, was owned by J. S. Minor. All of the plaintiff's testimony was taken yesterday and the case went over to Monday, when the defense will introduce its testimony.

Suit To Perfect Title.

Mildred J. Hill, with two sisters and a brother, filed suit against the Cave Hill Cemetery Company yesterday and other unknown defendants, heirs of the Rev. W. H. Cambren, to recover the title to a lot in Cave Hill cemetery. The plaintiffs allege that their father, the Rev. William Wallace Hill, in 1855, purchased two lots in Cave Hill cemetery, but on account of the loose or careless methods of bookkeeping in vogue with the company controlling the cemetery at the time the purchase was made, the proper record of the purchase of the lot was not kept. Some years after the purchase of the lot the Rev. W. H. Cambern, it is alleged, who was a traveling minister of the gospel and who was a friend of the Rev. Wallace Hill, died in Indiana, and they were buried in the Cave Hill lot. The error is based on this fact, and as the Rev. W. H. Cambern is long since dead the suit is brought to perfect the title in the right manner.

Park Commissioners Sued.

C. M. Phillips sued the Board of Park Commissioners of Louisville yesterday on the ground that the board had violated a contract which it had entered into with him. The plaintiff alleges that he offered to deed a certain tract of land on Von Borries avenue, extending and bounding a subdivision known as the Highland subdivision, belonging to him, to the board, provided the board would construct a driveway about the land similar to other driveways in that section. The plaintiff alleges that he fulfilled his part of the contract, which was signed August 24, 1908, but since the Board of Park Commissioners has failed to comply with its part of the contract. The plaintiff says that he built the driveway, which cost $994.41. He asks judgment for this amount and for $909 more for damages, and the further sum of $312.

Colin A. Davis' Will.

The will of Colin A. Davies, former superintendent of the Louisville and Cincinnati division of the L. and N. railroad, was offered for probate in the County Clerk's office yesterday. It provides that Graham Davies, the testator's son, shall receive $1,000 from his life insurance and that Thomas Trammell, a friend, shall receive $100 that he may buy an appropriate souvenir of their friendship. The residue of the estate is left to the testator's wife. Graham Davies is named as executor without bond.

Grand Jury's Report.

The grand jury returned the following indictments before adjourning yesterday:

Malicious Cutting and Wounding—Edward Hartsook and Lillian Harris.

Malicious Striking and Wounding—Virgil Potter.

Robbery—Richard Lawson, John Stevenson and John Spillman.

Housebreaking—Joseph L. Schonek.

Aiding the Crime of Cutting and Wounding—Charles Hartsook and James Adders.

George Rosenfeld and Lee Stigmier, who were charged with grand larceny, were dismissed.

Two Divorces Granted.

Two divorce decrees were handed down by Judge Shackelford Miller yesterday. Eighteen Baker and Nannie Baker were married in Jeffersonville July 18, 1890, but had been separated for fifteen years.

Mary Stinson established the fact that five years ago George Stinson abandoned her. They were married in New Albany, Ind., August 23, 1890.

Court Paragraphs.

—Frank C. Mueller sued Clara V. Linn and J. H. Linn for $105.75 on account for work on a house.

—The Otis Elevator Co. sued the Starr-Swartz Co. for $71 for a piece of machinery used in connection with the elevator in the defendant's store.

—Patrick Gorman was adjudged insane in the Criminal Court yesterday morning and ordered sent to the Central Insane Asylum at Lakeland.

—Frederick Beal sued Susan Beal for absolute divorce. Five years' separation is the alleged cause of action. They were married in 1869.

—C. T. Thomas & Co. sued Minnie D. Clark and J. T. Clark for $391 for alleged failure to fulfill contract in a proposed real estate deal.

—James T. Nell sued Fred Welkel, Lida and Thomas C. Timberlake on account for improvements on house amounting to $163.65 and the enforcement of a lien on certain property is asked.

—Willie Frame sued Gilbert Frame for an absolute divorce and the custody of three children on the ground that the defendant is an unfit person to have control of them. Cruel and inhuman treatment is alleged. They were married in Jeffersonville, Ind., in August, 1897.

—Philip Dean sued the Louisville Railway Company for damages in the sum of $10,000 for alleged personal injuries sustained. Plaintiff alleges that he was driving along Brook street April last, when his wagon was struck by a car. His back was wrenched and he sustained other injuries about the body.

—Commissioners of Sewerage of Louisville sued Amelia Ruhl and others for the condemnation of property on the Brownsboro road that a sewer may be constructed across it. The plaintiffs ask that a jury assess the damages, if any, resulting from the construction of the sewer.

—Boyle G. Boyle and others sued Anna Boyle and others and ask for an order of court that certain property which recently was sold for taxes be sold and the proceeds distributed among those who are entitled to it by law. The property was originally owned by Elizabeth Boyle Beatty.

—Commissioners of Sewerage of Louisville sued Martha and Logan Sampson for the condemnation of a portion of a lot on Frankfort avenue in order that a sewer may be constructed across the land. A jury is asked to be impaneled and ascertain what damages, if any, is incurred by the construction of the sewer on the land.

—Commissioners of Sewerage of Louisville sued Mary F. Howe and H. E. Carrier, her tenant, and the court is asked for an order condemning a right of way through the land owned by Howe on the Fontaine Ferry road, in order that the northwestern outfall sewer may be run through it. The plaintiff asks that a jury assess the damages, if any, incurred by the construction of the sewer.

—B. Stern & Son sued John L. Deppen on a judgment obtained in court in November, 1907, amounting to $1,318.44. It is alleged that an execution was issued on the judgment and the Sheriff returned no property found. An attachment is asked of the court against defendant's property and that the defendant be cited to appear and disclose any property subject to execution that he may own.

—Anna Lee Carpenter sued James L. Brown, real estate agent, for $200, which she claims is due her for the sale of a piece of property. Plaintiff alleges that Brown withheld an offer of $400 from her and told her that $200 was all he could get for the property, and she, being inexperienced, accepted the offer. She charges fraudulent misrepresentation on the part of the defendant.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—Western division sitting:

Commonwealth vs. Poindexter, etc., Caldwell; affirmed, whole court sitting.

Nickell, etc., vs. Nickell, Rowan; reversed.

Illinois Surety Company vs. Garrard Hotel Company, Garrard; affirmed.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Scott, Henry; affirmed.

City of Latonia vs. Ebenswelger, Kenton; affirmed.

Brown vs. Commonwealth, Fayette; reversed.

City of Louisville vs. Gagen, Jefferson; petition for rehearing overruled (response filed).

Gilbert vs. Gilbert, Harlan; petition for rehearing overruled.

Probst vs. Hinsley, Jefferson; damages on affirmance awarded.

Louisville Railway Company vs. Knuckle's administrator, Jefferson; petition for rehearing overruled.

McClelland vs. McClelland, Fayette; appellant given thirty days' additional extension to file petition for rehearing.

C., N. O. and T. P. Railroad Company vs. Harrod's administrator, Scott; appellee filed supplemental brief on petition for rehearing.

Watson vs. Chandler, Webster; appellee filed brief.

Ryan vs. Logan County Bank, Logan; appellant filed supplemental response to petition for modification of opinion.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Englemann's administratrix, Lincoln; appellee filed brief.

C. and O. Railroad Company vs. Wiley, Woodford; argued by J. A. Scott for appellee and John T. Shelby for appellant and cause submitted.

Ordered that court adjourn until Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock.

AT THE CHURCHES.

EPISCOPAL.

St. Paul's Church—Fourth and Magnolia. The Rev. John Mockridge, rector. Services: Holy communion, 7:30 a. m.; Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; morning service and sermon, 11 o'clock; afternoon service, 4 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN.

First Christian Church—The Rev. E. L. Powell, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. Evening subject, "The Old Book, or Memory and Progress."

BAPTIST.

Broadway Baptist Church—Between Brook and First streets. William Warren Landrum, pastor. Morning worship at 11 o'clock; subject, "The World and the Soul." Evening worship at 8 o'clock; subject, "Common Sense Religion—Reasonable Prayer." Seats free. All welcome.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

First Church of Christ, Scientist—Location, Third avenue, between Oak and St. Catherine streets. Subject lesson sermon, "Adam and Fallen Man. Hour, 11 o'clock a. m. All are welcome.

JEWISH.

Temple Adath Israel—Third avenue, between York and Breckinridge streets. H. G. Enelow, D. D., rabbi. Services will be held Saturday at 10 a. m. and Sunday at 11 a. m. Subject of sermon Sunday, "Essentials of Modern Ethics." All are welcome.

Answer in person some furnished room ads before deciding upon what your new address is to be.

FREE TRADERS WIN IN HIGH SCHOOL DEBATE.

Section of Senior Class In Political Economy Pair Off and Try Issue.

Yesterday morning a section of the senior class in political economy debated the question of free trade and protection before the assembled school. The main contention of the free-traders was that free trade is merely the modern extension of the division of labor, that if a man can excel in some one branch he should do the thing that he can do best and most profitably and not something which is least profitable. In the same way, it was urged, there should be division of labor between States and nations. If France can make silk better and more economically than the United States it was contended that it would be better to let France make the silk while the United States grew the wheat to pay for it. The fact that a nation could not afford to do a thing was held to be a sufficient reason for doing something it could afford to do.

The protectionists argued that the soil would soon become exhausted if the nation were mainly agricultural, that men and nations were better off when there was diversity in their pursuits, that all-around American ingenuity had been developed by protected manufactures, and that in case of war a nation should be self-sustaining, not only able to raise its own food, but also to manufacture its clothing and war supplies.

The following boys argued that the United States should maintain a protective tariff: William Wallace Downing, Roy Albert DeHart, Maxwell J. Scher, Sidney A. Fetter, Joseph W. Foley, Milton Elsner, Burton B. VanDyke, Robert Lee Hall, George VanArsdale.

The following spoke in favor of free trade: Kendrick R. Lewis, Graeme Macdonald, John M. Schrodt, Joseph Taustine, Clarence W. Vogt, Norris Embry, Bertram A. Newhall, Tony Levitan, Edgar Lee Howard.

While both sides made telling points, the free-traders were given the decision in their favor.

NEW SCHEDULE FOR LOUISVILLE AND EASTERN.

The new summer schedule, for the convenience of suburbanites, has been put in effect by the Louisville and Eastern railroad (Pewee Valley line). It provides half-hour service, 6 a. m. to 7:30 p. m., as far east as Pewee Valley, and hourly thereafter until 12:30 a. m. For Board and Lagrange, hourly from 6:30 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. No change is made in limited trains, arriving in Louisville at 7:57 a. m. and leaving at 5:15 p. m. The 6 p. m. train from Louisville will run through to Beard, instead of to Pewee Valley, as heretofore. During the summer there will be added an 8 p. m. train from Louisville to Pewee Valley, and another leaving that station at the same hour for Louisville, on Saturday and Sunday.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely PURE

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Royal does not contain phosphatic acid (which is the product of bones digested in sulphuric acid) or alum (which is one-third sulphuric acid), unhealthful substances adopted for other baking powders because of their cheapness.

FINE PROGRAMME

Being Arranged For Press Association Meeting.

TO BE HELD AT ESTILL SPRINGS JUNE 28 TO JULY 1.

DEBATE ON STATE-WIDE PROHIBITION A FEATURE.

PLENTY OF ENTERTAINMENT.

When the Kentucky Press Association gets together for its antual meeting and outing this year, the members will find before them for their pleasure and edification an unusually attractive programme. It will be a departure from the usual style, in that it will embrace subjects heretofore considered foreign to the makers of newspapers.

While the programme has not yet been finally arranged, it was outlined at a meeting of the programme committee, held in the leather room at The Seelbach yesterday afternoon. The final details will be added at a meeting to be held in conjunction with an entertainment committee named by the Eighth District Newspaper League, to be held at Lexington next Friday.

The programme outlined at the meeting at The Seelbach embraces several interesting subjects of current moment. Among them is a debate on the subject of State-wide prohibition. Both sides of the question are to be championed by persons widely familiar with the situation.

Tax Reform.

Another subject, which is also a current one, will be tax reform. W. Ford, vice president of the Columbia Trust Company, has been selected to make an address along tax reform lines. Mr. Ford, who is a member of the State Tax Commission and is well posted, has already agreed to make the address.

Col. E. Polk Johnson, who once was a member of the craft, and he would not "get the ink off his fingers" if he could, has also agreed to take part in the programme. His subject will be "If I Were a Newspaper Man," but what he intends to tell the editors he would do in that event is not known. It may be guessed, however, that his talk will be brimming with ideas, wit and humor.

Several subjects of interest in a business way to the editors will be taken up. Among these will be a discussion of a uniform accounting and inspection law. This will be elucidated by M. H. Thatcher, State Inspector and Examiner. One of the principal questions with every newspaper man, "How to Get Advertising," is to be talked about by J. E. Fawcett, of the Madisonville Hustler. All the editors know that Mr. Fawcett can "get advertising," because they see his live paper at intervals, with its columns "looking up" with good live matter all the time.

Mrs. Breckinridge To Speak.

Another departure for this year's meeting will be an address by Mrs. Desha Breckinridge, whose subject is one that is now interesting not only to the women of the State, but everybody who has a pride in the development of the Commonwealth. She will speak on "Woman's Work in Kentucky." Mrs. Breckinridge is a fluent and forceful speaker, and her talk will prove of great value to the general movement of civic improvement, etc., now being urged by the women of Kentucky, because she is going to see to it that the newspapers are made enthusiastic allies of the women in their commendable work.

At the meeting yesterday it was decided to make application for a special train, to leave Louisville at 10 o'clock on the morning of June 28. This train is for the comfort and convenience of the delegates from Southern and Western Kentucky, and will make it unnecessary for them to come to Louisville a day in advance of their departure from here to Estill Springs.

Another matter taken up was the opening of the meeting at the springs with a grand ball. This feature, however, was not fully decided upon, but will be taken up again at the joint meeting of the programme committee and the committee from the Eighth District League, which has constituted itself an entertainment committee for the association. The amusement features contemplated by the hosts at the springs are diversified and numerous.

Round Table Discussions.

Two round tables will be conducted during the meeting. One will be in charge of Edward D. Shinnick, of Shelbyville, on "How to Make a Country Newspaper Profitable," and the other will be looked after by R. R. Perry, of Winchester, on "What to Print and What Not to Print."

C. M. Barnett, formerly Surveyor of the Port here, but now editor and publisher of the Hartford Republican, will lead the subject on "Good Roads Constitutional Amendment." Mr. Barnett is well posted on the subject of good roads, and will handle it ably.

T. J. Underwood was selected at yesterday's conference to make response on behalf of the association to the address of welcome, which is to be delivered at Estill Springs by R. D. Friend, representing the Estill Springs management. The date for the meeting was fixed for June 28 to July 1, inclusive.

"KOH-I-NOOR" Pencils have every good points and every point good. One "KOH-I-NOOR" will outlast six ordinary pencils. Ask your dealer.

DUBOURG GIVEN UNTIL JUNE TO QUIT BUSINESS.

Continuance Granted In Case of Marion Mathena, Who Wants License To Conduct Saloon.

Upon the statement of "Judge" Nick Vaughn, attorney for M. L. Dubourg, who owns a saloon at 101 East Market street, that Dubourg was going out of business at the end of the month, the bookkeeper's license was revoked under date of June 1 by the members of the license board at their meeting yesterday afternoon. Mr. Vaughn said unless Dubourg was allowed to run until his lease expired in June, that he would appeal from the decision of the board.

A continuance until next Friday was granted the Commonwealth for the hearing of a petition from Marion Mathena for a saloon at Twentieth and Cedar streets. Mathena has 102 names on a petition favoring the granting of the license and the Commonwealth has a remonstrance containing some thirty names. The meeting marked the first appearance of Edwin B. Green as a member of the license board. He is now a member, by virtue of his position, as chairman of the Board of Public Works, succeeding William Marshall Bullitt.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday totaled $57,021.25. They were apportioned as follows: Lists, $31.04; beer, $16,265; whisky, $43,294.28; cigars, $85.65; tobacco, $11,828.10; special tax, $329.18, and bottling stamps, $228. The total collections for the month are $315,635.58. The gain over last year for the month is $38,-203.78.

EVERYBODY IN LOUISVILLE

and throughout the earth in all directions outside of Louisville who can read, will read the great Sunday morning edition of the

COURIER-JOURNAL TO-MORROW

MR. MERCHANT, don't you think it would be a great business stroke to tell all the thousands of to-morrow's readers that YOUR shop has several irresistible attractions? How are the people to know where you are and what you have to sell unless you "go tell them?" At one stroke you can "reach out to" nearly 100,000 actual readers on Sunday mornings through the columns of this great newspaper.

BIG ESTATE

Disposed of by Will of I. F. Whiteside.

PROBATED IN CLARK CIRCUIT COURT YESTERDAY.

WIDOW GETS HALF INTEREST IN BAKERY.

CHILDREN ARE PROVIDED FOR.

Executed in the presence of Charles L. A. Johnson and Melchert Z. Stannard, both of Jeffersonville, on February 9, 1909, one day before he was operated upon at the Norton Infirmary, Louisville, the will of Isaac F. Whiteside, who died Tuesday evening, was filed for probate in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon. The writing is an unusually lengthy one and is in twelve paragraphs. The will settles one question that has been raised since the death of Mr. Whiteside, and this is that he was the sole owner of the large bakery he was at the head of and which he founded in a small way in Jeffersonville twenty-five years ago.

After Mr. Whiteside had arranged for the continuance of the monthly allowance to his mother and for the payment of the same as had been done since his father's death, the will makes final disposition of the estate, in brief, as follows:

The first paragraph directs that all of the just debts of the testator and his funeral expenses are to be paid as soon after death as can conveniently be done and out of funds set apart further along in the writing for that purpose. It is directed in the second paragraph that the amounts which shall be owing to the estate or the executrix thereof, as life insurance, shall be collected and promptly applied on the indebtedness of Mr. Whiteside to Louisville banks, none of which is specified.

* * *

To Sell Certain Real Estate.

Section 3 directs that the real estate on Fourteenth street, between Maple and Lexington streets, Louisville, being thirty feet front on Fourteenth street and 200 feet deep, the interest in the improvements on the ground lying south of the thirty-foot lot and in a lease on the ground executed by the Pennsylvania Land Company, shall be sold by the executrix and the proceeds derived therefrom, or such part as is necessary for the purpose, applied to the payment of any balance of the testator's indebtedness to Louisville banks. The executrix is empowered to make the sale without order of court and without notice, at public or private sale.

In paragraph four Mrs. Catherine G. Whiteside, wife of the testator, is given all of the personal property, including horses and carriages, connected with the family residence at 418 West Front street, Jeffersonville. It is set forth that this bequest includes all tangible chattels in the buildings, or upon the real estate upon which the buildings are situated. By paragraph five Mrs. Whiteside is given all of the real estate of her husband in Clark county, Indiana. This includes the family residence at 418 West Front street; the right, title and interest in a piece of property on Court avenue, between Mechanic and Elliott streets, for the sale of which a bond for a deed had been executed to Frank L. Samuels, the title being retained until certain conditions were carried out; also his right and title to the property on East Chestnut street that belonged to his father and for which his mother has a life estate; also the real estate, dwelling house and other improvements at 1034 Highland avenue, Louisville.

* * *

Son Gets Quarter Interest.

The bakery plant, bakery business and bakery property is disposed of by paragraph six as follows: To his wife, Catherine G. Whiteside, the undivided one-half thereof; to a son, William S. Whiteside, and a daughter, Nora D. Whiteside, each the undivided one-fourth thereof. The bequests set forth in the paragraph include everything connected in any way with the plant on Broadway, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, Louisville, the real estate being described as having a frontage of 157 feet 8 inches on Broadway and extending back 249 feet. All bills receivable, obligations owing the testator, supplies ordered or on hand, cash and everything else are included in the bequest.

It is directed in paragraph seven that the real estate and bakery plant shall not be sold during the period of ten years next after the death of the testator. It is provided that nothing contained in the paragraph shall prevent the owner of any interest in the bakery business selling his or her interest to cotenants. There is a further provision that nothing contained in the paragraph shall prevent the owners from conveying the property to a corporation in which they shall be the owners of all the stock or from conveying their stock in such corporation to each other as they may elect. Nothing in the paragraph is to prevent the wife, son and daughter from operating the plant and business under such name as they may select and making sales of manufactured products in the regular course of business.

* * *

Indebtedness To Banks.

Paragraph eight provides that should the proceeds from the insurance on the life of the testator, combined with the proceeds to be derived from the sale of the real estate mentioned in paragraph three, be insufficient to pay the indebtedness of Mr. Whiteside to the Louisville banks the balance of the indebtedness is to be paid out of the earnings of the bakery. All of the rest and residue of the estate, of whatsoever kind, by paragraph nine, is given to Mrs. Whiteside. It is explained in paragraph ten that nothing is left to Mr. Whiteside's daughters, Susan May Whiteside and Catherine Whiteside, for the reason that their interests have been fully considered by the testator and protected in the provisions made for the wife, Mrs. Catharine W. Whiteside. Paragraph eleven directs that the bequests made in favor of Mrs. Whiteside shall be in lieu of her right to take any interest in the estate under the laws of descent of the State of Indiana or the State of Kentucky. By paragraph twelve Mrs. Catherine G. Whiteside is named as sole executrix of the will.

No inventory of the estate was filed and the value of it has not been estimated. The bakery, however, is one of the finest in the country and was put in operation less than a year ago. Mr. Whiteside having built a new plant out and out, abandoning his old one. Mrs. Whiteside, up to last night, had not taken any steps toward qualifying as executrix and it is not known what the amount of the bond will be.

SPECIAL BOTTLES FOR SAMPLES OF SPUTA.

For the microscopical examination of sputa in suspected tuberculosis cases, short, wide-mouthed, tightly-corked bottles are now provided by the Health Department and can be had free of cost by application at the department any time during office hours. Samples of sputa have been repeatedly sent by doctors and their patients in very unsafe condition; for instance, in salve boxes, pill boxes, bottles with mouths stopped with newspaper roll, etc.

One bottle of sputa, found on examination to contain great quantities of tubercle bacilli, arrived by mail in a prominent doctor's envelope, and on opening was found to have lost its stopper, the contagious slime bathing the interior of the envelope.

More than once, carriers of the sputa—members of the family affected—exhibit the mucus from the leaky container sticking to the hand, on passing the package over to the microscopist.

A bottle of sputa arrived the other day with a written message to examine it for the Anti-tuberculosis Association. The mouth of the bottle had no cork and was simply covered with a piece of paper held in place by a rubber band.

The United States mail will not receive material of this kind knowingly.

The sputa that comes from the throat and chest on rising in the morning is usually the best for examination purposes.

The name and address of the patient and the name of the physician should accompany each sample.

Of course, the name of the patient is not divulged, but it is necessary in order to identify the sample.

WANT MONEY

For Kentucky Exhibit At Seattle Exposition.

STATE COMMISSIONERS TO SOLICIT SUBSCRIPTIONS.

SECRETARY GEORGE B. HARPER SENDS OUT CALL.

AUDITOR AFTER SHERIFFS.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—If Kentucky has an exhibit or display of any kind at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition in Seattle this summer the money will have to be raised by the commissioners, much after the same fashion as money for the Jamestown exhibit was raised. George B. Harper, secretary of the commission for Kentucky, to-day sent out letters to each of the commissioners calling attention to the necessity for soliciting subscriptions. The following is a copy of the letter:

"Dear Sir: As you may remember, at the first meeting of our commission it was decided that, as we had no funds with which to defray the expenses incident to making a creditable State exhibit, we would not undertake to do so, but would endeavor to raise sufficient money to pay for suitably furnishing such space as the exposition authorities might be able to give us, employ an attendant and make it Kentucky headquarters.

"In accordance with the resolution, I wrote the director general and director of exhibits and privileges, at the same time suggesting that we might desire to assemble the Kentucky commercial exhibits. After a long delay I was advised that the only available space they could offer us was in the agricultural gallery, approximately sixty feet frontage by fourteen feet depth; that this, however, would not include commercial exhibits of any kind, for which there would be a charge of $1 per square foot.

"Chairman E. M. Flexner suggests that I write each of the Kentucky commissioners and request contributions for the purpose above indicated—to furnish a Kentucky headquarters, and to urge each member of the commission to raise as much as possible. The delay occasioned by the failure of the Seattle exposition officers to respond to my letters leaves us a very limited time for preparation.

"It is hoped, therefore, that you will promptly take up the matter of contributions and remit to Mr. Sam P. Jones, Commercial Bank and Trust Company, Louisville, who has been designated as treasurer of the commission. Yours very truly,

GEO. B. HARPER,
"Secretary."

* * *

Auditor After Sheriffs.

Investigation of the accounts of every Sheriff in Kentucky for the last fifteen years has been begun by Frank P. James, State Auditor, and the expert is to collect considerable money from those officials who have been delinquent in that they have not turned into the State treasury all that the State should have received. The State can keep close trace of the amount due on taxes by each Sheriff, but there are said to be many other ways by which the Sheriffs can defraud the State, and the Auditor is going after these. He also is going after those who owe the State, such moneys not guilty of anything more than carelessness.

Mr. James said that one way the Sheriffs could defraud the State was by getting the Fiscal Court to grant exonerations for money that had not been collected and then make the collections. For instance, a Sheriff reports to the Fiscal Court that he failed to collect $1,000 on poll tax. He is exonerated on this item, but later some of the men of the county pay their poll tax to the Sheriff or collects many. That money should go to the State, but in some instances which have been discovered it did not go to the State. Omitted property, which has been left off the Assessor's books, is also a source of fraud on the State. The property may not be assessed and the Sheriff may collect taxes without making any report that would show the collections having been made.

Mr. James expects to get into the treasury considerable money by means of these investigations and also to establish a precedent for the payment so that in the future Sheriffs will not be found short.

* * *

Withdraws Renewal.

Declaring that an extension of its charter life and increasing of its capital stock from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 was a trivial and unimportant thing, the officials of the East Tennessee Telephone Company to-day withdrew from the Secretary of State's office the papers authorizing the company to increase its capital and extend its existence. The company is a Kentucky corporation, having filed articles many years ago in Warren county. Recently the company wanted to increase its capital stock and extend its existence. It filed papers here, but sent a check for $4,000, which the laws of Kentucky required one-tenth of 1 per cent of the capital stock as a payment for original incorporations for the renewal of corporate existence. The telephone company was told it would have to pay $5,000. So to-day it decided not to file the papers and not to do anything here. It is said the company is going to allow its present charter to die.

* * *

Board of Equalization.

Only a few more counties, two or three of the smaller ones, remain to be heard by the Board of Equalization on the assessment for this year and these counties will be finally disposed of on Tuesday, when the board will complete that part of its work. The board will be in session on Tuesday and then will begin the tabulation of the assessments.

* * *

Initial Carrier Liable.

Under the Carmack amendment to the interstate commerce law, according to a decision handed down to-day by the Court of Appeals, the initial carrier is liable for damage to articles shipped, even though the articles were in good condition when delivered to another road for transportation. The case was the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company against N. P. Scott. Scott secured judgment for $275, in Henry county, for damage to seven horses shipped to Waycross, Ga. The horses were delivered by the Louisville and Nashville in good condition to another railroad at Montgomery, Ala., but the horses were not in good condition when they reached the consignee. The Kentucky court says that the Louisville and Nashville is liable.

* * *

Other Decisions.

The court affirmed the judgment of the Garrard Circuit Court in the case of the Illinois Surety Company against the Garrard Hotel Company. The lower court gave judgment in the court below for the hotel company for $2,972, as against the appellant, which was on the bond of Lewis & Glanz, contractors for a hotel at Lancaster.

* * *

Governor of Maryland Coming.

In a letter which was received at the Executive offices to-day, addressed to Gov. Willson, Gov. A. L. Crothers, of Maryland, stated that he would attend the international tax conference to be held in Louisville in September. He will name three delegates from Maryland.

LOUISVILLE MAY BE IN ARTISTS' ITINERARY.

Western Society Will Be Asked To Come By Jefferson Institute.

The art committee of the Jefferson Institute of Arts and Sciences has decided to invite the Society of Western Artists to include Louisville in the itinerary of its annual tour of the country. This was decided at the first meeting of the committee yesterday afternoon, where an organization of a strong committee of local artists was effected. J. Marvin Eddy and Ferdinand G. Walker, chairman and vice chairman respectively of the committee, will take up the matter of an annual exhibit in Louisville with the Society of Western Artists.

The Society of Western Artists is perhaps the strongest organization of its kind in the Middle West. It has the moral and material support of every artist of distinction in the West and carries with it each year into eight or ten large cities an exhibit of the foremost paintings and sculptural works in the land. Efforts have been made in the past to bring this organization to Louisville, but the officers would not give ear to individual requests. Mr. Walker and Mr. Eddy, however, now think that since an institution has been formed here the high officials of the association will reply in the affirmative. Both Mr. Eddy and Mr. Walker agree that the coming of the association to Louisville will arouse great interest in the work of artists here and will give additional prestige to the Jefferson Institute of Arts and Sciences, and for these reasons they intend to exhaust their best efforts in securing the exhibit.

The committee which met yesterday in the office of the institute is composed of the following local men:

J. Marvin Eddy, chairman, Ferdinand G. Walker, vice chairman; Frederick William Hamilton, Philip A. Gaertner, Powhattan Wooldridge, Sr., Pendleton C. Beckley, Davis Brown, Claude M. Barnes, E. P. Bernheim, Avery Robinson, Madison Cawein, A. T. Macdonald, F. Fox, Joseph Krementz and E. B. Tinsley.

GIRL'S SKULL FRACTURED WHILE PLAYING AT SCHOOL.

Bricks From Chimney Fall and Strike Eleven-Year-Old Eva Davis On the Head.

Eva Davis, the 11-year-old daughter of Samuel Davis, of 217 Preston street, who was perhaps fatally injured when bricks fell from a chimney into the yard of the Fourth ward school, remained somewhat easier at the Jewish hospital yesterday and last night, where she is under the care of Dr. Oscar Block. Dr. Block stated that the child had received one of the worst fractures of the skull he had ever seen, and he does not know that she will recover.

The children were playing in the school yard at noon when the bricks, which had become loosened from the chimney on an adjoining house, fell without warning. The little Davis girl was struck on the top of the head and fell to the ground. When her playmates reached her she was unconscious. The city ambulance was called and the child was removed to the Jewish hospital. Two other children, Mollie Freedman, of 216 Preston street, and Mary Schoenberger, were slightly cut about the face and head by the falling debris.

Rest-Room Services.

Miss Mabel Green, of New York, formerly of Louisville, will conduct the usual weekly services in the rest room of the Women's Christian Association, 335 West Market street, Tuesday, May 11, from 12:30 p. m. to 1 p. m. Elvin Harbin will sing a solo.

The board of the Women's Christian Association will meet at 3 p. m. the same day.

CANNELTON MERCHANT DIES IN EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., May 7.—[Special.]—John Tilsley, a former merchant at Cannelton, Ind., died here to-day. The body will be shipped to Cannelton.

EUROPEAN RESORTS.

WHEN IN EUROPE

Have your mail addressed care the London office of The Courier-Journal, No. 3 Regent street, London, England. If desired mail will be forwarded to all parts of Europe and the Continent. Tourists are requested to register at our office upon reaching London.

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River Buffalo, per lb.	5¢
Fine, large Mullets, per lb.	3¢
Red Snapper, per lb.	10¢
Halibut, per lb.	10¢
River Carp, per lb.	4¢
White Perch, per lb.	3¢
Spoon Cat, per lb.	9¢
Spanish Mackerel, per lb.	10¢

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DEATHS.

BROWN—Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Edward P. Brown, aged 23 years.

Funeral from the residence of his mother, 1244 South Fifteenth street, Sunday at 1:30 p. m. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

DOYLE—On the 4th inst., at 9:30 p. m., Dr. B. Oscar Doyle, in the 64th year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 1226 South First street, Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

STOKES—Entered into rest May 7, 1909, at 9:30 a. m., Frank Lawrence Stokes, beloved wife of John M. Stokes.

Funeral from residence, 2127 Transit avenue, Saturday, May 8, at 4 p. m. Burial private.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T

Society In Kentucky

COVINGTON.

COVINGTON, May 7. — [Special.]—Mrs. Jacob Crigler, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Robert de Valcourt Carroll is visiting Miss Fannie Lovell in Germantown, Pa.

Miss Lillian Hunter, of Louisville, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Joseph Finnell, of Wallace Place, has gone to Columbus, O., to visit Mrs. Truitt Sellers.

Mrs. Sam Bowman and daughter, Miss Burlingame, of Chicago, are the guests of Mrs. Fenemore Rindebush.

Mrs. Francis Wilshire entertained Monday with a handsome dinner in compliment to Mrs. Sallie Huber, of New York, the guest of Mrs. W. G. Morris.

The social event of the week was the vaudeville entertainment and dance at the Fort Mitchell Country Club Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Houston are spending their honeymoon at Old Point Comfort. They will soon be domiciled in "The Thayer."

Miss Mary Andrews, of Newport, is entertaining Miss Wilson and Mrs. Northcutt, of Charleston, W. Va.

Miss Kate Hamilton is home from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Chaifant Robinson, in New Haven, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Read, nee Miss Clementine Buchanan, are at Asheville, N. C.

The many friends of Mrs. William Tapp, of Louisville, who formerly lived here, are glad to hear she is convalescing from her recent illness at the Norton Infirmary.

Mrs. Charles Fisk is home from a month's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Edwin Cutler, of Elgin, Ill.

Miss Nell Lansdown is visiting relatives in Chattanooga.

Mrs. Paul Cassady has as her guest Miss Stark, of Bowling Green.

Mrs. Edward Phelps entertained Tuesday the Fort Mitchell Inverness Club.

Mrs. Todd, of Shelbyville, has been a visitor of Mrs. J. A. Savage.

Mrs. Francis Powell, of London, England, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Green.

OWENSBORO.

OWENSBORO, May 7. — [Special.]—Mrs. Raphael Smith was hostess of the "Bachelor Maids'" Club Tuesday afternoon.

Miss Louise Mitchell was hostess of a bridge party Thursday afternoon in honor of Misses Carpenter and Johnston, Miss Elizabeth Woodson's guests.

Misses Elizabeth and Janey Woodson entertained with a dance at the Armory on Friday evening in honor of their guests.

The Married Ladies' Reading Club met with Mrs. J. A. Deane on Wednesday afternoon.

The Gen. Evan Shelby Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution met with Mrs. S. S. Watkins, assisted by Mrs. Emma Hale and Mrs. Emma Hale and Mrs. Mat Nelson.

Miss Virginia Scott Watkins has returned from a visit to Miss Betty Brooks Smith in Louisville.

Miss Amanthus Shipp has returned from Louisville.

Miss Louise Medley, of Springfield, is the guest of her brother in Owensboro.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Pruitt, of Louisville, who have been in Owensboro several days, returned to their home Monday.

Mrs. Jennie Calloway and daughter, Miss Virginia, are guests of Mrs. O. J. Williams.

Mrs. Willard Bates is the guest of Mrs. Platt in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Carter, of Lexington, are guests of Mr. Charlie Carter.

Mrs. C. A. Boyd, of Bowling Green, is the guest of her brother, Mr. James Boyd.

Miss Mary White, of St. Louis, has returned to her home, after spending several days in Owensboro.

Mrs. D. M. Griffith and daughter, Mildred, and son, D. M., Jr., have gone to Asheville, N. C.

CYNTHIANA.

CYNTHIANA, May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Mary Wilgus Jameson has returned from Lexington and Nicholasville.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Smith are visiting Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Young, in Paris.

Miss Mary Carpenter, of Millersburg, was the guest of Miss Missed Cleveland.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Haviland, Jr., entertained Tuesday evening in honor of their sister, Miss Jessie Haviland.

Mrs. Eulainne Struve Hall, of Ashland, is the guest of Miss Blanton Collier.

Miss Anna Foxworthy, of Flemingsburg, is visiting Miss Elizabeth Payne.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Reister have returned from their bridal trip.

Mrs. R. S. Bishop and daughter, Miss Amy Russell, have returned from Winchester, where they were the guests of Mrs. S. J. Ashbrook.

Dr. C. L. Swinford, Henry Vanhook and W. W. Vanderen were guests from here Monday evening to a luncheon given by Mr. Griffiths at Griffiths at her home in Bourbon county.

Miss Johnnie Bowman, of Lexington, came Tuesday to be the guest of Miss Nelva Rouse.

Miss Ruby Cantrill, of Jacksonville, is visiting Mrs. Luther Evans.

LANCASTER.

LANCASTER, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. R. L. Brown and children, of Greenup, are guests of the Rev. C. C. Brown and Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. W. R. Cook was the hostess of the Tuesday Afternoon Club.

The Mary Walker Price Chapter of the U. D. C. meets Monday afternoon with Mrs. Rebecca Westerfield.

Mr. and Mrs. James Y. Currey, of New York, are visiting Mrs. J. C. Hemphill and other relatives.

Mrs. Martha Lusk has gone to Junction City with her niece, Mrs. Nannie E. Bowling.

Mrs. John M. Farra is visiting her sister, Mrs. George A. McRoberts, of Covington.

Miss Anna Herndon is at home again after a visit to Cincinnati.

Miss Belle Denny, of Stanford, has been with her cousin, Miss Katie Lee Denny.

Misses Clara Collier and Allie Pleasants, of Crab Orchard, have been guests of Mrs. A. S. Price.

Mr. Larry D. Jones, of Monticello, has joined his wife and children here on a visit to Mrs. Belle Burnside.

BARDSTOWN.

BARDSTOWN, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Edmonia Roberts is visiting in Louisville.

Mrs. Edward E. Buster, of Springfield, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Virginia K. Thompson.

Mrs. Wallace Brown will leave May 24 to visit Mrs. J. W. Porker in Kansas City, Mo., and other points.

Miss Nell Hooge has returned from Louisville.

Miss Mayme Muir, of Bloomfield, is visiting Miss Anna Logan Muir.

Dr. Charles William, wife and daughter, Beatrice, of Attilla, have returned to their home after a visit to his sister, Mrs. John Mitchell.

Mrs. Sam Peters has gone to Martinsville, Ind., for treatment, accompanied by Miss Laura Summers.

Mrs. B. P. Grigsby, Jr., and Miss Katherine Grigsby are attending the May Festival and visiting friends in Louisville.

Mrs. Ben Johnson has returned from Washington, D. C.

Miss Nettie Foley Pash will leave Monday for Lynnland College to assist in Miss Marriott's recital.

HAWESVILLE.

HAWESVILLE, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. George W. Richards, of Lake, Ind., spent Saturday here with her sister, Miss Dood Adair.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Adair, of Stephensport, spent the day Sunday in town with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ebbert Allen, of Louisville, were here a few days last week on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Chambers.

Mrs. G. O. Patterson spent Tuesday in Lewisport with her mother, Mrs. W. L. Smith.

Mrs. A. B. Hinkle, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Carvel, at Dixon, Ky., has returned home.

Mrs. M. L. Smith, who has been visiting friends in Lewisport, has returned home.

Mrs. Kreagman and Mrs. Fred Voelke, of Tell City, were here Thursday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Greathouse.

HENDERSON.

HENDERSON, May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Hallie B. Jacobs and Mr. John R. Robinson were married Sunday evening at the Second Presbyterian church.

The wedding of Mrs. Margaret Redford Neal and Mr. Edward Sims Ready, of Helena, Ark., will be solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Johnson on the morning of the 12th.

Mr. Walter Wilson gave a dinner at his country home on Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. Thomas Hodge.

Miss Sue Dishman was hostess at bridge Monday evening in honor of Miss Marie Lockett, of Frankfort.

Mrs. Leon Levy entertained the Whist Club on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Emily Elliott entertained at bridge Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Grace Hayes, of California.

Mrs. Fred Mann entertained at whist Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Charles Longini, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Edward Fist, of Pueblo, Col.

Mrs. Albert Leiber was hostess at bridge for Mesdames Gottlieb and Frank, of Texas.

Mrs. W. L. Spalding, of Lawton, Okla., is visiting Mrs. Herman Eckman.

Misses Sallie and Marie Lockett have returned to Frankfort after visiting the Misses Lockett.

Miss Alice Rankin is visiting in Louisville, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gracey Luckett.

Mrs. F. M. Fugate has returned to Madisonville after visiting Mrs. Virgil Berry.

HARRODSBURG.

HARRODSBURG, May 7.—[Special.]—Col. J. P. Chinn and Mrs. Chinn have returned home after a six weeks' visit in California.

Mrs. D. J. Hutchings, of Carlisle, is the guest of her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. K. B. Hutchings.

Mrs. W. L. Beardsley visited friends in Lexington last week.

Mrs. L. D. Cardwell was the hostess of the Art Circle Tuesday afternoon. Miss Willette Forsythe was the leader of the discussion of the American artists, Benson and Simmons. Mrs. L. D. Brewer, Mrs. Robert Carlisle and Miss Margaret Thomas were the guests of the circle.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Grubbs returned home Saturday from Porto Rico, where they have been spending the winter.

Mrs. Agnes Samuel has been the guest of relatives in Lexington.

Miss Margaret Lillard, of Lawrenceburg, was the guest of Miss Susan Bond at Beaumont College, last week.

Mrs. Lee Smock was the hostess at a pleasant and interesting meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Alice Lillard and daughter, Miss Anne, who have been the guests of Mrs. Henry Caswell for several weeks, left Friday for Eureka, Mont.

Miss Nell Cook, of Danville, visited Miss Katherine Robinson this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Phil T. Chinn, of Lexington, are the guests of their parents, Col. J. P. Chinn and Mrs. Chinn.

Miss Cardwell attended the annual convention of County School Superintendents at Richmond last week.

Mrs. L. D. Cardwell entertained a large number of her friends at a delightful tea Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Wilder are spending the week in Williamsburg.

Col. George Bohon and Mrs. George Bohon returned Friday from Atlanta, Ga., where they have been the guests of their daughter, Mrs. John H. Raine.

CENTRAL CITY.

CENTRAL CITY, May 7.—[Special.]—A very enjoyable affair was the reception of Miss Mary May given in honor of Miss Alice Hanghian, the bride of the week, who on Thursday afternoon married Mr. Gibbons Patterson, of Island.

Mrs. Annie Lewis, of Herin, Ill., and Miss Edith and Master David Lewis are spending some time with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. David Morgan.

Mrs. D. F. Gasser is visiting with relatives in Owensboro.

Mrs. Albert Christian and son Daniel returned Monday from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taylor, of Greenville.

Mrs. T. L. Rogers left this week for Greenville, where she will reside.

Miss Ola Harper has returned to her home in Dunmor, after a visit to Miss Altha Cain.

Mrs. Lily Mann returned this week to her home in Evansville after a visit to Mrs. Willis Ragon Johnson, of Greenville.

Miss Ella Alton was the guest of Miss Eula Vick the first of the week.

Mrs. F. F. Lucas returned this week from a visit to relatives at Owensboro.

Miss Bessie Peters, of Birmingham, Ala., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Peters.

LEITCHFIELD.

LEITCHFIELD, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. George Bailey, of Ottawa, O., are the guests of Dr. Armes and family.

Mrs. Frank Tarvin, of Middlesboro, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sallie Lee Bowden.

Mrs. Henry James and daughter have returned from Frankfort and will make this place their home.

Mrs. Owen T. Yates is visiting her sister, Miss Annie Abram, of Louisville.

Mrs. Joe Claggette, who spent several weeks with her son, Dr. R. L. Claggette, of Louisville, has returned home.

Mrs. O. C. Cecil, of Cecilia, is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. L. Moorman.

Miss Hattye Grinnell is visiting at Campbellsville.

Miss Helen Creech and Mr. Richard Van Norte were quietly married at the Methodist parsonage last Tuesday.

Miss Annie Stoy has been visiting relatives in Elizabethtown.

Miss Katie McCabe has returned from Grayson Springs, where she has been teaching, and is now with her sister, Mrs. Warren Payton.

Mr. Gordan Moorman, of Scottsville, has been visiting his mother, Mrs. L. Moorman.

Mrs. Paul Rossdeutscher and son Charles have gone to Louisville to reside.

Miss Lillie Craig, of Louisville, has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. James Day.

ONE OF THE JEWELS OF A GARRARD COUNTY HOME.

BERTIE PAULINE McCLURE PRICE, Daughter of Mrs. A. S. Price, of Lancaster.

NEW HAVEN.

NEW HAVEN, May 7.—[Special.]—Misses Alice and Bessie Rapier returned home after a visit to their sister, Mrs. Sam J. Dan, in Louisville.

Mrs. Winifred Mahoney and children have returned home after a two weeks' stay with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willett, in Fredericksburg.

Mrs. J. Ekro Rapier and children are visiting her mother, Mrs. John Stoker, of Bardstown.

Master Sylvester Rapier, Jr., who is attending school at St. Xavier, is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Rapier.

Messrs. Boone Rapier and Rapier Hodgen, of Bardstown, spent a few days here last week.

Miss Amy Hagan, of Louisville, is visiting her cousins, Misses Mabel and Emma Hagan.

Mrs. Errol Roby and little son, Allan Barkhust Roby, have returned home after two weeks' stay with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Sutherland.

Mrs. A. K. Bowling and children have returned home from a visit to Louisville.

Mrs. Cynthia Boone has returned from a visit to Bardstown.

Miss Edna Cissill has returned from a visit to her parents at Howardstown.

Mr. and Mrs. George M. Roberts and little daughter, Elizabeth Cambarn Roberts, have returned from a visit to Mrs. Robert's brother, Mr. Rhoda Rapier, of Louisville.

Miss Flora Mudd, of Springfield, is visiting her brother, Dr. E. D. Mudd.

Mrs. Laura Hayes and son, Mr. Ray Boone, and Miss Camilla Rapier, attended the commencement at the College of Dentistry, Louisville.

Miss Ella Rapier and brother, of Bardstown, are visiting friends and relatives in Bowling has returned from a visit to his daughter, Mrs. V. P. Brian, of Hodgenville.

STURGIS.

STURGIS, May 7.—[Special.]—Mr. E. B. Jones made a short visit to Dixon the first of the week.

Mr. T. W. Calloway and daughter and Miss Mary Hammond were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Newman, of near Morganfield, last Sunday.

Mrs. C. C. Jones, of Spottsvill, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Mark E. Eastin.

Miss Martha Onan was hostess to the "42" Club at her lovely country home last Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Roy McClelland, of Henderson, visited his parents here last Sunday.

Mr. John Harth, of Paducah, was at Caseyville last Monday looking after business interests.

Mr. George Whitecotton, of Sullivan, was in Sturgis Monday.

N. E. Calmese made a trip to Morganfield, Union town and other points in the county the first of the week.

Mrs. Sue Neal visited her brother and family at Marion last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mann, of Henderson, are guests of Mrs. Martin's mother, Mrs. Ida Sullivan, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Quirey, of Sullivan, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Sprague Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Dixie Hilo, of Collinsville, arrived last Wednesday to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stone.

Mr. Alex. King made a business trip to Henderson last Monday.

President Barrett and Mrs. Midyett, of the Ohio Valley College, entertained Thursday night at the McGill home in honor of their thirtieth wedding anniversary.

Mrs. C. H. Ellis and children are visiting relatives at Calhoun, Ky.

Mrs. B. F. Davis, of Hickman, was the guest of Mrs. P. H. Winston last Saturday.

SHELBYVILLE.

SHELBYVILLE, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. T. E. McFerran, of Louisville, is visiting friends here.

Miss Callie Moore, of Louisville, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. C. S. Royalty.

Mrs. Vaughan Grant and Mrs. Wilson T. Layson have returned from a visit in Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Raines and children have gone to Danville to make their future home.

Mrs. J. C. Trowbridge, of Louisville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George N. Middleton.

Miss Bertha Scott, of Frankfort, has returned home after a visit to Miss Juliet Poynter.

Miss Eloise Maddox is a guest of Miss Jennie Belle Patterson at Lexington.

Mrs. Julia Beckham has returned to Frankfort, after visiting the family of Judge J. C. Beckham.

Miss Rebecca Goodman is spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Goodman in Louisville.

Mrs. Gray McLean, of Louisville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George L. Willis.

Mrs. Laura Scobee has returned to Elmburg after spending several days with her sister, Mrs. C. S. Royalty.

Misses Minnie Perkins and Alice Hoover have returned from a visit to the family of Mr. Jeptha Perkins in Frankfort.

Miss Grace Thatcher has returned to Science Hill after a visit to Friends in Paris.

The Rev. and Mrs. Bunyon Stephens, of Kissimmee, Fla., are visiting Mrs. Stephen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. McClure.

Mrs. Nancy Arnsparger has returned to her home in Midway, after spending several weeks with relatives in this county.

CARROLLTON.

CARROLLTON, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Emma Fisher has gone to Lexington, Ind., for a month's visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Elliston are spending the week in Louisville.

Mrs. Mary Fisher has returned from a six months' visit in Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Ella Stringfellow has gone to Madison to spend a week with Miss Mamie Merrill.

Miss Sarah Yancey has returned to her home in Owenton.

Mrs. Bettie Smith has had as guests Mr. and Mrs. Ben Lawson, of Springfield, O.

The members of the Priscilla Club were guests of Miss Lucille Raney Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Joseph Lindsay visited in Madison, Ind.

Friday afternoon the members of the Chautauqua Club were handsomely entertained by Miss Jane Stringfellow.

Mrs. T. J. Handlon and Mrs. Dudley Miller are visiting in Madison.

Mrs. George B. Winslow is home from a short visit in Louisville.

Miss Nellie Halford is spending several months in San Bernardino, Cal.

Mrs. William Ellsworth Fisher is visiting in Avondale.

OWENTON.

OWENTON, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. W. Botts is in Versailles, the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. O. Vaught.

Mrs. T. A. Perry and little son, T. A., Jr., have returned from a visit to her mother, Mrs. W. H. Ramsey, in New Albany.

Miss Ruth Bryan was hostess to the Owenton Shakespeare Club Friday evening. A musical romance was enjoyed, after which an ice course was served. This was the club's last meeting of the season.

Mrs. H. H. Moore visited relatives in Louisville several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Guthrie, of New Castle, are here the guests of their daughter, Mrs. O. H. Curtis.

Miss Emma Roberts entertained the Sewing Circle most delightfully Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Rosa Elliston, who has been the guest of Judge and Mrs. C. W. Threlkeld for a few weeks, has returned to her home at Latonia.

Mrs. J. B. Hutcheson and little daughter, Anna Mary, are in Lexington the guests of the family of Mr. Thos. Walker. They will go from there to Burnside for a visit to Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Hutcheson, and will also visit the families of Mr. J. W. Hutcheson and M. B. Sallin before returning home.

Prof. W. E. Riley entertained the senior class of the Owenton Graded School Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. W. S. Gayle.

Miss Susie Roberts will return home tomorrow from Stamping Ground, where she has been engaged in teaching school.

Miss Sara Gayle entertained the members of her Sewing Club Saturday afternoon.

NICHOLASVILLE.

NICHOLASVILLE, May 7.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cleveland have announced the engagement of their daughter Dorinda to Mr. Calvin Hershey Doney, of Dayton, O. The wedding will take place in June.

Miss Lucile Bell entertained the Clio Club Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. E. W. McCorkle was hostess to Trabue Chapter, D. A. R., Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Rogers, of Hopkinsville, are guests of Mrs. Carrie Barbour.

"THE CASTLE," ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL HOMES IN CLOVERPORT

The beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mattingly at Cloverport. The place is known as "The Castle," and from it is a most beautiful view of the Ohio River and the surrounding country, including Indiana.

EMINENCE.

EMINENCE, May 7.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Thomas have returned from their wedding trip and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Herndon.

Miss Berta Bryant, of Lexington, is the guest of Miss Lucille Morgan.

Miss Bess Sweeney returned Friday from a visit to Louisville.

Mrs. Thomas Middleton and little daughter Sarah visited Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Johnson in Louisville Wednesday.

Miss Lucille Morgan has returned from a visit to Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Karr attended the Wolcott cattle sale near Scott Station, Wednesday.

Mrs. Beverley Robinson and children have returned to Louisville.

Miss Fannie Gordon was in Louisville this week.

Mrs. Loran B. Baskett was hostess to the Eminence Literary Club Saturday afternoon.

Miss Edith McGinnis has returned from a visit to Miss Louise Wooldridge in Louisville.

Mrs. Fred Perkins and little daughter, Ethel Pugua, of Batesville, Miss., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Moody.

The Woman's Literary Club is being entertained this afternoon by Miss Sarah Maddox at her country home.

Mrs. Barbee, who has been the guest of Mrs. John W. Haymaker and Mrs. Robert Haymaker, has returned to Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross McGennis have returned from a visit to friends in Louisville.

Mrs. Lindsay Crabb, who was the guest of her parents, Gov. and Mrs. W. P. Thorne, has returned to Louisville.

Mrs. Robert Haymaker was in Louisville this week.

Mrs. Joseph G. Armistead is expecting her mother, Mrs. Sullivan, to visit her very soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Calloway Moody were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Winghore.

Mrs. Rhodes Jenkins is in Louisville.

BLOOMFIELD.

BLOOMFIELD, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Dorsey Brown and daughter, Miss Sarah Dorsey, have returned to their home in Kaufman, Tex., after spending three months with Mrs. Sarah Sterrett.

Mr. and Mrs. William O'Rear, of Carlisle, spent several days here, the guest of friends.

Mrs. Overton Conrad, of Wilsonville, has returned, after a visit to her mother, Mrs. E. W. Whittington.

Mrs. Dee Bowman, of Louisville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Stone.

Mrs. William Britt and son, Hughes, are visiting relatives near Covington.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Humphrey, of Louisville, are here visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Humphrey.

Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Castle, of Lexington, spent a few days here, the guests of Mrs. Guy Dawson.

Mrs. James Truax, of Taylorsville, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Rebecca Vandeventer.

Mrs. James Bachelder is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Beck, in Louisville.

Miss Mayme Minor Muir is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Nathaniel Muir, in Bardstown.

Mrs. Edward McGarvy, of Detroit, arrived this week to visit her mother, Mrs. Annie Duncan.

Mrs. Robert Graham, of Louisville, is visiting Mrs. Green Hays.

Mrs. T. L. Grundy, Mrs. Scott Stratton, Mrs. Isaac McMakin and Misses Annie and Lila Gore are among those who attended the reception given by Mrs. Smith Barlow and Mrs. McMakin, at Bardstown.

Misses Sue Hinkle and Elizabeth Duncan have returned from a visit to Miss Willie Sinclair, in Louisville.

GEORGETOWN.

GEORGETOWN, May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Laura Burgess has returned from a visit in Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. Jo Walker Finley have gone to Silver City, N. M., where they expect to reside in the future.

Miss Helen Kelly has been visiting in Harrodsburg.

Miss Zella May Ashurst is home from a visit in Frankfort.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McCaul, of Virginia, are the guests of relatives here.

Mrs. Gabe Duvall, of Lexington, has been visiting relatives in Scott county.

Mrs. Kinzea Stone has gone to Wilmore on account of the serious illness of her mother.

Mrs. Florence Finney, of New Orleans, is the guest of Mrs. J. P. Jackson.

Mrs. John R. Palmer has been spending the past week with her parents in Covington, returning home Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Urian Hambrick are back from a trip of several months in Florida.

Mrs. Bromius Payne has been visiting in Millersburg.

Mrs. George C. Armstrong entertained the Card Club Tuesday.

Mesdames Richard H. Wolfe and Mary Bryan have returned from a trip to Mullavia Springs.

ASHLAND.

ASHLAND, May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Almeda Haynes, of Owensboro, is the charming guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Malin.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wilholt, of Louisville, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wilholt.

Richard Peebles, of Portsmouth, O., was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Peebles, Sunday.

Mrs. A. Calderwood, of Charleston, W. Va., has returned to her home after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Kate Stephenson, of Broadway.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hampton have gone to Thomas, W. Va., to spend the summer with their daughter, Mrs. J. L. Miller.

Miss Louise Poage was calling on Ironton, O., friends Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. James H. Hall is visiting friends in Cynthiana.

Garrett B. Wall, of Richmond, Va., was the guest of friends in Ashland Friday.

Mesdames C. T. Scott and M. W. Thomas were the guests of Huntington, W. Va., friends Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ironton A. Kelly will occupy their new home recently purchased from C. K. Chadwick after June 1.

Mrs. J. S. Head was in Huntington, W. Va., Tuesday.

R. G. Page has returned from a week's stay in Pittsburg, Pa.

LAWRENCEBURG.

LAWRENCEBURG, May 7.—[Special.]—Miss Margaret Merriwether, of Asheville, N. C., arrived this week for a visit to Mrs. D. L. Merriwether.

Mrs. A. M. Bond and Miss Artemesia Ripy have returned from a visit to friends in Louisville.

Miss Margaret Lillard is spending several days with Miss Jessie Mae Lillard in Lexington.

Mrs. Sallie Ripy, Mrs. J. P. Ripy and Miss Wallace Ripy have returned from a stay in Louisville.

PADUCAH.

PADUCAH, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. A. Gardner has returned from Oklahoma City, where she visited her son, Attorney Charles Cox.

Mrs. Melvin Wallerstein has returned from a visit to Macon, Ga.

Mrs. Walter Sheppard, of Fulton, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Sophia Bumgard.

Miss Nancie Smith, 505 North Eighth street, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. H. West, Jackson, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Hub Pullen have returned from Mayfield, where they visited Mr. Pullen's father, Mr. A. T. Fullen.

Mr. and Mrs. William Crow and daughter, of Los Angeles, are the guests of Mrs. James Crow.

Miss Tillie Anspacher has gone to Syracuse, N. Y., to visit before going to Hudson, Mass., to spend the summer.

Miss Marie Hodges, of Paragould, Ark., is the guest of Miss Willie Willis.

Miss Maud Weiland, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. Frank Smith.

The wedding of Miss Viola Ullman and Mr. Joseph Greenbaum, of Louisville, is announced for June 15.

Mrs. John Croal is visiting in St. Louis.

Miss Lula Beadles has returned from Mayfield.

Mrs. William B. Green, of the Cochran apartments, is visiting her mother at Paris, Tenn.

Miss Mollie Gardner, of Mayfield, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Arthur Dunn, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Kyle have returned from Barlow.

Mrs. Amy Seitz, of Mt. Carmel, Ill., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Stein, has returned home.

Mrs. Arthur Schofield, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. C. W. Lewis.

UNIONTOWN.

UNIONTOWN, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. F. Murray, Mrs. H. G. Chapman, Miss Florence Cooper, Miss Mabel Murray and Miss Lena Chapman spent Monday in Evansville shopping.

Mrs. James I. Mills spent Monday and Tuesday at Hardin Station with her son, Edwin.

Mrs. Victor L. Spalding and children, Anna and Victor Earle, of Lawton, Okla., are in the city visiting Mrs. Spalding's mother, Mrs. Herman Eckman.

Mrs. T. C. Williams, of Clinton, Okla., is in the city visiting relatives.

Mrs. Will Whitfield, of Morganfield, was in the city Sunday.

Miss Laura Spalding, of Clinton, Okla., is in the city visiting relatives.

Mrs. Frank Davenport spent last week in Evansville with relatives.

Mrs. Harris Slack spent Friday in Evansville.

Miss Pauline Proctor, of St. Vincent, was in the city Sunday.

Misses Jessie and Julia Whitfield, of Morganfield, were in the city Sunday.

Mrs. Martha Greenwell returned Monday from Waverly.

Miss Zora Thomason has returned from Kuttawa.

Miss Gertrude Clements, of St. Vincent, was in the city Saturday.

Mrs. Robert Roberts, of St. Vincent, was in the city Saturday.

WARSAW.

WARSAW, May 7.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Morton spent the first of the week in Cincinnati.

Dr. S. B. Robinson and wife and Mrs. B. S. Landram were visitors to Cincinnati the first of last week.

Mrs. James P. Cox, who has been visiting relatives at her old home in Owenton, returned here Saturday.

Miss Louise Chambers left Sunday for Louisville, where she will be the guest of her aunt, Mrs. E. E. Abbott.

Mrs. Daniel Neal and Miss Anna Blackmore attended the Hissem De Moss song recital at Cincinnati Friday evening.

Mrs. J. W. McDaneil entertained the Women's Club Friday evening.

Charles Van Dyke and daughter, Miss Virginia, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. S. J. Crutcher.

Mrs. Maltilda Walker, who has been the guest of her parents here for the past several weeks, returned to Greencastle, Ind., the first of the week. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Bertha McCormick.

WEST POINT.

WEST POINT, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. Eugenia White, of Louisville, is visiting Mrs. J. G. Brashear.

Mrs. Richard Wathen, of Elizabethtown, has returned home, after a pleasant visit to Mrs. Horace Wathen.

Miss Lou Inman is at Laconia, Ind., visiting relatives and friends.

Miss Nan Ray Thurman has returned to Springfield, Ky., after a visit to her sister, Mrs. I. S. Wright.

Mrs. Ebelsisor, of New Albany, is visiting Mrs. Frank Hardy.

Miss Myrtie Crutcher, has resumed her music with Prof. Goodman, of Louisville.

Mrs. Isaac Wilkerson, of Louisville, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Fannie Bridwell.

Misses Beulah Arnold and Minnie Applegate, of Riverside, were recent guests of Mrs. Guy McClure.

Miss Katharine Lord has resumed her music with Prof. Goodman, of Louisville.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Conrad, of Schooner Point, Ind., and Mrs. Thomas Westfall, of Crecelius, were recent guests of friends here.

Mrs. Dan Brown, of Louisville, spent Sunday here, the guest of Mrs. James Maynard.

HEAD OF COMMERCIAL CLUB OF GEORGETOWN.

JAMES W. THACKER, President of the Commercial Club of Georgetown, and one of the enterprising citizens of that city.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 7.—[Special.]—Dr. William Parkes, of Los Vegas, Nev., is the guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Smith.

Mrs. H. B. Hanger has returned from a trip to Boston and other Eastern cities.

Mrs. Joseph Coffey has returned to Stanford after a visit of several days to Miss Bettie Ballard.

Mrs. Elmer Tate has returned from a visit to Cincinnati.

Miss Edna Branaugh has returned to her home at Nicholasville after a visit to Miss Bess Turley.

Mrs. A. B. Farris has returned from a visit to Lexington.

Miss Marey Earle Oldham has gone to Shawnee, Okla., to be the guest of Mrs. Earle Galbraith.

Mrs. Elmer Deatherage and Mrs. C. E. Douglas have returned from a short visit to Lexington.

Mr. and Mrs. George Well, of Louisville, are the guests of Mr. David Chenault, of the county.

Mrs. Joe Myers, of Louisville, is the guest of her parents here.

Mrs. Hugh Bates, of Fort Thomas, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. T. D. Chenault.

Mrs. Ida Smith, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. Matt Hacker.

Miss Aileen Watts has returned to Lexington after a visit to Mrs. Harry Blanton.

Mrs. Rucker Adams, of Chicago, has been the guest of Miss Lucy Adams for a few days.

Mr. W. S. Oldham and family have returned from Thomasville, Ga., where they spent the winter.

Miss Kathleen Poyntz is the guest of Mrs. Frank Reynolds at Mt. Sterling.

Mrs. E. T. Burnam has returned from a visit to Covington.

Miss Mollie Fife has returned from Lexington.

Mrs. L. B. Weisenburg has returned from a visit to Winchester.

WINCHESTER.

WINCHESTER, May 7.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. K. Leonard, of Louisville, is the guest of Mrs. D. W. Owen.

Mrs. J. C. Ellis, of Paris, is visiting Mrs. J. E. Wood.

Mrs. Samuel Willis is with relatives in Paris.

Miss Elizabeth Van Meter is at home from Danville, where she attends college.

Misses Ada and Bessie Henry, of Montgomery county, are guests of Miss Sallie Jones.

Miss Calloway Squires, of Georgetown, is the guest of Mrs. George O. Graves.

Miss John Oden is visiting Mrs. W. D. Rash at Lexington.

Miss Sallie Overly is visiting at Corpus Christi, Tex.

Miss Bessie Rogers, of Paris, is with Mrs. G. Lee Walnscott.

Miss Lucile Bonnie, of Waco, is the guest of Mrs. T. L. Todd.

Mrs. Kennedy Helm, of Louisville, is the guest of relatives here.

Mrs. S. S. Redman is visiting Mr. T. R. Gardner, of Lexington.

Mrs. B. F. Adcock, of Paris, is with relatives here.

Mrs. R. E. Bishop, of Cincinnati, is with friends in this city.

Mrs. Thomas Rash is visiting friends in Clay City.

Mrs. Dollie Nelson, of Washington, D. C., is guest of relatives in the city.

Miss Mary Rankin returned from a visit to relatives at Falmouth.

Mrs. John Talbott, of North Middletown, visited relatives here this week.

Mrs. E. E. Doyle, of Lexington, visited here the first of the week.

Miss Bessie Miller has returned to Richmond after a visit to relatives here.

MT. WASHINGTON.

MT. WASHINGTON, May 7.—[Special.]—The Rev. A. K. Wright and Mrs. Wright, who were recently married, will be given an elegant supper this evening by Dr. and Mrs. A. D. Wright, in their lovely country home on the Bardstown road. The entire home will be beautifully decorated in spring flowers. Those who are expected from a distance are: Mr. and Mrs. B. E. King, of Denver, Col.; Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Ireland, Misses Myra and Euphemia Wells, Miss Elizabeth Wright and the Rev. L. T. Wright, of Louisville; Prof. and Mr

WOMAN'S PURSE SNATCHED BY THIEF IN FOURTH-AVENUE STORE.

CULPRIT GETS AWAY WITH $325 IN MONEY.

NEWSBOY ARRESTED AS SUSPECT BY DETECTIVES.

PUT THROUGH 'THIRD DEGREE'

While standing in front of the lace counter in Kirby's store on Fourth avenue, between Green and Walnut streets, Mrs. Frank Maguire, of 2518 Fourth avenue, was robbed of a small pocketbook, which contained $325 at 3:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Maguire grasped the pickpocket by the coat in an attempt to wrest the purse from him, but the thief dragged his victim out onto the sidewalk and jerked away from her when the two reached the curbing.

A crowd of fifty pedestrians were chasing the pickpocket by the time he had reached the head of the alley just back of the First Christian church. When Third avenue was reached, however, the pursuers lost sight of the fugitive. A hasty search of the alleys in the neighborhood by Patrolmen Beamen and several other policemen failed to give any clew to the identity of the culprit. Mrs. Maguire furnished the police with a good description of her assailant. She describes him as wearing a brown suit, a cap and about five feet ten inches in height. He was roughly dressed, she said.

* * *

Drew Money From Bank.

Only a little while before she entered the store, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Maguire had secured the money from the German Insurance Bank. She placed the money in a small purse which she carried in a hand bag. It was intact when she entered the store to do some shopping, but a few minutes later she felt a hand pulling at her hand-bag. Looking down at her side Mrs. Maguire found her snatchel open and the small purse missing. Then, she said, she saw the pickpocket standing beside her. It is presumed that the man may have seen her secure the money and followed until an opportunity offered to snatch her purse.

The frantic efforts of the police department to cover themselves with glory and gain credit for having captured the perpetrators of the bold $300 robbery which occurred in a Fourth-avenue store between 3 and 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, caused the brutal application of the "third degree" upon a newsboy, Will Paul, 19 years of age, in the cellhouse of Central police station between 5 and 6:30 o'clock last night. The latest novel of Brand Whitlock, the Mayor of Toledo, O., gives a graphic exposition of the vicious treatment accorded suspected prisoners at times, and Charles Klein's newest play, entitled "The Third Degree," together with current magazine stories, fill the minds of the public with a vague idea of what is meant by the "third degree," but often it is left to the police officers and reporters and the subjects themselves to know the details of the process known as "sweating."

* * *

Cries of Distress.

Those who happened to be in the vicinity of the police station at the city hall shortly after 5 o'clock last night were attracted and aroused by the cries and vociferous postulations of some man whose voice was raised in an expression of pain, anger and an entreaty for mercy. Policemen about the stationhouse and officers' room paid no attention to the cries until a call reported started to make an investigation. he was told that the vocal racket was merely the ravings of a drunken bum. When he went into the stationhouse the newspaper man was asked to leave, as the detectives on duty had some important business to transact. The reporter did not leave, however, before he saw one detective show a reddened knuckle to his partner, and, making a gesture which might be described as a "one punch," turn to the sink and wash his hands. This detective had come from the cellhouse, and on the hand the knuckles of which were red, there was a heavy gold seal ring, massive and showy.

Back into the reporters' room, in the rear of the cellhouse, the reporter went, and there he was met by one of the men employed in the city hall power plant at night. This man was in a highly indignant mood and expressed himself forcibly. He said that he was working in the engine-room, which faces a small court bounded on one side by the engine-room, on the east by the reporters' room and on the north side by the stationhouse. This man heard the cries of the prisoner in the cellhouse above the noise made by the engines, generators and the coal feeders. He thought that someone had been hurt badly and rushed out of the boiler-room to learn the cause of it all. He did not get any farther than the cellhouse, for the sound of voices, sharp, brutal and threatening, caught and held his attention.

* * *

Threats Prove Futile.

Going to the open-barred window, so he stated, he saw a detective whom he described as being tall, smooth faced and wearing a derby hat, standing in the corner behind the cells and this detective had a young man, small in stature, who wore no hat nor coat, backed up in the corner. The detective was trying to make his victim admit having snatched the purse which was taken from Mrs. Frank Mcguire in a store on Fourth avenue in the afternoon. The prisoner kept insisting that he knew nothing of the robbery and that he was no thief. Denial had no effect. Time and again he was charged:

"You know—well, you stole that money! Don't lie to me; you was working with that gang—you know you was!" These accusations were accompanied by curses and epithets for which any person with a particle of self-respect would fight. When bullying and cursing had not the desired effect, the detective threatened. Then he struck the prisoner a stinging blow in the face. What took place before the engineers became a witness will hardly be learned.

As the windows of the cellhouse were open, and the court adjacent is open, the reporter, following the directions of the engineer, went to one of the windows, where the engineer called the prisoner's name. The young man came to the side of his cell, and when asked about the assault made upon him by the police officer, practically corroborated the statement of the engineer.

Paul was arrested in a poolroom near Third avenue and Jefferson street last night in company with Frank Williams. Both are from St. Louis, and while Williams has been attending the races Paul has been selling papers on the streets. The latter said that he was but 20 years of age. After the ordeal with the detective in the cellhouse the charge of robbery was added to that of loitering, which had been placed on the slate against Paul. Late last night one of the officers connected with the station-house admitted that the application of the "third degree" on Paul was fruitless, as Paul had protested his innocence first and last.

Cases of brutality on the part of policemen are not at all infrequent. Those whose work requires them to be about the station-house for any length of time see things that are sickening and hear things that are almost beyond belief.

DIVIDE TELLERS IN RECOMMENDATIONS TO REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

SMITH MEN WILL BE ALLOWED ANOTHER FORMALITY.

R. KREBS ALSO HAD A LIST TO SUBMIT.

NOTHING DOING FOR HIM.

From lists submitted by representatives of James F. Grinstead and George Weissinger Smith, candidates for the Republican nomination for Mayor, tellers to serve in the different voting districts throughout the city on the day fixed for electing delegates to the Republican convention were named by the Republican City and County Advisory Committee at a meeting held last night at headquarters, in the Walker building, Fifth and Market streets. The representatives of the opposing candidates submitted a list of five names for each of the voting districts, and in each instance the members of the advisory committee selected the first name of each list submitted. The names of those selected as tellers follow:

First Ward—First voting district, B. F. Rogers, Grinstead; William Klooz, Smith. Second voting district, George K. Davis, Grinstead; William A. Cranna, Smith.

Second Ward—First voting district, Al G. Flineaux, Grinstead; William Schroeder, Smith; Second voting district, John W. Peters, Grinstead; Albert Lochner, Smith.

Third Ward—First voting district, William P. Tyler, Grinstead; William Kepley, Smith. Second voting district, D. W. Frantz, Grinstead; A. W. Saunders, Smith. Third voting district Henry Ronr, Grinstead; R. B. Boyd, Smith.

Fourth Ward—First voting district, A. E. Detweiler, Grinstead; William A. Doyle, Smith. Second voting district, E. E. O'Brien, Grinstead; J. P. Luki, Smith.

Fifth Ward—First voting district, Dr. G. W. Wolford, Grinstead; W. C. Baass, Smith. Second voting district; Herman Staas, Grinstead; J. R. C. Clements, Smith.

Sixth Ward—First voting district, Victor Quigley, Grinstead; John Brown, Smith. Second voting district, Louis Newman, Grinstead; Isadore Forst, Smith.

Seventh Ward—First voting district, Murray Boone, Grinstead; Harry Driver, Smith. Second voting district, Alex. Eilke, Grinstead; Van Norman, Smith.

Eighth Ward—First voting district, Geo. Price, Grinstead; Henry Munze, Smith. Second voting district, A. W. Valley, Grinstead; Frank Carpenter, Smith.

Ninth Ward—First voting district, G. G. Young, Grinstead; Sam Adams, Smith. Second voting district, George Scott, Grinstead; Tom Ford, Smith.

Tenth Ward—First voting district, Alfred Krieger, Grinstead; J. W. Bryant, Smith. Second voting district, Clifford High, Grinstead; J. C. Schaeklett, Smith.

Eleventh Ward—First voting district, D. R. Tate, Grinstead; Richard Skillman, Smith. Second voting district, Edward Reed, Grinstead; William T. Naves, Smith. Third voting district, Fred Meyers, Grinstead; William Knoblock, Smith. Fourth voting district, George W. Gabhart, Grinstead; William Dowden, Smith.

Twelfth Ward—First voting district, Dr. Fred Grunwald, Grinstead; W. T. Walker, Smith. Second voting district, Edward Young, Grinstead; John Steffen, Smith. Third voting district, B. B. Crutcher, Grinstead; Mose J. Mayer, Smith. Fourth voting district, James L. Reed, Grinstead; J. W. Bomar, Smith.

No names were submitted from the county, and the advisory committee named the following:

First district, Z. McKay; Second district, Henry Seltz; Third district, Ely Crady; Fourth district, Harry Rosenberg.

R. Krebs, a member of the Board of Councilmen, who was a candidate for the Republican nomination for City Treasurer, submitted a list of names from his ward, the Fifth, asking that a selection as teller for this ward be made from it, but the advisory committee did not see things that way. All the names selected by the advisory committee last night to serve as tellers will be submitted to the Republican City and County Central Committee Monday night, and will be indorsed.

For the purpose of selecting a chairman and secretary for each of the voting districts a meeting of the advisory committee will be held Monday at noon. Members of the committee said last night that anyone having a list of names to submit might do so, but that the committee will not bind itself to make selections from lists submitted. The advisory committee is composed of Charles Scholl, Thomas Ryans, Mark Gabhart, David W. Fairleigh, Judge George Du Relle, John W. Cassaday and Clayton B. Blakey.

The Republican City and County Central Committee meets Monday night to ratify the selections made by the advisory committee, and to complete details for the district conventions.

WHILE DELIRIOUS WILLIAM REICHEL ATTACKS SISTER WITH POCKET KNIFE.

Finally Overpowered By Police and Taken To Stationhouse, Where He Regains Senses.

Three policemen from the Fifth district police station had a desperate battle with William Reichel in his home on Logan street, between Mary and St. Catherine streets, last night, after he had made an attack upon his sister, Mary Reichel, while delirious. The policemen struggled with the man for fully five minutes before they were able to overpower him.

Reichel has been in ill health for some time and, according to the police, the medicine that he had been taking was the cause of his temporary mental aberration. Last night at about 9 o'clock Reichel, without warning, jumped at his sister with an open pocket knife in his hand. The woman wrenched herself clear and escaped to the street after a deep gash was cut in her wrist. Her screams attracted neighbors, who phoned to the police.

When Lieut. Zable, Patrolmen Nolan and Clark arrived at the house Reichel had the whole place to himself. Everybody in the neighborhood made themselves scarce, as they were afraid that Reichel might leave the house and attack passersby. The police boldly walked into the house and when they approached Reichel he immediately showed fight.

The three husky policemen had the job of their lives on their hands for a few minutes, for Reichel was possessed of that great strength which only comes to the insane. Reichel fought the officers like a demon and after they had scuffled from one room to the other they finally overpowered him when his strength left.

About an hour after Reichel reached the station he again became rational. He remembered cutting his sister, but was at a loss to understand what made him do it. The police are inclined to believe that Reichel was made temporarily insane by the medicine he had been taking for an ailment.

"WETS" SWEEP THINGS IN POSEY COUNTY, INDIANA.

Carry Twenty-two Precincts Out of Thirty With Majority of 1,055.

Evansville, Ind., May 7.—[Special.]—The "wets" carried Posey county, Indiana, today by about 1,500. Twenty-two precincts out of thirty give the "wets" a majority of 1,055. All six of the voting precincts in the city of Mt. Vernon voted "wet" by 750 majority.

Missing Since April 27.

Grayson, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Henry McGlone, 45 years of age, dark complexion, five feet ten inches high, weight 200 pounds, Sheriff of Carter county, has been missing since April 27. When last seen he was at the Palace Hotel, Cincinnati. He had settled with the State and county in full. Officials here fear foul play.

EVANSVILLE NAVY SURGEON DEAD.

Evansville, Ind., May 7.—A cablegram from San Juan, Porto Rico, to-day announced the death of Dr. Claude P. De Bruler, surgeon on the United States gunboat Paducah. He lived in Evansville and the body will be brought here for burial. His aged mother survives him here. His father, the late Claude De Bruler, was for a number of years editor and publisher of the Evansville Journal.

EVELYN NESBIT THAW PAYS CONTEMPT FINE.

New York, May 7.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw did not go to Ludlow-street jail to-day. Instead, representatives of Daniel O'Reilly, her counsel, paid over to George B. Hayes, the receiver appointed to take charge of Mrs. Thaw's affairs, $250, the fine imposed upon her by Justice McAvoy for contempt in failure to appear in supplementary proceedings.

YESTERDAY'S REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

Mary B. Nalle to M. T. Miller, lot in Reservoir Park $1

J. W. Ward to Verbon Bersot, 40 feet, east side of Hancock, south of Kentucky 1

Nicholas Lorentz to L. A. Holt, 31¼ feet, south side of Kentucky..... 1

Sophie F. D. Marcus to Charlotte Watson, 39 feet, northeast side of Baxter, northwest of Longest..... 1

Vernon Bersot to J. W. Ward, lot in Beechmont 1

Clara Bates to E. B. Nugent, 30 feet, north side of O, west of Fourth... 1

Louisville and Jefferson County Land Company to G. H. Sigmund, lot in Simon's subdivision..... 1

J. S. Brinkworth to S. W. Brinkworth, 50 feet, south side of Madison, east of Garr's lane..... 1

Ella Bennett to Ella Land Company, 92 acres 1

Columbia Trust Company to Joseph Isert, lot on Farmdale avenue..... 1,460

Columbia Trust Company to F. W. C. Raidt, lot on Farmdale avenue.. 1

O. D. Stark to J. M. Cleaver, lot in Standard subdivision 1

Jefferson Property Company to K. and I. Bridge Company, lot near Seventh and Canal 1

A. E. Dempsey to Daniel Lehan, interest in 45 feet, south side of Walnut, east of Thirtieth..... 1

Phil Adams to Louisville Pressed Brick Company, lot in Simon's subdivision 1

Kentucky Title, Savings Bank and Trust Company to Emma Heinz, 40 feet, east side of Maryland, south of Elliott 1

Kentucky Title, Savings Bank and Trust Company to L. Kiarer, lot on Western boulevard 260

Marydale Realty Company to Annie L. Mackey, lot in Marydale..... 275

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 42' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 7 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	88	.00	Marquette	66	.00
Amarillo	86	.00	Memphis	72	.32
Atlanta	78	.00	Modena	72	.00
Bismarck	70	.00	Montgomery	78	.00
Cairo	70	.18	Nashville	78	T
Cincinnati	68	.00	New Orleans	80	.00
Charlotte	84	.00	New York	68	T
Chattanooga	80	.01	North Platte	76	.00
Chicago	58	.00	Oklahoma	80	.00
Corfu	52	.00	Omaha	76	.00
Davenport	68	.00	Palestine	84	.00
Dodge City	80	.00	Pittsburg	66	T
El Paso	88	.00	San Antonio	90	.01
Fort Smith	82	.00	Shreveport	86	.06
Galveston	78	.01	St. Louis	70	.00
Indianapolis	64	.00	St. Paul	66	.01
Jacksonville	86	.00	Vicksburg	84	.02
Kansas City	74	.00	Washington	90	.31
Little Rock	74	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

Fair and warmer Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness and probably becoming threatening.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 7, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.10	29.98
Temperature	56	67
Dewpoint	52	54
Relative humidity	84	62
Wind velocity	9	5
State of weather	Cloudy	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, May 7, 1909.

Maximum temperature	71
Minimum temperature	56
Mean temperature	64
Normal temperature	64
Departure for day	.00
Departure for month	-23
Departure since March 1	-114
Prevailing winds	NW
Mean barometer	30.04
Mean relative humidity	73
Character of day	Fair
Total precipitation	.06
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	—.06
Departure for month	—.48
Departure since March 1	+1.97

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was slowly falling last night, with a stage of 18 feet 4 inches on the falls, 20 feet 6 inches in the canal, and 45 feet 9 inches below the locks. Business on the levee was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

The Peters Lee, Capt. Flannigan, for Memphis at noon....The City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....The Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....The Tell City, Capt. Anderson, for Evansville at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Indiana, Capt. Brennan, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Lena May, Capt. Kay, from and to Smithfort....Madison, Capt. Baird, to Madison.

DRIFTWOOD.

The fine sidewheel steamer City of Cincinnati will depart from the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 o'clock this afternoon for Cincinnati and all intermediate points. She will carry the round-trip excursionists to the Queen City. The weather forecast for to-day is very favorable, and it is a certainty that a large crowd will make the trip....The Lee Line steamer Peters Lee will pass here at noon to-day, and will take on passengers and freight for all lower Ohio and Mississippi River points. Claude Jagoe, their agent....The Tarascon will be laid up for about ten days in order to have some repairs on her machinery made. The Tell City will continue to run in the Louisville and Evansville trade, and will make a trip to-day. She leaves from the Fourth-avenue wharfboat at 4 p. m. M. Connelly is her agent....The Lena May cleared on time yesterday afternoon with the largest trip of merchandise that has ever left this port for the Kentucky River. There were fully 300 tons of freight aboard the little boat, and before she goes into the Kentucky River she will be loaded to the water's edge. ....The Helen M. Gould leaves as usual to-day for Madison, Carrollton and all way landings....The gasoline boat Josephine was in and out from the Lower Bends yesterday....The Madison returned to Madison with a fair trip yesterday.... The Major Slack passed down last evening for Cairo with three model barges in tow....The fine meet-the-boat trip will leave from the new wharfboat on Third avenue to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. The Indiana will carry the excursionists seventy-five miles up the Ohio, where they will be transferred to the City of Cincinnati, the down boat, and return home....According to the statistics given in the report of J. G. Warren, Major of the corps of engineers in charge of the improvements of the Kentucky River, there is a steady growth in passenger and freight traffic on the stream. The building of additional locks and the extension of navigation annually has much to do with the rapid increase of traffic of all kinds. The last report made by Maj. Warren shows that the number of towboat trips through the ten locks in the Kentucky River has increased nearly 400 per cent., and that the Government boat trips are diminishing. This fact shows that the freight traffic, especially that of coal, salt and lumber, is getting much larger in the towns on the Kentucky River, and that the industries of all kinds in these towns are becoming more numerous. The fact that the Government boat trips are diminishing demonstrates clearly that the bed of the river is becoming less dangerous for travel. The number of coal barges that have passed through the locks has increased 35 per cent., and the number of small craft that have passed through the locks has decreased materially. There has been a large increase, too, in the number of rafts that have passed through the locks. For instance, there were 8,874 in 1893, and 12,508 in 1906. The number of towboats passing through the locks increased from 768 in 1903 to 3,289 in 1906. The tonnage, too, increased largely from year to year, but so far the banner year for tonnage was 1905, when 1,962,470 tons passed through the locks.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, May 7.—[Special.]—Three packets came in to-day with good trips and the towboat Cruiser was sent South with twenty pieces by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company. These were the only river movements. The stage for coal shipping, however, has held out better than was expected and several tows may be sent out to-morrow. The stage at Davis Island dam to-night was 5.1 feet and at Freeport 10.9 feet. Rivermen are awaiting word from the Secretary of War regarding the estimates of Maj. Henry C. Newcomer, the United States engineer, on the cost of improvements to local rivers. These estimates have been prepared and forwarded to Washington by Maj. Newcomer and the Secretary of War is empowered to make allotments of lump sums for improvements without any special appropriations from Congress.

Wheeling, May 7.—River 17.7, falling.

Point Pleasant, May 7.—River 31 feet, falling. Clear.

Cincinnati, May 7.—[Special.]—River 44.1, falling. Clear; warm. Arrivals: Greenland from Pomeroy, Courier from Maysville, Chilo from Chilo, Kentucky from Madison, Kentucky from Louisville. Departures: Greenland for Pomeroy, Courier for Maysville, Chilo for Chilo, Kentucky for Madison, City of Cincinnati for Louisville, Peters Lee for Memphis. The Tom Mamet and the J. B. Lewis arrived with tows of Kanawha coal. The Tom Reese passed up with empties from Louisville for Pittsburg. The George Matheson passed down with a tow for Carrollton. The J. T. Hatfield left for Kanawha to-day with the remodeled towboat Reeves in tow. The Smiley Towboat Company has purchased the towboat Castilla.

Madison, May 7.—[Special.]—River 38.4 feet, falling. Clear; warm.

Evansville, May 7.—[Special.]—When the steamer Hustling John came gliding into port to-day Grace Cunningham, a goldenhaired baby girl was at the wheel, steering the vessel with the dexterity of an older head. So far as is known she is the only child pilot on the western waters. Heavy rains were reported along the lower Ohio last night and river is continuing to rise rapidly here and will probably pass the danger line of 32 feet by noon to-morrow. Farmers in the lowlands continue to move out their stock to the higher places. The stage to-day was 34.1 and rising. Clear; cool.

Cairo, May 7.—River 40.5 feet, a rise of four-tenths. Fair; cool. Arrived: American, Tennessee River, 7 a. m.; Georgia Lee, Memphis, 7:30 a. m. Departed: Georgia Lee, Mound City, 7:30 a. m.

St. Louis, May 7.—Arrived: Belle of Calhoun, Hamburg; Omaha, Clarksville; Bald Eagle, Naples.

Memphis, May 7.—[Special.]—River here is on a stand with 31.2 on the gauge. James Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Friars Point. City of St. Joseph departed at 5 p. m. for K. Landing. Harry Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Ashport. Whisper departed at 4 p. m. for the upper bends. Towboat Pittsburg from the Ohio River passed down this evening for New Orleans with thirty-six boats and barges of coal. The Pacific No. 2 from St. Francis River passed up late this evening for Cairo with seven barges of lumber.

HOLD AUTOPSY TO SATISFY RELATIVES OF DEAD WOMAN.

Mrs. Sophia Lingg Died In Chicago of Peritonitis—Body Brought Here For Burial.

Funeral services over the body of Mrs. Sophia Lingg, aged 52 years, who was the widow of Joseph Lings, formerly a railroadkeeper or Louisville, who died in Chicago Wednesday, will be held at 9 o'clock this morning at St. Patrick's church. The burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

The body arrived in Louisville yesterday morning, and local relatives thought the circumstances surrounding the death so unusual that it was decided to hold an autopsy to satisfy them of the exact cause of death. The autopsy set at rest their fears, for it revealed that death was due to peritonitis, as set forth by the death certificate.

News of Mrs. Lingg's death was received here from friends in Bloomington, Ill. When Mrs. Charles Arnz, of 1223 West Market street, a daughter of Mrs. Lingg, received word of her death she went to Bloomington, but found that the body had been sent to this city, so she returned home. At Bloomington, it was learned that Mrs. Lingg had left on an excursion to Chicago Saturday a week ago, and that she was later in Lucas Hospital.

Mrs. Arnz said that her mother owned a house in Bloomington, and also had about $7,000 in a bank.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE READY FOR BUSINESS.

The constitution and by-laws of the new Real Estate Exchange and the blank forms for listing property are being distributed among the twenty-four charter members, who, on their receipt, will be ready to list property on the exchange.

After this is done the business of the exchange will be started at once. Applications from several additional agents have been made to the secretary for membership, and a meeting will be called by the president for some day next week to consider the election of such applicants as are recommended by the membership committee.

No Shaking For the Drinks.

Columbus, O., May 7.—As interpreted by the Attorney General to-day, the operation of the Dean character liquor bill, as it applies to saloonkeepers, will prevent any saloonkeeper, who permits cards or dice in his place "for the drinks or cigars" from securing a renewal of his saloon license next year. He holds that the word "gambling" as used in the law covers such games.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—HIGHLAND BARGAIN—A splendidly built 3-story brick residence of 9 rooms, large reception hall, pantry, bath, closets in every room; hot water heating throughout; it is only one square from Cherokee Park, and the best of neighborhoods; all streets and alleys made; the lot is 45x190, and would be cheap at $3,000; the house could not be built for less than $7,500. The owner is leaving the city and says sell, and an offer of less than the cost of building will get it. This doesn't happen often in the Highlands. Phone us at once.

M. W. BURD & CO.,
122 S. Fifth st., second floor.
Main 56; Home 54. *

FOR SALE—Central, Walnut st., 2-story and attic brick; gas, bath, also 2-story on rear; bargain, $4,250.

Thirty-sixth and Chestnut, beautiful home, 4 rooms, reception hall, all conveniences; special bargain, $3,850.

E. Ormsby, nice 5-room cottage, gas, bath, stable, streets made; price $2,250.

Large list of other property. Call and see PHIL J. GRAUMAN, Agent, 526 W. Jefferson. *

FOR SALE—2½-story brick house, 30-ft. front; lot 135 ft. deep; 2 cellars, stable yard; bakery has been conducted in the house for years; on account of private circumstances proprietor is compelled to sell. Inquire of A. DOEBLER, 132-135 Fourth ave. *

FOR SALE — Real estate. 16 acres and 36½ acres land, just beyond Highland Park, on L. and N. railroad; will sell all or part; further information write ASHER GRAHAM, Murray, Ky. *

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—On Second-st. or E. Jefferson-st. car, little black leather bag, containing pocketbook and about $28. Return to 2344 Frankfort ave., and receive reward, or 'phone East 372—Y. *

FOUND.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOUND—Umbrella, silk, which the owner can have by calling at this office and paying for this ad. *

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—By GEO. H. FISHER CO., 11—BUGGIES—11.

FOR BUSINESS AND PLEASURE, AT AUCTION AT COURTHOUSE DOOR MONDAY, MAY 10, AT 10 A. M.

Consisting of Stanhope, pony cart, surrey, side-bar speed buggy, pneumatic tire-speed buggy, 2-seated trap, side-bar runabout, end-spring runabout, 2 top buggies and business buggy; all in splendid order and to be sold absolutely to the highest bidders.

GEO. H. FISHER CO., Auctrs. *

FOR SALE—Household goods; furniture cheap, good as any money can buy, consisting of 5-piece parlor suit in silk velour, 3-piece leather library suit, many other leather pieces, Turkish leather couch and rocker, 2 brass beds, large mahogany dresser and lady's dressing table, pedestal, center and library tables, bookcase in oak, lady's writing desk, large mantel mirror, brass hall tree, 2 Oriental and 3 domestic rugs, beautiful upright piano, oil paintings, lace curtains, draperies, bric-a-brac, dining table and china closet in quarter-sawed oak. Call at once. 1106 Cherokee road, near Transit.

FOR SALE—One direct-connected engine and generator, built by Ridgeway Engine and Dynamo Co., Ridgeway, Pa.; rating of engine, 140 H. P.; cylinder 15x15 in., 250 revolutions; 100 lbs. steam pressure, rating of generator, 100 kilowatts, 800 amperes, 125 volts, direct current, floor space 10 ft. 6 inches by 12 ft.; generator is of Thompson-Ryan design and will operate from no load to full load without shifting of brushes; the set has been in use only 6 months. Field rheostat furnished with generator. Address COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky. *

FOR SALE—FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED, SEVERAL HUNDRED 4-POUND GLASS JARS, WITH GROUND GLASS STOPPERS. SUITABLE FOR PRESERVES, PICKLES, ETC., AT 25C EACH. F. O. B. OUR FACTORY IN LOTS OF NOT LESS THAN 32 JARS. COLGAN GUM CO., 716 W. BRECKINRIDGE.

FOR SALE—Some of the best second-hand lumber, doors, sash, windows, joists, flooring, sheeting, tin and bath-room fixtures that have been sold in Louisville. Apply to FRANK KRIEGER, on Walnut, between Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE—Bakery, old established house, with a new brick oven, doing a cash store business; must be sold; party has other business. Address M 17, this office.

FOR SALE—Horse and handmade surrey, cheap; will sell separately. JOS. GRANINGER, Howard Park, Ind. Cumb. phone 77 or 1222.

FOR SALE—Handsome and stylish park wagon, rubber tires; good as new. WORTHINGTON ROBINSON, 967 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Bargains; doors, sash, mantels, sills, flooring, bathtubs, gas fixtures, etc.; fire escape. 209 W. Walnut. *

FOR SALE—THE STICKIEST STICKER THAT EVER STUCK. ROYAL GLUE 10c, 40c, 60c. Pints $1.00. Druggists. *

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. M. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones. **

FOR SALE—Cheap, good work mule, especially suitable for farm work. C. S. TABB, 211 North Fifteenth st. *

FOR SALE—Beautiful piano, just like new, and a beauty; no reasonable offer refused. 1106 Cherokee road. **

FOR SALE—Onyx soda fountain; 12 syrups; oak top; base; counter; cheap. Address M 104, this office. *

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—STOCKS OF GOODS—Highest spot cash prices paid for entire retail stocks of Clothing, Men's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Merchant Tailors' Woolens, Dry Goods, Carpets, Furniture, Groceries, Cigars, Tobacco, etc. Address, with full particulars, THE EZEKIEL & BERNHEIM CO., No. 334 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. *

WANTED—One or two refined gentlemen to occupy nicely furnished room in apartment with private family; all conveniences; quiet street; 6 squares from Seelbach's. Address S 24, this office. *

WANTED—Board and 2 rooms for 2 persons, south of Broadway, bet. Brook and Fifth; references exchanged. Address B B 396, this office. *

WANTED—To borrow $2,500 on new store, brick building, at 6 per cent.; worth $5,000 or more. Address P. O. Box 325, Murray, Ky. *

WANTED—Occupants for nicely furnished, cool, pleasant room, private family; elec. lights; central. Home phone 4576.*

WANTED—TO BUY BICYCLES AND MOTORCYCLES. SMITH BICYCLE CO., 413 THIRD. HOME 'PHONE 5614. *

WANTED—To buy furniture, feathers, carpets, stoves, etc. W. SMITH, 103 E. Mkt. phones, Home 6037, Cum. M. 241-Y. *

WANTED—Purchaser for $200 stock in good paying business. Address T 126, this office. *

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—ACTUAL BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL.

Young men, with us, are not students, plodding through theory—they actually KEEP books, from start to finish. They DO everything—draw up, negotiate and enter every single business paper—intelligently understand all the different forms of notes, acceptances, etc.—become skilled in making quick calculations and each entry a photograph of the transaction. No classes! Each one is a bookkeeper, separate and distinct, taught individually. The teacher has been an expert accountant for 40 years, and now work all over the State. We instruct the same as if we were directing 30 or 40 bookkeepers in the same room, each for a different firm, and different line of business. The teacher claims to have the natural ability to make a young man a PRACTICAL bookkeeper all around. No theory! No textbooks! No copying! When you get through with us the Main-street business men will call you and DO OUR certificate, without a word! Ask ANY of them—they know me! Just a certain number, and no more, will be received.

THOS. A. ALVEY,
518 W. Jefferson st., second floor. *

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; few weeks completes; 60 chairs constantly busy; careful instructors; tools given; diplomas granted; wages Saturdays; positions waiting. Call or send for catalogue. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, Cincinnati, O. *

WANTED—Boy, not under 14 years of age, to carry route on The Times, from Second to Fourteenth sts.; must be good hustler. Apply Room 215 Courier-Journal Office bldg.—MR. BOMAR.

WANTED—Weavers to weave bed blankets and horse blankets; can use entire families; steady work; full time. WALLACE & SMITH BLANKET MILLS, LaPorte, Ind. *

WANTED—Energetic young man with office experience; preferably now employed; good opportunity for advancement. Address M 53, this office. *

WANTED — Collector, $10 start; crew manager, $10 commission. 504 W. Jefferson. SOUTHERN EMPLOYMENT BROKERS.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LECTURER FOR MOVING PICTURE THEATER. ADDRESS CC 28, THIS OFFICE. *

WANTED—Registered drug clerk; single man; state age, experience, references and salary. Address C 10, this office. *

WANTED—Tinners and sheetmetal workers. Write to JOHN LANG, Secretary, 156 Jefferson, Memphis, Tenn. *

WANTED—Young man single to work in saloon and grocery; must come recommended. 101 E. Jefferson. *

WANTED—Registered drug clerk; state age, experience and give reference. Address M 113, this office. *

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—For dressmaking, experienced skirt hands; good salary paid to competent persons. Apply at once to MR. SCHAEFFER, third floor, the Stewart Dry Goods Co. *

WANTED—Experienced saleslades wanted for jewelry department; only those with experience need apply. THE GEM, 206 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—White chambermaid, immediately; experienced. BROADWAY HOTEL, Ninth and Broadway. *

WANTED—Lady singer for high-class local motion picture. Address M 51, this office. *

WANTED—Girls for mangle department. KY. LAUNDRY CO., 614 Underhill. *

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—COUNTRY PLACE at BEAUTIFUL GLENVIEW, just across road from station—"Landsdowne," the country home of Mr. Thurston Ballard; 4 acres of shaded ground and a house of 7 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 servants' rooms; rent $400 a year. W. C. PRIEST & CO., 239 S. Fifth st. *

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES, FLATS and ROOMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. VERY LARGE LIST. BRUNER, 245 FIFTH ST. *

FOR RENT — New 5-room cottage, 121 Roberta ave., Crescent Hill, $22.50. New modern 8-room house, 142 Bellevue ave., $30. Home phone 2129. JAS. E. BELL, 517 Paul Jones bldg. *

FOR RENT—Brick house, 3-story; reception hall, parlor, breakfast room, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, toilet and bath. 1412 First st. Apply at office Kaufman-Straus Co.*

FOR RENT—Two new homes in Crescent Hill, Nos. 129 and 131 Galt ave., 8 rooms each; all conveniences. GEO. H. FISHER CO., 429 W. Jefferson. *

FOR RENT—Six-room, new modern flat, $25; 6-room house, water and gas, $15; all in Crescent Hill. W. E. KOOP, Kenta and Sycamore. **

FOR RENT—Comfortable furnished home for summer months to small family; cheap. 215 E. Chestnut st.; phone Main 2433. *

FOR RENT—From June to October, furnished house; reasonable rent. Inquire 946 Fourth ave. MRS. E. C. WOOD. *

FOR RENT — 8-room modern residence, 157 Coral ave., Clifton. Home phone 4753.*

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Most desirable apartment on Third ave., near Kentucky st.

930 S. THIRD ST.

Second floor, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electric light, furnace, screens, gas range, water, janitor; in perfect repair.

$35.00

BOOKS AND THEIR WRITERS.

Oliver Maddox Hueffer's Entertaining Study of Witchcraft—The Witch From Eve To the Present-day Sorceress.

The author disclaims any attempt to give a scientific or exhaustive treatise on witchcraft in one volume, which he says would be to need the powers of a magician no less potent than those possessed by the celebrated world-known party who confined the Eastern Djinn in a bottle. He adds:

"I have sought again to show whence the witch came and why, as well as what she was and is; to point out, further, how necessary she is and must be to the happiness of mankind and how great the responsibility of those who, disbelieving in her themselves, seek to infect others with their skepticism."

Commonplace indeed would be life if one had no superstitions, or if one could not let the imagination roam to other worlds, be they nether or upper. Mr. Hueffer complains with reason that the scientist has taken away our hope of Heaven without putting anything in its place; that he has reduced the beauty of the flowers themselves to a formula so that one can no longer regard a primrose without associating with it various scientific functions and attributes. He calls the scientist the devil of modern days, forcing knowledge upon us whether we wish it or not.

The witch has her troubles, her enemies, not the least being the aforesaid scientist. According to this author, in fostering a disbelief in her powers one deprives a certain class of its profession. Without witchcraft one sees only poor, old, unhappy, shrunken, starved, ugly women; with it there is wonderful power, power that can sway kings and kingdoms. Indeed, so plausible is her case that if a woman the reader will conclude that to be a witch is a most brilliant future for her otherwise neglected age. Even the fiery death that formerly overtook her had its compensations. It was better than starving slowly in freezing squalor in some miry hole.

Witches have been believed in from the earliest times; their existence has never been seriously denied by any save a small contingent to-day, "a tiny band of over-educated scoffers, sprung for the most part from a race notorious for its wrong-headed prejudice." In short, the witch, like death, taxes and the poor, we have ever with us.

The author has a most facetious way of presenting his subject, one that must bring dire punishments upon him if he lives near any emissary of the devil. He is not at all respectful, though perhaps, as his insinuations are veiled, the modern witches may take his happy sarcasms for real sentiments. His descriptions of the witches' Sabbaths alone in former times would have burned him at the stake. Any man (or woman) with such intimate knowledge of witches and their ways gives an uncanny feeling even to a poor reviewer of books. Shivers uncontrolled must chill the blood at such words as the following:

"By their spells witches cause young children to die in the cradle or by their mother's side. When they are dead of suffocation or other causes and have been buried, the witches take them out of the grave and boil them in a cauldron until the flesh leaves the bones and the rest is as easy to drink as melted wax. Of the thicker portions ointment is made, while whoever drinks the liquid will become mistress of the whole art of witchcraft." Several other ingredients may be added to the fat of young children, such as henbane, hemlock, tobacco, mandrake and other soporifics used to dull the senses and make people do as the devil directs. A good moral here for all victims of certain drug addictions!

Witches of various countries do not differ essentially. The Old Testament command—"Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live," has carried death to many. The author thinks it has destroyed more human lives and been productive of more human misery than any sentence ever penned. Latter-day Christians have discovered all too late that the Hebrew word "chasaph" should have been translated "poisoner."

Passing from the antique witch, the author has many interesting bits of history to record concerning the witch in Greece and Rome, headed by the dire Hecate, followed by Actis, Cybele, Isis, who seem to have been variations of the dreadful goddess. She was an enchantress with power second to none. "Hecate represents the witch conception carried to its furthest limits—the concentrated essence of witchcraft."

After the great revolution wrought by Christianity one would have thought that enlightenment would have caused a disbelief in witches. But the author thinks that just as Christianity owes its strength to persistent persecutions, so the modern witch owes much of her existence to the persevering efforts of the early Christians toward her suppression. Laws for suppression argue real existence. "The Roman witch was never more sought after than in the years preceding the last and most violent persecution of the Christian at the hands of Diocletian."

The penalties for witchcraft seem to have increased with the growth of the Christian church. Bishops obeyed Popes in making and enforcing laws against witchcraft. Ecclesiastic courts vied with one another in their severe sentences. The burning of the gentle Maid of Orleans, the imprisonment of Eleanor, Duchess of Gloucester, accused of consulting a witch for the purpose of destroying Henry VI., and her final life banishment are extreme cases.

There were Witch Bulls, where the witch was given over to the tender mercies of the Inquisitors, the effects of which are felt almost to this day. Indeed the English, ever slow to change, carried witch ducking and other punishments well into the Nineteenth century and the author cites the case of the personal intercession of the Vicar of East Thorpe in Essex, who, in 1867, had to guard a suspected witch from the ducking process, from which few escaped alive, as the thumbs and great toes were tied criss-cross, a sheet put over her and she was thrown into the pond or stream. If she floated she was a witch, if she sank she was drowned. "Even if by a lucky chance she escaped both these perils, the nervous shock—to say nothing of what was probably the first cold bath she had ever experienced—acting upon her advanced age, gave her little chance of final triumph over her accusers." Other tests were equally cruel.

The last case of witch murder in England traced by the author was in 1875, when a woman was murdered by a man who declared she had bewitched him. The courts, however, declared the man insane.

In 1622 the Scotch burned their last witch, but knowing their reputation, one need not be surprised to find many Scotchmen to-day believing in witches or their equivalent.

The book closes with chapters on "The Witch in Fiction" and "Some Witches of To-day." The author tells of his personal experience and certain excursions into the Land of Magic. He predicts that the cult of witchcraft will exist until the end of history. "Rejoice or grieve as you will, the witch is the expression of one of the greatest of human needs—that of escaping from humanity and its intolerable environment—of one of the greatest of human world movements, the revolt against the inevitable. She does and must exist, for the strongest of all reasons, that constituted as it is humanity could not exist without her."

THE BOOK OF WITCHES. By Oliver Madox Hueffer, author of "In Arcady and Out," etc. With frontispiece in colofor by W. Heath Robinson. Published by the John McBride Co., New York City.

Human Nature In Selling Goods.

Not a page of this little volume can fail to be of practical benefit to everybody who has something to sell. Herein may be learned the common happenings in the salesman's business, how to foresee, meet and conquer its difficulties, and how to come out victorious from the stress of a real mouth-to-mouth conflict.

The first point that strikes the unlearned reader is the assertion that the salesman is not an expensive luxury, but a live necessity. The salesman is the "pusher." Kelly (one of Louisville's citizens) with Mushet together discovered the process of converting iron into steel. Kelly made a half million; then Bessemer came along and never forgetting that an invention, however good it be, will not push itself, made ten millions and pensioned Mushet.

Bessemer says that he has never known a single instance of an invention, given freely to the world, taken up by any manufacturer at all. "The difficulty is to get the first man to move."

He is quoted as an example of the value of salesmanship. Bessemer first took small orders for steel rails on trial. Engineers said that to lay steel rails was equivalent to manslaughter. "Bessemer put iron rails on one track and steel on the other, and the latter outlasted twenty-three iron rails." Afterward he turned his attention to the use of his steel in shipbuilding, structural work, bridges, boilers, engine shafts, propellers and railway wheels.

"About the only instance in which he failed to land his prospect was when he demonstrated that steel shot would penetrate the heaviest ironclad warship. His prospect in that case was the British Government, and his arguments penetrated this highly resistant institution only after twelve years, when he had converted foreign Governments."

So much for the master salesman. The author proceeds to show that nervous energy is the basis of all good salesmanship. The lymphatic man does not make a good salesman. He is not adaptable, he cannot see the reverse of the medal or catch another's point of view. Given the nervous energy it follows that the salesman will know ups and downs of elation and despair. Here the sales-manager plays his part. He has to round up his men, hear their reports, hearten them, go over every point of their failure, and by comparing experiences find a way to meet like objections or obstacles in future. Most large houses have a regular class for training their salesmen, in which the customer's part is vigorously presented, and then a small trial circuit given before the man is assigned to real business.

The book is small enough for the salesman's pocket, but the wisdom it contains, if put in practice, will soon fill that pocket too full to hold even so small a book.

HUMAN NATURE IN SELLING GOODS. By James H. Collins. Published by Henry Altemus, Philadelphia.

Just Irish

Mr. Loomis did some happy wandering in Shamrock-land and being an amiable person he has come home to write the pleasantest kind of a little book about the people and places he saw.

Such hospitable people, such lovely places!—the only disagreeable part of the visit being a little too much weather now and then. But what of that? It gave opportunity to a hospitable host and hostess to share wardrobes with the Americans drenched from an Irish sky. And this incident gave Mr. Loomis chance for a ludicrous description of himself in a suit of clothes three times too large for him—"when I was fully dressed I looked like Francis Wilson in Erminie. As I turned up my sleeves and triple turned up my trousers I knew I would be good for a laugh in any theater in Christendom."

Mr. Loomis concludes his compliments to Irish scenery, beauty, hospitality, and other agreeable matters with a little philosophizing and fable-making. No one, says he, can be long in Ireland without realizing that when sturdy practical John Bull forcibly married dreamy Hibernia it was a foolish marriage. "John Bull is accustomed to be obeyed at the drop of the hat, and Hibernia for all her dreaminess is a lady of spirit, and will not become a willing slave." Mr. Loomis advises a divorce—though he confesses ignorance of what courts to suggest. Meantime he recommends that the mother's children should stand by her. "Once," says he, "there was a man who had a sugar maple, and there being a demand for maple sugar he allowed the sap to run early and late. But there came by a man who said: 'Why, you're ruining that tree! The sap that is being made into sugar for the whole United States is the life-blood of that green old tree. If you keep on, your tree will wither and die.' In America we have learned to make sugar out of many things and we no longer need the Irish young man who ought to stay home and help his mother." Mr. Loomis praised the Gallic League and its fostering of the artistic spirit that is finding expression in rug-making, embroidery, bookbinding; the making of stained glass, etc.; while the Irish agricultural organization is introducing modern farming methods, building model hospitals, schools, homes. And meantime Protestants and Catholics are uniting in such work as will cultivate and regenerate Ireland.

JUNE IRISH. By Charles Battell Loomis. Publishers, Richard Badger, Boston.

Miss Chamberlain's Lovely Novel.

"The Other Side of the Door" represents modern romance at its best. In it a case of love at first sight occurs under most original circumstances, and only the constant belief that love, like Providence and the lightning, is no respecter of persons, prevents the interested reader from doubting that the instance here recorded could have happened.

The innocent young person who here tells her wonderful experience is something charming and fresh in the way of a heroine. Her loveliness grows on the reader as the page is turned. Anything sweeter or more naive has not been shown the public since Browning created Pompilia in "The Ring and the Book."

Imagine a young girl, the only child of a wealthy Californian, whose sole offense was in stealing forth at daybreak to buy a basket of fresh mushrooms as a surprise for her father's birthday breakfast, by the merest chance taking a short cut home through a disreputable street, and seeing a murdered man fall backward through a door into the street, and another man rush out after him carrying a smoking pistol! But this is not all, for a second the fugitive looks at the girl.

"He saw me and for an instant he stood, with the pistol smoking in his hand—the handsomest man I ever saw in my life, and the most terrible."

This is the young thing is, of course, brought in as a witness, and not the least impressive portions of the story, give the account of her testimony. Her fright and her emotion are depicted with an art that breeds ever-increasing sympathy. The story has, too, many nice points leading to its climax for the reviewer to betray. It is artistic throughout, and is sure to prove a prime favorite during the summer.

THE OTHER SIDE OF THE DOOR. By Lucia Chambers, author of "The Coast of Chance." With illustrations by Herbert Ponter. Published by the Bobbs-Merrill Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Social Organization

An eminently sane volume on a subject that is so frequently matter for one-sided discussion. The author gives no panaceas for human ills. His purpose is to take a philosophical view of human life in its parallel aspects of individualism and socialization. If he sees a use in class organization, he points out also the dangers it may create. As to the question—who is to blame for poverty?—the author says: Let us remember that the whole question of praise or blame is one of point of view and expediency. Blame the poor if it will do them any good, and sometimes perhaps it will, but not so often probably as the well-to-do are apt to imagine. Finally the author permits himself to say; The man's blame must rest upon the prosperous because they have on the whole far more power in the premises.

Then follows some straightforward insistence on the necessity for social consciousness, rational organization and such "radical" curative methods as: the humanization of the primary school system; industrial education; the development of facilities for play, physical training and healthy amusement; good housing conditions; the restriction by law of child labor and similar vicious and unwholesome conditions and, "finally, the biological precaution of stopping the propagation of really degenerate types of men."

While recognizing the vast amount of work that awaits human nature in the solution of its complex destiny, and while apparently open-eyed as to much of the disorganization and confusion existent in individual consciousness and social organization the author is obviously an optimist of the best sort. He puts forth his faith both in the modern individual, the heir of all the ages, and in the public will which has the power to effect such adaptation to conditions that is rational and economical instead of haphazard and wasteful. "The vast problem of pauperty and the degeneracy that springs from it can be met and in great part conquered by a long sighted philanthropy and education. In religion there is apparently no more need of that calamitous overthrow of the foundations of belief from which many suffered in the passing generation." Likewise in State and international relation amicability is a growing factor—"in all these matters and in many others social costs are capable of being foreseen and provided against by rational measures expressing an enlightened public will."

SOCIAL ORGANIZATION. By Charles Horton Cooley. Publisheds. Charles Schibner's Sons, New York City.

Masque of the Far East.

In a happy introduction, Mr. Thomas, who by the way, introduced himself to the public through the splendid tale of "Fagan," which gained the first Collier prize over 30,000 competitors—puts the connecting link of the tales to follow in the hands of the reader, explaining how he chose his main title of "The Little Gods."

In a curious state of semi-consciousness the author describes a visit to a priest in his cell, a heathen, but very old and very wise. Being asked his errand he says that he wishes to see life through his eyes, is bidden first to listen to the priest, who will tell him of the Game of the Little Gods.

According to this heathen the Great God after he had created man in his own image soon found him wearisome as an object of contemplation. "If He could have laughed, it would not have mattered much, but amusement is beneath the ken of a Great God. Therefore our inconsistencies, our pettinesses, our hopeless contradictions, quickly wearied Him, as they would us if we had to take them seriously forever. And so the Great God, at last in self-defense, created some Little Gods to take charge of the every-day affairs of men."

These being little (according to the heathen priest) are able to feel amusement, so the lucky creatures pass away the time playing games with human beings for counters.

The tales that follow show the Little Gods at play. "Fagan" is the first and perhaps the most powerful, though all are full of a certain broad outlook on life, and a certain aloofness from scenes recorded by the looker-on, who, while he is not devoid of either sympathy or deep understanding, can be amused to see strong men striving with soul and body for "a handful of ashes and dry leaves."

THE LITTLE GODS. A Masque of the Far East. By Rowland Thomas. Illustrated by Charles Sarka. Published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston, Mass.

Story of New Netherland.

There was never any such place or State as New Netherlands; nor any such Admiral named "Van" Tromp; nor any Dutch clergymen entitled Dominie. No Hollanders ever talked Pennsylvania German a la Rip Van Winkle. The earliest settlers of New Netherland did not smoke tobacco, nor were they fat, old or stupid.

So much for some of the fallacies Mr. Griffis attempts to correct. Meantime here are some of his affirmatives: They were young men—lithe, alert, venturesome; they fought first against a selfish corporation and next against English dukes and kings. They resisted English attempts to fasten a State church upon a people—luckily for us; their descendants were loyal to Continental cause and Congress. To them in large measure are due our inheritance of law, order, freedom, culture.

Jesse De Forrest, Peter Nimnit, Walter van Twiller, the Rensselaer folk, Kieft, are some of those settlers of the Middle States and the Empire State whose perseverance and energy give the author material for his interesting story which, it can be seen, he considers a vital chapter in the longer narrative of national origins and national development.

THE STORY OF THE NETHERLAND. By William Elliot Griffis. Publishers, Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Boston.

On Various Topics.

VIRGINIA COUNTY NAMES. Two Hundred and Seventy Years of Virginia History, By Charles M. Long, M. A., Ph. D., a native of Virginia and an alumnus of her university. The Neale Publishing Co., New York and Washington.

The circumstance of the name and the name itself, given each county of Virginia, revives historic memories of both a personal and patriotic nature. Many of those intrepid souls who succumbed to the call of the wild only to find life the most strenuous battle for mere existence, and who survived to transmit a heritage of rare courage to descendants, have had their names enrolled in forms far more lasting than animated bust or storied urn. The author found that the names of Virginia's counties suggests a greater section of colonial history than the county names of any other State in the Union. He says:

"The names are the magnet; the facts of Virginia history are the iron filings; it has been my part to put the magnet among the filings."

Virginia has a larger number of counties named during colonial days than any other State. Twenty-six counties are named from English royalty of the houses of Stuart, Orange and Hanover; a dozen take the name of the shires, from which the eight settlers came; six bear the names of colonial governors, while many others are named for English generals and statesmen, giving England 60 per cent. of all the hundred names. Nine have Indian names; a few are named for their unusual natural features, leaving twenty-five to be named for men who became prominent in the making and keeping of the republic.

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THE BOOK OF GOOD-FELLOWSHIP. "A Plate of Toasts." Edited by Edwin Osgood Grover. Published by P. F. Volland & Co., Chicago., Ill.

One of the toasts contained in this book will prove as applicable to the book as to its original subject—"Woman—She Needs No Eulogy—She Speaks For Herself."

The following by Kipling will be new to many readers. The verses were written in answer to an invitation to a Yale club dinner:

"Attind ye lasses av swate Parnasses,
An', wipe me burnin' tears away;
For I'm declinin' a chanst av dinin'
Wid the boys at Yale on the fourteenth May.

"The leadin' fayture will be liter—ature,
(Av a moral nature, as is just an' right),
For their light an' leadin' are engaged in readin'
Me immortial worruks from dawn till night.

"They've made a club there an' staked out grub there,
Wid plates an' dishes in a joyous row,
An' they'd think ut splendid if I attinded,
An' so would I—But I cannot go.

"The honest fact is that daily practice
Av rowlin' inkpots the same as me
Consbumes me hours, in the muses bowers,
And laves me divil a day to spree.

"Whin you grow oulder and skin your shoulder
At the world's great wheel in your chosen line,
You'll find your chances as time advances
For takin' a lark are as slim as mine.

"But I'm disgressin', accept my blessin'
An' remimber what ould King Solomon said,
That youth is ructious an' whisky's flugtious,
An' there's nothin' certain but the mornin' head."

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THE BOOK OF GOOD CHEER. "A Little Bundle of Cheery Thoughts." Edited by Edwin Osgood Grover. Published by F. F. Volland & Co., Chicago.

Books, like people, can carry happiness wherever they go. In this little volume are gathered many bright thoughts warranted to drive away the deepest shade of blues:

"Let the howlers howl,
And the growlers growl,
And the prowlers prowl,
And the goo-gaws go it;
Behind the night
There is plenty of light,
And things are all right,
And I know it."

The sentiment that "God, in His heaven, all's right with the world"—cannot be too widely spread, and little words of cheer help to do it.

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FUR FARMING. A Book of Information About Fur-bearing Animals, Enclosures, Habits, Care, etc. By A. R. Harding. A. R. Harding Publishing Company, Columbus, O.

Like the forests, the fur-bearing animals of America are threatened with extinction. The catch of recent years has proved an increasing menace. Less than thirty years ago thousands of buffalo roamed the plains, now they are practically an extinct animal. Hence a book giving facts about the care and raising of fur-bearing animals, is useful in more ways than one. Coon, mink, bear, wildcat, marten, fisher and lynx, deprived of their natural haunts by the encroachments of man, are growing scarcer. Our continent has been the great fur producer of the world, but unless a halt is called this will soon cease to be the case. Each year the figures given by the Hudson Bay Company are smaller and smaller. The author states that the fur trade pays the hunter and trapper $15,000,000 a year. The fur demand in increasing with the population. What is to be done to increase, instead of diminishing the supply?

"Under proper conditions, with intelligent care, no doubt, raising fur animals can be made to pay." The start, however, must be on a small scale. Since 1884 experiments to this end have been conducted. Foxes are being raised on the Pacific Islands and on the coast of British Columbia and Alaska. Skunk, mink, opossum, coon, muskrat, foxes of various kinds, are promising examples. This author considers each in turn, giving illustrations and designs for their housing and details as to care, food, etc.

* * *

MEASURE FOR MEASURE. By William Shakespeare. Edited, with notes, introduction, glossary, list of Variorum readings and selected criticism. By Charlotte Porter and Helen A. Clarke. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

Another volume in the reproduction of the famous First Folio text of 1623, giving the original spelling and punctuation. The introduction by Charlotte Porter gives an analysis of the play both in form and spirit, tracing its beginning to Whetstone's story of Promos and Cassandra as its source, though the poet's mind, according to the editor, "turned toward the Sermon on the Mount when writing 'Measure for Measure.' The changes wrought by Shakespeare in recasting Whetstone's plot, are succinctly pointed out. These books should be in every Shakespeare collection.

* * *

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR GIRL. By Helen Rowland. Decorated by Henry S. Eddy. "Just one more" by the devil's best argument. Dodge Publishing Company, New York City.

"A man buttons a woman's dress up the back with almost the same grace and alacrity that a woman displays in climbing a barbed wire fence.

"The only people who believe in a personal devil, nowadays, are the ones who are married to that kind.

"A man firmly believes that if he can only keep his wife in the straight and narrow path, he can go out and zigzag all over the downward one without falling from grace."

The above will show that a rare cynicism, backed by some interesting experience, observation or hearsay has guided the pen of this bright author.

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LA PRINCESSE LOINTAINE, PAR EDMOND ROSTAND. Edited, with introduction and notes by J. E. Borgerhoff, Associate Professor of Romance Languages in Western Reserve University. D. C. Heath & Co., publishers, Boston, U. S. A.

Rostand has based this tragedy on the quest of a nobleman for a beautiful countess with whom he is in love, and his death in her arms at the moment of meeting. "The princess has come! O my princess, farewell!" and he dies. She touchingly says;

"Do not close his eyes quite yet. He is looking at me." And one of her attendants replies in terror:

"He still holds your tresses in his hands." "Let him keep them," she replies, and with a dagger that she takes from the belt of her dead lover she cuts off her hair.

Only the most careful reading will disclose all the beauties of this artistic masterpiece.

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TILL EULENSPIEGEL. LUSTIGE STREICHE. Selected and edited with notes, vocabulary and exercises by Frederick Betz, A. M., Principal High School, Rochester, N. Y. Published by D. C. Heath & Co., Boston, U. S. A.

This collection of tales, which are great favorites with young Germany, is anonymous, or if the author's name was ever known it has disappeared in the four centuries that have elapsed since their writing. The book is placed somewhere between 1483 and 1500 and it records the wanderings of a peasant who seems to have been a real personage. Till is the typical merry man and many stories are told of him. His adventures have been translated into all European languages and his sayings are a veritable mine of humor.

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ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL. By William Shakespere. Edited, with notes, introduction, glossary, list of variorum readings and selected criticism, by Charlotte Porter and Helen A. Clarke. Published by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., New York City.

Another reprint of the famous First Folio text.

For Younger Readers.

DAVE PORTER AND HIS CLASSMATES. By Edward Stratemeyer. Published by Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Co.

Dave Porter is a model youth, who always thinks and does the right thing at the right moment; he is unerring in his judgments, and undaunted champion of the weak and oppressed, a formidable foe of the bully and sneak. He started out in life with a deep cloud about him, but through pluck, perseverance and remarkable good fortune, he has overcome all obstacles, has made a name for himself among his fellow students, is adored by the ones that are worth while and feared by those who are not. Being a magnificent athlete, a fine student and a good all-round fellow, he brings glory and honor to Oak Hall, the academy in which he is obtaining his education. For a long time he thought he was alone in the world, but he discovers he has a very charming father and sister, who adore him. There is also a girl in the story; Dave likes her and she likes him, but Dave's enemies, the bullies of the school, try to make discord between them. They write Jessie an anonymous letter, telling her of Dave's dissipated habits, also hinting darkly that he is playing fast and loose with the affections of another girl. Poor Jessie is desperately unhappy, but everything is straightened out before the book closes with the announcement that thrilling events will occur in the next volume.

"Dave Porter and His Classmates," like many other books written presumably for the amusement and instruction of boys, has no special harm in it, but also no special good. One feels tempted to advise boys to leave well enough alone and to turn to books which have real strength, beauty and vitality to recommend them.

* * *

ON TRACK AND DIAMOND. Harper & Bros., New York.

These stories of baseball and other sports will interest immensely not only the boys, but everybody who is interested in "baseball, the cinder-path, the river and the tennis court." George Harvey Van Tassel Sutphen, James M. Hallowell, J. Conover and S. Scoville, Jr., are the authors, and the stories are the very best of their kind. The first is a scientific story of the pitcher who made good, and his method of curves. Then come two Princeton stories in Mr. Conover's delightful style. Later Mr. Scoville has a series of several fine cross country racing stories; he has also "An Olympic Victory," which tells of Dion, winner of the long race at the Old Olympic Games. The tales are all vivid and full of good sportsmanship.

* * *

THE BOB'S CAVE BOYS. By Charles Pierce Burton. Henry Holt & Co., New York.

Those boys who read the first book "The Boys of Bob's Hill" will certainly want to read its sequel, and if they could read it critically they would find it the better book of the two. Mr. Burton has gotten his hand in, and this account of the doings of "the Band" by its secretary has gained considerably in true naivete and boyish naturalness of viewpoint and expression. To be a member of "a band" is the height of a normal boy's ambition, and the next best thing is to read all about a very interesting one, which had its own sign, used invisible ink for secret communications, and rejoiced in a hidden cave, where all sorts of remarkable occurrences took place. Every chapter is brim full of adventure, none of it unreal, but some of it quite exciting. The boys came near discovering something new when they hitched a big kite to a sled and found that it would pull as obediently as a pony, they had a birthday party that was amusing and delightful, and they did a score of things exactly as real boys would have done them. The secretary's narrative is entirely from his own point of view, and is very well done.

* * *

SUNNYFIELD. By Louise Morgan Sill. Harper & Bros., New York.

This is a story for the little people, and it follows up the adventures of Podsy and June after their return from the country, where they had spent a most delightful summer. The small city yard seems a very poor thing after their father buys a large vacant lot nearby and christens it "Sunnyfield." Here Podsy and June have the happiest times imaginable. They are a very well-bred little boy and girl, and they have a very careful loving father and mother, so that other little boys and girls will learn only good things in their company, and at the same time enjoy their pranks, their remarkable circus and their wonderful growing Christmas Tree in Sunnyfield. There is nothing left to guess at, everything is carefully and painstakingly explained.

* * *

WITTER WHITEHEAD'S OWN STORY. By Henry Gardner Hunting. Henry Holt & Co., New York.

Witter Whitehead is a little wagon boy employed at Fleming's big department store, and he is also, quite unconsciously and by a series of accidents, a little amateur detective. He tells his story himself, just as a boy would tell it, frankly and honestly. It seems that there has been a great deal of thieving going on in the store, and Witter accidentally stumbles upon the hiding place of the booty. Partly through boyish pranks and partly through his generosity toward a smaller boy, Witter is launched forth upon a series of remarkable adventures, wherein he meets a blind man, a little crippled girl named Flora, a gang of thieves, a benevolent old gentleman, and a number of policemen and detectives.

It is not at all a blood and thunder boy-detective story, but a series of interesting happenings very well told by the little fellow whom they befell and who was such a sturdy, honest little fellow that it all came right in the end and made good reading for other boys.

Fiction.

THE RING AND THE MAN. By Cyrus Townsend Brady. Moffat, Yard & Co., New York.

The ring is a political one, and the contest between it and the man, makes a story of genuine interest, which is centered, however, entirely in the plot and not in the somewhat unreal characters. The hero, who twenty-five years before the opening, had drifted into New York with youth, a very little money and a latent talent for business, has become a merchant prince. Now he turns his attention to political life, fortune having given him an opening. Certain difficulties connected with the transportation of freight from the water front to his warehouses bring him into conflict with the Gotham Freight and Traction Company, a corporation closely allied with the Sachems, a vast political organization. In order to fight it he offers himself as an independent candidate for Mayor, to discover a little late that the father of the girl he hopes to marry, is head and front of the corrupt ring he is opposing. This situation manifestly offers an opportunity for stirring and melodramatic scenes, of which the author avails himself to the full.

* * *

JIMBO. By Algernon Blackwood. The Macmillan Company, New York.

Jimbo is a deeply imaginative little boy, not understood by his practical father, who in the hope of curing him provides him with a sensible nursery governess. This young lady has a cheerful disposition, supreme ignorance of children like Jimbo, and great self-confidence. She does not remain very long, but she leaves her mark behind her, for Jimbo has learned to be afraid. He is tossed by a bull and falls on his head, and the rest of the story is all about the strange adventures he has in the three hours of delerium that follow. It may be added that he recovers, of which the reader is glad, for he is an interesting little boy. The author calls the book "A Fantasy."

* * *

THE SEALED VERDICT; or, BY WHOSE HAND? By Lawrence L. Lynch. Laird & Lee, Chicago.

The gentle reader may get a little mixed in regard to the statements on the title page, as set forth above, but if he will read to the end he will discover whose hand it really was which sent to death the beautiful actress, Miss Lura Hawtrey, who was pushed from the window of her apartment in a great hotel and found dead upon the pavement below. Her young understudy is accused of the crime, and circumstantial evidence is strong, but a young journalist who loves the girl turns amateur detective and in the end finds the real perpetrator of the deed. His methods and progress in solving the mystery of Miss Hawtrey's life and death make the story, which is marred by a tedious repetition of italicized words that give a very jerky effect. However, the innocent Roma Ilion is saved and her industrious lover appropriately rewarded.

* * *

TROLLEY FOLLY. By Henry Wallace Phillips. Bobbs-Merrill Co., Indianapolis.

These tales by the author of Red Saunders fall just short of a dozen. The first one, far-fetched, but touched with genuine humor and deepening into broad farce, concerns the fate of Car No. 809, sometime operated by the skilled hand of one Jimmie Horgan. Jimmie inherits a fortune of $5,000 from a faroff uncle, and the feel of the dollars drawn as an earnest of his good fortune so intoxicates him that he and his comrade, sometime conductor on Car No. 809, agree to have a regular bangup time, and take the car anywhere they please, just to vary the monotony of the everyday route. The various mishaps with passengers and other trolleys during that wild ride are very funny. There is the story of "The Reverse of a Medal," which is rather poor, and the comical pathetic tale of "The Little Canoe," which is good; there are also a number of others with the original Wild West flavor of the Red Saunders stories all of them with flashes of humor that is the real thing, but as a whole one must admit that the book by no means comes up to the standard of previous work put out by Mr. Phillips.

* * *

JOHN SILENCE. By Algernon Blackwood. John W. Luce & Co., Boston.

From the old-time ghost story, delighted in mainly for the chilly sensation it imparted to the spine, to the present collection of matter-of-fact, keenly elucidated, and scientifically based tales of occult mysteries, is a far cry, but the strong, well-balanced brain which once scoffed at old wives' tales to-day admits that there are more things in heaven and earth than were dreamt of a few years ago, and is ready to welcome a well-written book which in the guise of fiction shadows forth a little of the mysterious truth. John Silence is a "Psychic Doctor," and his adventures are more strange and wonderful than those of Sherlock Holmes, and immeasurably more terrible. The first case which Dr. Silence attends and records is written entirely from his own standpoint, his awful experiences in quelling the evil forces rampant in an old house on Putney Heath which have threatened to obcess and ruin the sensitive master of the house. In "Secret Worship," however, the story is told from the standpoint of an unsuspecting victim of ancient forces of evil, until the time when he is rescued by Dr. Silence. The explanations of these various phenomena, which are now no longer scoffed at by unprejudiced minds may or may not be accepted by the reader, but at least he will be thrilled by well-constructed tales, if he cares at all for the somewhat dangerous diet of ghost stories. The book is neatly gotten up except for the annoyance of uncut pages.

* * *

THE HANDS OF COMPULSION. By Amelia E. Barr. Dodd, Mead & Co., New York.

"The hands of compulsion are the hands of compassion," or vice versa. Such is the motive of the book, which tells the old, old story of a girl who loves a man of whom her father and the world does not approve and who will not see his very evident faults. The girl is "pretty Annie Brodick," a Scotch lassie, and the scenes of the story are laid in the Isle of Arran among the simple Scottish folk there, albeit without any real local color. The tale is rather commonplace and is simply told. Annie holds out, as many another lassie has done, is blind to the faults of her lover, and will not see the merits of the truer lover who wants her, but in the end she is at last persuaded by the "hands of compulsion" and is made to see the truth concerning the brothers who have been her rival suitors and the truth regarding her own heart. Her ears are taken up with Annie's "stiff-necked" acknowledgment of her stepmother, whose way she does not make smooth.

* * *

SOME ONE PAYS. By Noel Barwell. Published by John Lane Co.

In a series of very dull letters the author of "Some One Pays" tells the story of a commonplace young Englishman, who not being fond of study, has been placed by his father under the tutorage of an impoverished vicar, R. E. Orr., Esq., candidate for Cambridge, is like a thousand other young men, no better, no worse; he has a foolish doting mamma, a stern, pedantic papa and two rather nice sisters. The vicar, under whose tender care he has been placed, proves to be an arrant scoundrel; things happen under his roof that are not as they should be; complications arise, and it is well that Orr does not remain too long in the vitiated atmosphere of this clerical home. He enters Cambridge and a love affair that began while at the vicar's, ripens into an engagement. Letters fly backward and forward beginning "My Darling Jackie, " "My Dearest Girl, Kittie," and the supposition is that in the end they marry and are happy.

* * *

THE DELAFIELD AFFAIR. By Florence Finch Kelly. A. C. McClurg & Co., Chicago.

The reader is taken into the secret in the first chapter, when Conrad tells how his father lost everything years before in the defalcation of Summer L. Delafield, and had died from the shock of it, and how he, a boy of 15, had vowed vengeance upon the criminal, and still intended to kill him whenever he succeeded in running him down. It is perfectly plain that the man he is talking to is Delafield, and the interest of the story hangs upon the way in which the truth eludes Conrad himself, and by the fact that he is in love with Delafield's daughter. The scene is laid in New Mexico, it is written with spirit and the interest cleverly sustained to the end, when a cloudburst helps to solve difficulties and relieve an embarrassing situation.

The Girl and the Bill.

To the pleasant land of pure romance where strange adventures reign Mr. Merwin, who was formerly an editor of Munsey and knows a thing or two about readable fiction, invites the gentle reader for a sort of week-end holiday. Into less than two short days is crowded enough of life and incident to have filled in olden times an eight-volume masterpiece. Swift motor-cars and motor-boats transfer the principals from place to place, but swifter events overtake or overturn them en route so that the precipitation of the characters is both literal and figurative.

The bill which starts the mystery rolling is not of the sort most closely associated, perhaps, in the masculine mind with the girl motif. This is only a five-dollar greenback containing directions to the hiding-place of certain stolen papers of international importance. These directions those who know their intent, yet are forced to part with the bill, never think of copying. There seems no reason for this except that the story had to get started.

The machinery once in motion there is no cessation of whir and buzz until the final page. Love and intrigue, danger and rescue follow each other with astonishing rapidity, while the preponderance of the favorably coincident verges on the realm of miracles.

Robert Orme is a young lawyer of New York, as the reader and the girl—a great statesman's daughter—find out when she has accepted him for her lover after a day's acquaintance. As he seems to be a gentleman devoted to other people's interests, we are fain to accept him also with his inconceivable blunders and achievements. Both he and the girl—whose name very wisely, considering her rank, is not divulged—are likable, their adventures are suspensive and at least possible, and there is not a dull page in their hurried history.

THE GIRL AND THE BILL. By Bannister Merwin. Illustrations by Harrison Fisher and the Kinneys. Published by Dodd, Mead & Co., New York.

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SHAKESPEARE MEMORIAL IN SOUTHWARK CATHEDRAL.

Alabaster Effigy To Be Erected In the Church In Which the Poet Is Believed To Have Worshipped—May Have Sat Under the Same Roof As Beaumont and Fletcher, Who Lived But a Few Doors From Him—John Davidson, Missing Poet, Directs That His Plays Be Destroyed.

[Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.]

London, April 21.—However much doubt there may be about other incidents in the life of Shakespeare, the fact that he was connected with the Borough of Southwark and actually acted in several of his own compositions at the Rose and Globe Theaters, which were in his day situated in that part of London, is pretty well established. On Friday next, the poet's birthday, a commemorative service will be held at Southwark cathedral, which will recall these events, and at some later date a permanent memorial to the great poet will be placed beneath the Shakespeare window of the church.

Southwark cathedral was originally known as the Priory Church of St. Marie Overie, and when Shakespeare himself is supposed to have occupied one of the pews on the north side of the nave which was reserved for those who lived in the district of Bankside, it already boasted an existence of almost 400 years. After the Reformation its name was changed to St. Savior's, and it was the parish church of the poet during his residence in the borough.

Although there is no direct evidence that he ever worshiped in the church, there is every reason for believing that such is the fact. To begin with he was a religious man. Then in his time there was in existence an act which imposed a fine of 12 pence for every nonattendance at church, and for a month's continuous nonattendance the sum of £20—equal to about $750 in present-day currency. That the poet would have run the risk of such a fine it is impossible to believe.

The church has many other associations besides its supposed connection with the "Bard of

MORE TRACK RECORDS BROKEN AT THE DOWNS

Cymbal Clips Two-fifths of a Second Off the Best Previous Mark For Seven Furlongs.

WARFIELD A WINNNR IN THE HANDICAP

Derby Starter Beats St. Elmwood and Also Lowers Record.

ONLY TWO FAVORITES FIRST.

SPLENDID FIELD, NICELY WEIGHTED, CARDED IN THE CLARK HANDICAP TO-DAY.

FINE PROGRAMME OFFERED.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

FIRST RACE — Marbles, Goldproof, Merrick.
SECOND RACE—Turf Star, Grace Dixon, Lady Melton.
THIRD RACE—Jeff Bernstein, Al Mueller, Plate Glass.
FOURTH RACE—Miami, Dr. Barkley, Arrite.
FIFTH RACE—Donau, Southern Gold, Duquesne.
SIXTH RACE—Nadzu, Bellview, Brookleaf.

TWO more track records were broken at Churchill Downs yesterday afternoon during the running of a card that furnished splendid sport for a fine crowd. In the third race, which was at seven furlongs, Cymbal, belonging to William Gerst, the Nashville brewer-turfman, ran the distance in 1:25 2-5, which lowered the track record by two-fifths of a second. The best previous time for the seven furlongs was made by Pasadena, as a 5-year-old, on May 23, 1907.

Warfield also established a new track record at the Downs yesterday. Warfield is a chestnut colt, by Nasturtium—Detection, and is owned by Joseph H. Lesh. Warfield is trained by W. J. Young, and was one of the Young entry in the recent Kentucky Derby, which was won by Wintergreen. In the Derby, Warfield did not show a special class, but yesterday afternoon he defeated a splendid field in the handicap at a mile and seventy yards. Warfield won this race easily, covering the distance in 1:43 4-5, which is a full second faster than the track record which was held by Woolwinder.

While only two pronounced favorites rewarded the players of form yesterday, Console, the victor in the first race, was so heavily played that the Sir Dixon gelding was almost a first choice. The two favorites to score brackets both belong to Pat Civill. They were Topsy Robinson, in the second race, and Creel, in the last race.

One of the most promising races of the meeting will be run this afternoon, when the Clark Handicap will be decided. This is at a mile and a sixteenth, and twelve of the best horses now in training were last night selected to face the starter. While Wintergreen, the Derby winner, will not start, his absence will not be felt, because the field is of such high class that a stirring race is sure to result, and a handicapper who can pick the winner deserves all the money that he can win.

* * *

Console In the Opener.

A field that taxed the patience of the starter and the public went to the post in the first race for 3-year-old maidens. It looked as if the track had nothing but maidens to start, and sixteen went to the post to attempt to earn brackets and incidentally a little feed money for their past winter's keep. It took the talent a long time to make up their mind which was the best and after considerable parleying they finally settled on Nettie Travers and Console to be the best of the bad bunch that went to the post. The start in the race was of the straggling kind; some were off and others it took some time to make up their mind that it was a start. Project and Console getting the best of the send off and the pair alternated in the lead to the turn for home, when E. Martin, on Console, urged his mount to the front and maintained the lead to the finish, going under the wire a winner by a safe margin. Project held on long enough to get the second place, while Dexterine, which had been in close pursuit of the leaders, took the short end of the purse. Lady Ethelyn was close up through the race, and without interference would have been a serious contender.

* * *

Big Field In the Second.

The field in the second race at three-quarters was equally bad from a point of starters and of the quality of horses running. Fourteen went to the post, with Topsy Robinson, Snake Mary and Beatrice K. the choices of the wise ones. The start, as usual with such fields, was straggling, Topsy Robinson, Beatrice K. and Snake Mary being off in the first flight. The pace for the first part of the journey was fast. Snake Mary, as usual, was among the first division, but at the head of the stretch she gave way to the favorite, Topsy Robinson, which maintained the lead until the wire was reached. Beatrice K. was second and Sorrel Top, which had been a keen contender all the way, finished in third position, a length in front of Rebel Queen.

* * *

Cymbal Beats Good Ones.

The third race was one that presented some class and among the entries were some of the former stars of the turf, among them Sir Cleges, Lady Esther, Tony Faust and Grande Dame. Lady Esther, on her private form, was the decided choice of the talent and in the mutuel machines and the auction pools was always the choice of the public. Sir Cleges and Tony Faust had many warm admirers, while Grande Dame and Cymbal were to some extent neglected by the speculators. The field, while small, was one of the most trying to get away from the post. Tony Faust was on his bad behavior and caused several breaks which promised to be good starts to be broken up. After Tony Faust had calmed down Vanadine started trouble and carried the assistant starter around the track. In her effort to get away she finally became can do better. Irrigator was outpaced throughout.

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LOUISVILLE FORM CHART

Louisville, Ky., May 7.—Fifth day of the spring meeting of the New Louisville Jockey Club. Weather clear; track fast.

Presiding judge, Charles F. Price; associate judges, Charles F. Grainger and William H. Shelley; starter, Jacob Holtman.

67—FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; selling; purse $300; for 3-year-old maidens. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, L. A. Cella's br. g., 3, by Sir Dixon—Fair Penitent. Trained by L. Johnson. Value to winner, $225. Fractional time: :24 3-5, :48 2-5, 1:13 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
51	Console	112	2	4...h	3...h	1..½	1	2	E. Martin	580	530	650	$10
.....	Project	110	1	1...1	1...1	2...3	2	4	Troxler	*575	410	745	**
.....	Dexterine	110	9	2...1	4...h	3...h	3	3	T. Steele	65	20	90	**
64	Lady Ethelyn	110	4	6...h	5...½	4...h	4	5	W. Brooks	135	50	170	10
.....	Harkaway	115	12	8...h	6...½	6...h	5	6	D. Austin	105	90	125	**
.....	Orlet	112	11	3..½	2...0	5...h	6	7	T. Rice	*	*	*	**
55	N'ttie Travers	105	7	7...1	7...4	7...2	7	8	Taplin	*	*	*	**
38	Meadowgrass	112	8	9...1	9...1	8..½	8	9	Glasner	*	*	*	**
38	Red Shawl	105	5	11...2	11...1	9...1	9	10½	R. Lloyd	130	70	190	**
38	Kiddy	110	6	10...1	8...h	11...2	10	11	Powers	280	120	350	**
32	Better Days	107	14	12...2	12...1	10...1	11	12	S. Nullet	*	*	*	**
.....	Rupicola	110	12	13...1	10...½	13...1	12	13½	Heidel	150	95	195	**
38	Stowaway	112	3	5...h	13...2	12...1	13	14	J. Conley	*	*	*	**
.....	Sinfran	112	16	16	15	14...2	14	15	Preston	215	130	260	**
.....	Cerina	110	15	14...1	14...h	15...2	15	16	J. Lee	*	*	*	**
.....	Guard Rail	112	10	15...1	15...h	16	16		Warren	255	170	295	12

*Mutuel field. *Auction field, $35. Mutuels Paid—Console, straight, $20.35; place, $10.15; show, $8.55. Project (field), place, $9.10; show, $8. Dexterine, show, $40.90.

Console, away fast, ran as if best and came away in the stretch to win with plenty in reserve. Project showed most early speed, but tired after going five furlongs. Dexterine closed up a big gap the last quarter. Ethelyn, poorly handled, was gaining strongly at the end. Harkaway was going faster than the leaders at the end. Kiddy tired. Nettie Travers had to go wide. Orlet was shuffled back after going a half. Winner entered for $300; no bid.

68—SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; selling; purse $300; for fillies and mares, 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; second and third same. Winner, P. M. Civill's br. m., 6, by Sempronius—Spider. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $225. Fractional time: :23 4-5, :48 1-5, 1:13 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
.....	Ty Robinson	110	6	7...1	6...h	6..½	1	1	Taplin	1055	510	1010	$25
.....	Beatrice K.	109	1	1...½	2...½	1...h	2	1	Powers	290	245	490	10
.....	Sorrel Top	107	3	2...h	1...h	2..½	3	nk	Warren	230	80	245	**
49	Snake Mary	108	2	3...½	3...½	3...h	4	h	Heidel	290	180	385	10
23	Advancing	102	10	5...h	7...h	4...h	6	h	T. Rice	*195	160	315	10
49	Rebel Queen	109	5	4...1	5...1	5...h	5	½	J. Lee	*	*	*	**
30	Denver Girl	99	4	6...½	8...h	8...1	7	2	W. Paul	*	*	*	**
34	Refined	107	8	9...1	9...½	10...½	8	2	E. Martin	320	275	480	11
30	Alice	105	14	10..nk	10...½	9...1	9	2	F. Benton	265	180	340	10
31	La Souer	100	9	8...½	9...4	8...h	10	2	C. Hannon	210	125	280	**
31	Plume	98	11	12...2	12...½	11...1	11	1	Brannon	270	150	335	10
55	Usury	107	12	11...2	11...1	12...1	12	½	T. Steele	*	*	*	**
.....	Autumn Maid	100	13	14	13...2	13..½	13	3	J. Alex	*	*	*	**
63	Lady Carol	113	7	13...1	14	14	14		J. Daly	95	50	130	**

*Mutuel field. **Auction field. $20. Mutuels Paid—Topsy Robinson, straight, $14.95; place, $10.45; show, $8.40. Beatrice K., place, $16.35; show, $13.60. Sorrel Top, show, $19.10.

Topsy Robinson, much the best, had to work a rough trip for the first half, moved up with a rush in the stretch and drew away in the last sixteenth. Beatrice K. showed much improved form, displayed most early speed, but quit a sixteenth out. Sorrel Top was in close quarters most of the trip and finished with a rush when clear. Snake Mary quit after showing good speed for a half. Advancing was prominent most of the way and is rounding into form. Rebel Queen and Denver Girl ran fairly well. Refined was away slowly and failed to be a factor at any time. Alice ran a bad race. Scratched: Pink Linen and Right Easy.

69—THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs. Purse $400. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start bad. Won driving; second and third same. Winner, W. Gerst's ch. c., 4, by Galashiels—Sounding Brass. Trained by J. Blute. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :23; :47; 1:12 3-5; 1:25 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
[48]	Cymbal	107	2	1...2	1...3	1...4	1	2	J. Lee	565	515	815	$35
.....	Sir Cleges	109	4	4...1	3..½	2...1	2	1	D. Austin	475	360	495	15
.....	Lady Esther	100	5	5...1	4..½	3...1	3	3	E. Martin	1650	1250	1650	50
.....	Grande Dame	106	6	5...1	5...5	5...6	4	4	Warren	420	340	440	20
.....	Toney Faust	114	1	2...1	2..½	4...1	5	5	Taplin	720	525	645	30
20	Jane R'ndolph	104	3	6...3	6...4	6...6	6	6	T. Steele	65	70	190	5
.....	Sir Irving	106	7	7	7	7	7	7	C. Burton	35	15	90	*
.....	Vanadine	104	**						Dickinson	15	10	35	*

**Pulled up. *Auction field, $9. Mutuels paid: Cymbal, straight, $34; place, $14.35; show, $7.30. Sir Cleges, place, $18.40; show, $8.80. Lady Esther, show, $6.25.

Cymbal, away fast and clear of interference, forced a fast pace from the start, disposed of early contenders in the first half and won with plenty in reserve. Sir Cleges gained steadily and put up a good performance for a first out in a long time. Lady Esther ran sluggishly and would not extend herself fully under the weak handling. Grande Dame ran fairly well. Toney Faust quit after going a half and can do much better.

70—FOURTH RACE—One mile and seventy yards. Free handicap. Purse $500. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, J. H. Lesh's ch. c., 3, by Nasturtium—Detection. Trained by W. J. Young. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :24 1-5; :48 3-5; 1:14 1-5; 1:39 1-5; 1:43 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
46	Warfield	100	1	1...1	1...1	1..1½	1	1½	2	D. Austin	405	270	525	$20
48	St. Elmwood	109	5	2...½	2...1	2...1	2	1	Preston	1600	520	1160	35
55	Gilding Belle	87	3	4...1	3...h	3...1	3	1½	Brannon	155	100	275	15
[52]	J. E. McMil'n	110	2	5...1	5...1	4...1	4	1½	Powers	1440	1085	1070	50
52	F. Flittner	100	4	3...h	4...½	5..1½	5	2	L. Lee	325	235	445	15
52	Don Enrique	102	6	6..1½	6..1½	6...3	6	3	Taplin	675	405	670	20
56	Irrigator	93	7	7	7	7	7	4	Hannon	90	50	95	10

Mutuels paid: Warfield, straight, $52.65; place, $20.75; show, $13.10. St. Elmwood, place, $8.35; show, $7.85. Gilding Belle, show, $17.55.

Warfield, running to his best form and hard ridden, assumed the lead at once and always held the others safe, winning well in hand with plenty in reserve. St. Elmwood ran forwardly all the way and lasted well in the final drive. Gilding Belle was in close quarters on the turns and outstayed McMillan in the final drive. McMillan was under a drive most of the way and could not concede the weight. Flittner, showing improvement, was prominent for three-quarters. Don Enrique can do better. Irrigator was outpaced throughout.

71—FIFTH RACE—Purse $300; for 2-year-olds; four and a half furlongs; selling. Start bad. Won handily; second and third driving. Warner J. Markiein's b. f., by Blues—Special Tax. Trained by owner. Value to winner $225. Fractional time :23 2-5; :47 3-5; :54.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
53	Brunhilde	97	2			2...3	2	2	Hufnagle	345	160	285	*50
47	Gilpy	100	1			1...5	1	1½	2	4	T. Rice	1000	560	1000	50
44	Front Row	107	3			3...h	3	½	3	nk	Powers	800	325	670	20
53	Sallan	94	9			6..1½	7	1	4	h	Taplin	670	430	610	20
50	Kiddy Lee	106	5			5...h	5	½	5	h	D. Austin	530	370	645	**
[53]	Simonette	97	4			4...1	4	2	6	1½	F. Martin	555	295	485	25
.....	Carlton J.	100	8			8...1	8	3	8	2	Warren	120	75	140	10
32	Uncle Tom	107	8			8...2	8	2	8	2	T. Steele	160	70	135	**
.....	Pirate Bay	97	12			10...2	9	1	9	2	Kane	45	20	35	**
.....	Hatchlecoon	102	11			9...1	10	½	10	½	10...4	Dickinson	*115	60	165	**
.....	Herm'a Bella	94	10			11...6	11	½	10	11	11	Hannon	*	*	*	**
.....	Charles L.	102	7			12	12		12			Glasner	*	*	*	**

*Mutuel field. **Auction field.

Mutuels Paid—Brunhilde, straight, $47.25; place, $26.60; show, $16.75. Gilpy, place, $82.80; show, $46.85. Front Row, show, $6.

Brunhilde, away clear of interference, followed Gilpy closely for three furlongs, and, although boring out in last furlong, won well in hand. Gilpy had best of start and showed good speed, but tired near end. Front Row ran gamely, and was right there throughout. Sallan was bumped into repeatedly, and will improve. Kiddy Lee was in a tangle from the start. Simonette ran poorly, and can do much better. Scratched: Hallack and Turf Star.

72—SIXTH RACE—Purse $300; 3-year-olds and up; one mile and a sixteenth. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner P. Civill's b. g., by Woolthorpe—Extra. Trained by owner. Value to winner $225. Fractional time :24 2-5; :48 4-5; 1:14; 1:39 3-5; 1:46.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	St.	P.	S.	AP
[54]	Creel	112	1	2...1	2...3	2...3	1	nk	1	1½	Powers	2270	1035	1250	20
45	H. Reed	102	2	1...1	1...1	1..1½	2	3	2	6	McGee	1925	780	530	15
[49]	Orlandot	100	5	5...1	5...1	3...3	3	2	3	6	J. Davenport	1:2	425	590	**
56	T. Hayward	112	7	7	7	6...h	7		4	no	Taplin	335	150	2 5	75
60	Brookleaf	108	4	4...2	4...3	7	6		5	no	Preston	390	395	430	5
.....	Sir W. Rollins	107	3	6...h	6...h	5...h	5		5	no	D. Austin	35	40	70	15
.....	Bonnie Bard	106	6	3...3	3...h	4...1	4		1	?	Hannon	395	290	410	55

Mutuels Paid—Creel, straight, $11.65; place, $7.75; show, $6.25. J. H. Reed, place, $8.75; show, $6.90. Orlandot, show, $7.70.

Creel under good handling trailed Reed closely first three-quarters, and dashed by him when Powers called on him; lapeded Reed slightly in last furlong, but not enough to change the result. Reed showed much early speed, but seemingly dislikes to go a distance. Orlandot, away in a tangle, ran a good race. Hayward ran in improved form. Brookleaf quit badly last quarter. Bonnie Bard ran as if short, and ceased to be a factor in the last half.

Orlandot first of the trio, and the third money went to him.

GREAT CARD FOR TO-DAY.

Clark Handicap, With Weights Nicely Adjusted, and Other Fine Races Please Turfmen.

If there has been a racing card wherein six events have been scheduled to be decided on any Western racecourse within the past twenty years that approached in class and numbers the one presented by Secretary Lyman Davis for the patrons of Churchill Downs this afternoon, the oldest turfmen hereabouts, no matter how strenuously memory is taxed, fail to remember the occasion.

The card to be run off to-day is all that fine thoroughbreds could possibly make it, and the number of entrants slated to face the barrier in each of the events in no individual instance falls below nine, while in several of them the limit of sixteen is reached. Two handicaps, one of them the Clark; two purse events and two selling affairs constitute what is, without doubt, the best racing card ever presented for the enjoyment of local racegoers.

The principal feature, of course, is the Clark Handicap, and fourth position is the one it occupies on the programme. An even dozen of the very best handicap horses now in training have elected to try for the rich prize that is attached to the winner's end, and the contest should prove one of the most stirring ever decided at Churchill Downs. Miami, the Camden three-year-old, which ran so gamely and finished second to Wintergreen in the Derby, is nicely in with 103 pounds, and, with a good ride, will make the horse that beats him to the winning wire know that he has been in a sure-enough horse race. Dr. Barkley, another contestant in the last Derby decided, has the light impost of 99 pounds, and from the fact that he ran a grand race in that event after having met with interference, is bound to be given grave consideration in to-day's feature, if a good ride and fair racing luck attend his efforts. Arcite, from the Long barn, has been working in phenomenal time of late, and should he run up to this will furnish strenuous opposition for those that beat him home. Friend Harry, Royal Tourist, The Minks, Green Seal, Moquette and several other grand thoroughbreds are engaged here, and there is no way we can figure but that the Clark Handicap of 1909 is one of the greatest races, from all viewpoints, ever on a Western programme.

The opener is at five and one-half furlongs, and there are sixteen of the best sprinters now in training elected to try for the record. Marbles, the speed marvel from the Henderson & Hogan barn, has 100 pounds aboard, and with McGee to act as pilot will surely cause much of a "sizzle" for this route, if the track remains in yesterday's fast condition. Goldproof, which tired only in the closing strides over the six-furlong route on Thursday, when Earls Court got the decision over him, will undoubtedly show improvement over that effort, which will bring him close to the front in to-day's trial. Madman, on his California form, will be decidedly troublesome, and there are several others to start that may get the decision at the end.

Ten two-year-old misses are to scamper four furlongs in the second race, and Turf Star, which declined the issue yesterday, is selected to come home in front, although she is asked to carry the top weight, 114 pounds. Grace Dixon and Lady Melton looks best for the place and show positions, but there is usually an upset in events of this kind, and Our Fanny, Cellaret or any of the comparatively unknown quantities may reach the coveted goal in advance of the competitors.

A handicap is the nature of the third event, and in it are entered some high-class performers. The distance is six furlongs. Jeff Bernstein, unbeaten as a two-year-old and making his first start of the year in this race, is certain to occupy the position of favorite. Report has it that Jeff has been working in sensational style, which, if true, will more than likely bring him the "currency" that goes to the winning thoroughbred. There were many regrets expressed by local turfmen that Bernstein was not an eligible for the Derby decided last Monday, as he was, in his two-year-old form, undoubtedly the master of all of his age in the West, and the opinion was general that he would have still held that honor. Al Mueller and All Red are also two fast ones, and should furnish most of the contention. Plate Glass, Hanbridge and other good ones are to start also, and the race should be extremely interesting at all stages.

The fifth is four and one-half furlongs, for two-year-old colts and past performance taken into consideration. Donau looks as though he had finally been entered where he could get to the wire in front. This colt has been unlucky in several of his starts, but he is of high class and will win many races, barring accident or sickness that might put him on the shelf. Southern Gold, picking up several pounds from his last race, should be a contender, and Henderson will finish close up. Duquesne, King Solomon, Joe Morris, King Olympian and Zulu are not to be overlooked, however, any one of which may get home with time to spare.

The closing event, which ends the first week's sport, is over the Derby route—one mile and a quarter. Nine real "routers" take part in this contest, with Nadzu given preference for first honors. This is the Bedwell entrant that easily won the Thornton Stakes in California last winter from some of the best long-distance performers on the coast. Belleview is also a "plodder," and will take some beating in to-day's trial. Brookleaf and Miss Lida look best for the show end of the purse, although either of them may be spry enough to settle all dispute. The indexed entries follow:

FIRST RACE—Selling; five and a half furlongs:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
45..	*E. T. Shipp.	98	.....	Nervator	106
.....	Fundamental	100	8..	Harold Hall	106
.....			.....	San Primo	106
56..	*Marbles	100	63..	Goldproof	108
.....	Ethel Carr	101	43..	Come On	
.....	*Ben Howe	101	.....	Sam	108
45..	Enfield	104	56..	Ovelando	109
1..	Black Mary	105	.....	Hyperion II	112
.....	*Madman	105	[34]	Merrick	114

SECOND RACE—Purse; 2-year-old fillies; four furlongs:

62..	Miss Oway	102	28..	Ethel W	102
25..	Lady Melton	102	62..	G. Dixon	102
58..	Cellaret	102	12..	Zahra	102
35..	Granny Dismal	102	.....	Our Fanny	102
.....	Prim Polly	102	58..	Turf Star	114

THIRD RACE—Handicap; six furlongs:

.....	Clear Rock	87	.....	Ida May	103
69..	*Tony Faust	97	.....	Madge	108
43..	All Red	99	.....	Jeff Bernstein	110
64..	Ray Thompson	100	.....	*Al Muller	110
57..	Plate Glass	100			

FOURTH RACE—The Clark Handicap; one mile and a sixteenth:

46..	Dr. Barkley	99	.....	Moquette	106
46..	Friend Harry	102	.....	Green Seal	109
46..	Miami	103	.....	Arcite	112
64..	*Woolsandals	103	52..	Old Honesty	112
57..	Zlenap	105	52..	The Minks	113
[56]	Huck	105	43..	Royal Tourist	118

FIFTH RACE—Purse; 2-year-old colts; four and a half furlongs:

.....	Hallack	100	65..	King Olympian	103
16..	Relluf	103	47..	Henderson	108
58..	Zulu	103	47..	Laveno	111
47..	C. A. L'm'n	109	[50]	Duquesne	115
.....	Ramon Corona	103	[59]	King Solomon	115
.....	Capt. Glore	103	59..	Donan	115
59..	Mesmerizer	103	[47]	Southern Gold	115
.....	T. M. Irvin	103			
.....	Joe Morris	108			

SIXTH RACE—Selling; one mile and a quarter:

.....	Teeta H	100	[60]	Belleview	106
48..	Albert Fanz	102	.....	Miss Lida	107
60..	W'ter Lake	104	60..	*Nadzu	107
29..	Oronoka	106	60..	Joe Fallert	109
60..	Brookleaf	106			

*Apprentice allowance.

* * *

CHAT OF THE COURSE.

"Pete" Coyne, trainer of George Long's stable, thought well of Sir Cleges' chances in the seven-eighths event yesterday. He wagered a new hat with a friend that Sir Cleges would finish as good as the "two hole."

* * *

Owner Civill bought a bunch of tickets on Topsy Robinson as the horses were going to the post. Or rather, he had his commissioner busy with the mutuels about that time. Topsy delivered the goods in fine style, all right.

* * *

Cymbal seems to have secured a new lease on life. The Gerst colt was not much of a thoroughbred in his several performances before leaving California. Jimmy Lee, the one-time wonder in the jockey line, won his first mount of the meeting on the rejuvenated Gerst nag.

* * *

Warfield did not win the Derby, but he demonstrated yesterday that he can "step to town" when track conditions are on the "extreme" fast side. He trimmed the record a full second and had plenty left at the end.

* * *

Creel continues to show good form. He is putting Owner Civill right in line for contention as to winning owners.

* * *

Jockey J. Daly, who figured prominently as a rider of some note a few years ago, had his first mount yesterday on Lady Carol in the second race.

* * *

Mancie March was one of those hunch players that believed in playing repeaters. Mancie cashed a good-sized bet on Cymbal in the third race.

* * *

Vanandine, which was a starter in the fourth race, was in an ugly mood. He delayed the start for several minutes and then was left standing. Starter Holtman placed him on the schooling list for an indefinite period.

* * *

Topsy Robinson and Creel were the only favorites to get by, but the talent pulled out on their victories.

* * *

Lady Esther was a false alarm and many a bank roll was crippled on her defeat.

* * *

Charley Ray and Theodore Leachman, fresh from Pimlico, were in hand and managed to pick a few winners.

* * *

Charley Ellison, the blond plunger, arrived from Hot Springs. He said he did not know much about the horses here and was going to place himself in the hands of Johnny Marklein. The victory of Marklein's filly, Brunhilde, gave the plunger a good opinion of the silent bookmakers.

* * *

The silent bookmakers, the machines, yesterday handled $60,000, while the auction pools did a business of $20,000.

* * *

Bert Collyer, of Chicago, yesterday telegraphed Secretary Lyman Davis that he considered the handicapping in the Clark Handicap to be one of the best pieces of handicapping that had ever come under his notice. Mr. Collyer is a thorough turfman and has ridden, on two occasions, the winner of the Gentleman's Cup Race at Churchill Downs. Secretary Davis is certainly to be commended on the manner in which he has brought the entrants of the Clark Handicap together, his weights being the medium, for the indications are that this afternoon's feature will be one of the best contests ever seen on a Western race course.

* * *

One of the deals of the meeting was transacted yesterday when "Windy" Murphy traded Louie Taber a Pimlico tip for a tip on one of the races at the local track. It is rumored that Taber got a cigarette to boot.

* * *

Two more records were broken at the Downs yesterday. Cymbal lowered the track record for seven furlongs two-fifths of a second in the third race and Warfield knocked one second off the record for one mile and seventy yards in the feature event.

* * *

Jockey Hufnagel put up a splendid ride on Brunhilde in the fifth race. He was off badly, but overtook Gilpy, who was five lengths ahead of the field and won with plenty in reserve.

* * *

Both the negro jockeys rode their first winners yesterday, Lee on Cymbal and Austin on Warfield.

* * *

Willis Simms, the colored jockey who has won the Kentucky Derby twice, was a visitor at the Downs yesterday. Simms won the Kentucky Derby on Ben Brush in 1896 and on Plaudit in 1898. Simms says he will ride again if he is able to make the weight.

* * *

One of the humorous sides was shown yesterday at the track when a man who had wagered on Gilpy in the fifth race evidently mistook the event for a bicycle race instead of a horse race. He was heard to declare that the boy who was riding Gilpy had quit at the sixteenth pole, as though the jockey had become very tired. The fact was that Rice, who was riding Gilpy, beat the barrier about five lengths and rode like a demon throughout the entire distance, but Hufnagle, on Brunhilde, refused to wait for Gilpy, who was a very tired horse.

* * *

As Jockey Shilling, who has been riding for T. C. McDowell during the present meeting, will not return to Louisville, the services of Jockey Powers has been secured and he has written to Mr. Keene in the East that he can accept his offer.

* * *

Jockey Davenport's anxiety to get away with Orlandot in the last race cost him a six-day rest. Starter Holtman, after repeatedly warning him, issued an order which will give him an enforced recreation until next Friday.

* * *

Jockey V. Powers will have the mount on Arcite in the Clark Handicap this afternoon. Arcite worked a mile Thursday morning in 1:40 1-5, and is looked upon as a keen contender for to-day's feature.

* * *

Jockey McGee to-day will ride J. M. Camden's Miami, who was second in the Kentucky Derby. Mr. Camden's trainer hopes to show the quality of the fast Bluegrass colt by taking the long end of the purse in this race.

CYMBAL 6 to 1 WON

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Turf Experts

DRIVER LEWIS STRANG HAS NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Rim of Front Wheel Comes Off and Machine Dashes Into Fence Where Stricker, His Partner, Was Killed Last Fall.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 7.—Within a hundred feet of where Emile Stricker, his partner, was dashed to death in a twenty-four-hour race last fall, Lewis Strang this afternoon narrowly escaped the grasp of the grim reaper.

It occurred in the fifty-second mile of the 100-mile event, and at a time when Strang had the feature of the programme well in hand. Just as he rounded the curve where Stricker was killed last fall, the detachable rim of the right front wheel ran off, hurling the machine into the fence.

That Strang escaped with his life is remarkable. As it was, he managed with difficulty to extricate himself from the car, and escaped with nothing more serious than a number of severe bruises.

Tilford Cowell, of Montgomery, in a Chalmers-Detroit, was awarded the 100-mile event at the conclusion of the fifty-fifth mile. Cowell also won the Birmingham district championship over Scully in a Stanley steamer. The 17-year-old lad drove several wonderful miles, and whenever he flashed before the grandstand he was greeted with cheers.

Lewis Strang won the five-mile sprint over Dewitt and Cowell without trouble.

A. W. Greiner, in a Thomas six-flyer, in attempting to lower his own five-mile record, made at Nashville May 1, scored a failure. On account of trouble he was compelled to call a halt at the conclusion of the fourth mile.

Bob Stubbs had an easy afternoon's work in winning the two events in which he was entered. He walked away from Johnny Green, of Chattanooga, in the five-mile event, and won hands down in the five-mile handicap. Summary:

First Race — Five miles; motor cycle match: Tennessee-Alabama championship; Robert Stubbs (Indian) first; Johnny Green (Curtiss) second. Time, 5:29 4-5.

Second Race—Five miles; Birmingham championship; open only to Alabama drivers: Tilford Cowell, of Montgom

ALGIE SCORES OVER BEN COLE

Only Three Horses In Steeplechase, But Exciting Finish Results.

QUANTICO WINS PURSE RACE.

Beats Mambossa, Bonnie Kelso and Others In Maryland Club Affair At Pimlico.

KING COBALT FIRST AGAIN.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 7.—The day started off with fine weather and a good crowd. A wind and rain storm broke over the track at the start of the third race, which was won by Quantico by half a length. There were only three starters in the steeplechase and Algie won by a neck. Summaries:

First Race—Four and one-half furlongs: Dull Care, 117 (Dugan), 3 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 4.....1
Fauntleroy, 107 (McCahey), 12 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 4.....2
Lillie Hoy, 106 (Bergen), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, even.....3
Time, :54 4-5. John Reardon, Jessica, Our Hannah, Isendune and Rustem also ran.

Second Race—Selling; six furlongs: Jennie Wells, 96 (Leach), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2.....1
Edgely, 103 (Grand), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10.....2
Rye, 98 (Crowley), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 7 to 5..3
Time, 1:13 4-5. Andalusia, Bergoo, Giovonni Raggio, Montrose, Samuel H. Harris, Ida Reck, John Marrs, Complete, Aphrodite and Ornamentation also ran.

Third Race—Selling; Maryland Club Purse; one mile and forty yards: Quantico, 94 (Hinchcliffe), 4 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 2.....1
Mombassa, 109 (Dugan), 15 to 5, even, 2 to 5.....2
Bonnie Kelso, 96 (Upton), 1 to 5, out.....3
Time, 1:46 2-5. Lady Isabel, Hanonia, Plantland, Cheek and St. Joseph also ran.

Fourth Race—The Crickmore Memorial Steeplechase; about two and one-half miles:
Algie, 146 (Smith), 16 to 5, 3 to 5.....1
Ben Cole, 138 (Williams), 13 to 10, 1 to 3..2
Kara, 152 (McAfee), 3 to 2, 1 to 3.....3
Time, 5:38 4-5. Only three starters.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs: Bethlehem, 97 (Goldstein), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4.....1
Goodheart, 97 (Dugan), 11 to 5, even, 1 to 2.....2
Croydon, 107 (McCabe), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 1 to 2.....3
Time, 1:15 2-5. My Agnes, Balboa, Diamond John, Nethermost, Belle of Phoenix, Kenmare Queen and Vaudeville also ran.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: King Cobalt, 113 (Dugan), 4 to 5, 2 to 5, out.....1
Cunning, 101 (Goldstein), 15 to 1, 4 to 1, 8 to 5.....2
Momentum, 101 (McIntyre), 20 to 1, 6 to 1, 2 to 1.....3
Time, 1:13 4-5. Nimbus, Personal, Horace G., Racquet, Esoteric, George W. Lebolt and Aprodite also ran.

Seventh Race—Selling; six furlongs: Glies, 103 (McCahey), 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 7 to 10.....1
Hyacko, 106 (Murphy), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2.....2
Queen of Hills, 101 (Dugan), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 3 to 5.....3
Time, 1:15. Deburgo, Coon, Louden Light, Laura A. and Elfall also ran.

PIMLICO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For 2-year-olds; selling; four and one-half furlongs:
Kith and Kin.....107|Bedminster 104
Reybourn .....107|Billie Burke 107
Busy .....110|Dave Nicholson 102
Compton .....112|Etoiling 102
Wenna .....99|Gerando 102
Belle Mawr .....104|Johnny Wise 102
Newark .....104|

SECOND RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; six furlongs:
Simple Honors....121|Greendale 119
Momentum .....111|El Oro 102
Rose Beaumont ..93|Intervene 106
Red River .....124|Tim Pippin 102
George W. Le-boldt .....100|Sal Volatile 119
Charivari .....119|
THIRD RACE—Merchants' Handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward; mile and sixty yards:
Half Sovereign...121|Superstition 102
Gretna Green ...118|Ross Fenton 98
Live Wire .....116|Adirondack 96
Question Mark ..112|Hill Top 94
Gowan .....108|Tahoe 93
Statesman .....105|Siskin 92
Trance .....105|Dale Stroebel 86
St. Joanne .....104|Lad of Langdon..103
The Wrestler ....102|

FOURTH RACE—Chesapeake Steeplechase; for 4-year-olds and upward; selling, about two miles:
Touchwood .....149|Sung Low 141
Rye Boy .....146|The Dane 138
Raclilia .....137|Dr. Keith 153
Economy .....145|Pirate 151
Waterway .....153|Jim McGill 151
Harpist .....151|Bound Brook 151
Impertinence ....142|

FIFTH RACE—Seventh running of Amateur Cup for gentlemen riders; for 3-year-olds and upward; selling; mile:
Rio Grande .....141|Klochan 149
Constellation ....132|Perseverance 149
Astor d'Or .....147|Ontario 149

SIXTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; selling; nonwinners in 1909; mile and sixty yards:
Gus Helm .....99|Havre 99
Montrose .....108|Queen of the Hills111
Recruit .....116|G. G. Hall 111
Judge Ementrout113|Kempton 111
Olive .....89|

SEVENTH RACE—For 3-year-olds and upward; mile and sixty yards:
Great Jubilee .... 99|Rosimiro 111
High Range .....99|Miss Catesby 111
Court Lady .....94|Racquet 111
Black Sheep .....116|Lady Karma 114

Kentucky Intercollegiate Track Meet.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The Kentucky intercollegiate track meet will be held on the State University grounds the afternoon of Saturday, May 15. Teams will be entered from Georgetown, Transylvania, Central, Kentucky Wesleyan, University of Louisville, Berea and State University. The following events will be contested:

One hundred-yard dash.
Two hundred and twenty-yard dash.
One-quarter mile run.
One-half mile run.
One mile run.
Hurdle race.
Shot put.
Hammer throwing.
High jump.
Broad jump.
Pole vaults.
Mile relay.

Southern Athletic Meet.

New Orleans, La., May 7.—There is every indication that the annual track and field championship meet of the Southern Association, Amateur Athletic Union, to be held at the City Park racetrack here to-morrow afternoon, will be a successful affair. There are 131 athletes entered for the seventeen events.

COLONELS LOSE TO KANSAS CITY

Wright's Pitching Proves Too Strong For Heinie Peitz's Men.

CROSS PUT OUT OF THE PARK.

Quinlan, Dunleavy and Louisville Players Make Mistakes Which Prove Important.

MILWAUKEE WINS AGAIN.

KANSAS CITY, May 7.—[Special.]—The Blues defeated Louisville by the score of 5 to 2 this afternoon.

"Rasty" Wright's brand of pitching was too mystifying for H. Peitz's crowd. Cross objected mildly to a strike decision in the first inning and Umpire Owens was offended. Cross was chased to the clubhouse. Jack Love, the former Oklahoma man, took Monte's place and behaved so well that the fans would be glad to see Monte do some managing on the bench.

The Colonels started off in the first inning as though they expected to get Wright's measure on the jump. With one out, Woodruff pasted a double to right. Delehanty sent a short fly to Neighbors, Landreth walked and Woodruff crossed the plate on Sullivan's single. Olson fouled to Beckley. The next six innings were barren for Louisville. The Colonels polled only one hit, a single by Delehanty, in this period.

The Blues cinched the game in the third. With one out, Ritter was safe when Sullivan dropped Quinlan's assist. Wright hit safely past first and Carlisle singled, scoring Ritter. Quinlan allowed Love's high fly to go through his hands, C. Wright counting. Carlisle was thrown out at third by Peitz. Beckley singled, scoring Love. Brashear hit a fly to Dunleavy. The locals counted their fourth tally in the sixth. With two out and Hallman on second, via a fielder's choice and a steal, Dunleavy dropped Ritter's long drive and Hallman sprinted home.

Delehanty opened the eighth with a single to center and went to third when Carlisle let the ball go by him. Landreth struck out. Sullivan hit a long fly to Carlisle that scored Delehanty. Olson retired the side with a fly to Neighbors. The Blues took their run back in the first half of the eighth. With one out Hallman singled to center and scored from first when Hetling doubled to the right field fence. Ritter hit to Woodruff, who touched Hoetling at third. Wright fouled to Sullivan. Quinlan opened the ninth with a hit to left, but was doubled when Peitz grounded to Brashear. Puttmann flied out to Carlisle. The score:

K. City.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Carlisle lf	4	2	0	0	Dunleavy cf	4	0	1	0
Cross ss	4	1	0	0	Woodruff 3b	4	1	3	0
Love ss	3	1	0	3	Delehanty rf	4	1	2	0
Beckley 1b	4	1	8	1	Landreth rf	2	0	1	0
Brashear 2b	3	1	1	2	Sullivan 1b	3	1	9	1
Neighbors cf	3	0	3	0	Olsen 2b	4	0	3	0
Hallman rf	3	1	1	0	Quinlan ss	4	1	1	0
Hetling 3b	3	2	0	0	Peitz c	2	0	4	3
Ritter c	4	0	4	1	Puttmann p	3	0	1	3
Wright p	4	1	1	1					
Totals	33	9	27	10	Totals	30	5	24	12

*Batted for Hopke in ninth.
†Batted for Cheney in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Milwaukee	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	—	6
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2

Errors—Carlisle, Neighbors, Dunleavy, Olsen, Quinlan 2. Two-base Hit—Hetling. Left on Bases—Kansas City 7, Louisville 7. First Base on Errors—Kansas City 4; Louisville 1. Sacrifice Hits—Neighbors, Sullivan. Stolen Bases—Love, Hallman, Ritter, Delehanty 2. Double Play—Brashear, Love and Beckley. Struck Out—By Wright 3, by Puttmann 4. Bases on Balls—Off Wright 5; off Puttmann 2. Wild Pitch—Puttmann. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Owens.

* * *

Columbus 3, St. Paul 2.

St. Paul, May 7.—Armbruster's muff of a fly in the eighth and Larue's home run in the ninth gave Columbus the third game of the series and one by a score of 3 to 2. Both Hall and Upp pitched good ball. Score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Col'bus.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Davis cf	4	1	2	0	Clarke lf	3	0	2	0
Ar'buster lf	3	1	2	0	Odwell 1b	4	0	11	0
Gehring rf	5	0	0	0	Congalton rf	4	2	0	0
Shaw c	3	24	0	1	Bowerman c	4	0	8	0
O'Brien 2b	4	0	2	4	Krueger cf	4	2	2	1
Carisch c	3	0	8	0	Larue ss	4	1	3	2
Cockman 3b	3	0	1	2	Smith 3b	4	1	1	3
Neese ss	4	1	0	2	Rourke 2b	4	0	1	5
Hall p	4	2	0	5	Upp p	4	0	0	5
*Yeager	1	0	0	0					
Totals	36	7	27	12	Totals	34	5	27	14

*Batted for O'Brien in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	— 2
Columbus	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	— 3

Errors—Armbruster, Carisch, Neese, Larue 2, O'Rourke. Two-base Hits—Nee, Davis. Home Run—Larue. Stolen Bases—Armbruster, Hall, Flynn, Odwell. Double Play—Krueger and Larue. Bases on Balls—Off Hall 2; off Upp 4. Hit By Pitched Ball—Armbruster. Struck Out—By Hall 8; by Upp 8. Passed Ball—Carisch. Wild Pitch—Upp. Sacrifice Hit—Odwell. Left on Bases—St. Paul 9, Columbus 7. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Hayes.

* * *

Milwaukee 6, Indianapolis 2.

Milwaukee, May 7.—The leaders won a one-sided game this afternoon, beating the champions by a score of 6 to 2. Schneiberg, who made his first appearance of the season in the pitching box for Milwaukee, twirled a fine game. Score:

Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Robinson ss	5	3	2	2	Chadbourne lf	4	1	4	0
Barry rf	5	2	2	0	M'Chesney cf	3	0	2	0
McGann 1b	4	1	8	1	Hayden rf	4	2	0	0
Hasdell cf	4	1	1	0	Barr 1b	4	0	9	0
Clarke 3b	2	1	2	2	Burke 3b	2	1	2	0
McCor'k 2b	3	0	2	2	O'Rourke 2b	2	1	2	2
Hostetter c	4	0	7	0	Reynolds c	4	0	3	0
Hoffman p	3	2	2	3	Hopke p	1	0	0	1
Schneiberg p	3	0	1	4	Schrieber p	0	0	0	0
					Cheney p	3	2	2	2
					*Davidson	1	0	0	0
					†Graham	1	0	0	0
Totals	33	10	27	13	Totals	28	6	24	6

*Batted for Hopke in ninth.
†Batted for Cheney in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	—T.
Milwaukee	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	—	6
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2

Errors—Clarke, Hostetter, Hoffman, Barr, Burke, Reynolds. Two-base Hit—Clarke. Home Run—McGann. Bases on Balls—Off Hoffman 4 in 1-3 inning; off Cheney 6 in 8 2-3 innings. Sacrifice Hits—McCormick, Schneiberg, Burke. Stolen Bases—Barry 2, Randall, Robinson, Clark, Dougherty. Double Play—Robinson, McCormick and McGann. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 9; Indianapolis 7. First Base on Balls—Off Cheney 4; off Schneiberg 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—McChesney, Burke, Howley, O'Rourke. Struck Out—By Schneiberg 5; by Cheney 3. Passed Ball—Reynolds. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—King and Eckman.

* * *

Toledo 9, Minneapolis 3.

Minneapolis, May 7.—Toledo won a game cut to seven innings by rain to-day, hitting Young opportunely and hard. Minneapolis bunched hits in only one inning, the fifth. Score:

Minneap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Order ss	3	2	2	3	Nill ss	3	1	4	3
Quillen rf	4	0	3	0	Rinehman 2b	3	1	3	4
Dawes 2b	4	0	3	3	Knoce cf	3	0	2	1
Collins 3b	3	0	0	1	Hickman lf	4	1	1	0
O'Neill c	3	2	0	0	Seybold rf	2	2	2	0
Wheeler 1b	3	1	10	0	Bowerman c	4	1	7	1
Kapp c	3	0	4	2	Daubert 1b	4	1	7	1
Young p	3	1	0	1	Abbott c	4	1	3	0
Oberlin p	0	0	0	0	McSurdy p	3	1	0	0
					Totals	30	9	21	9
Totals	30	7	21	10					

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	—T.
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	— 3
Toledo	0	0	0	4	3	2	0	— 9

Errors—Dawes, Elwert. Two-base Hit—Elwert. Three-base Hit—Downs. Sacrifice Hits—Hinchman, Smooth, Seybold. Left on Bases—Minneapolis 7, Toledo 5. First Base—Off Young 10 in 6 1-3 innings; off Oberlin 1 in 2-3 innings. Struck Out—By Young 1; by McSurdy 3; by Oberlin 1. Base on Balls—Off Elwert 3; off Young 3; off McSurdy 2. Passed Balls—Abbott, Kapp. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Sullivan and Conahan.

Southern Field Meet To-day.

Birmingham, Ala., May 7.—The Vanderbilt track team was the first of the visitors to arrive for the Birmingham field day meet, which will be held here to-morrow. In addition to Vanderbilt, the following will take part: University of Nashville; University of Alabama; Birmingham Y. M. C. A., and Birmingham Athletic Club.

Haas, of Alabama, and Shelton, of the Y. M. C. A., have been disqualified.

WALSH AND EVERS ARE REINSTATED.

CINCINNATI, O., May 7.—Chairman Herrmann, of the National Baseball Commission, announced this afternoon that Pitcher Walsh, of the Chicago Americans, and Second Baseman Evers, of the Chicago Nationals, have been reinstated to good standing and again can play with their respective clubs. It has not yet been decided what amount of fine to impose upon the players, Herrmann saying that this matter will be settled within the next few days.

GOOD NEWS

From Many Quarters Encourages Business Men.

IRON AND STEEL MARKET SHOWS HEALTHY SIGNS.

EVIDENCES OF RETURNING PROSPERITY NUMEROUS.

LEATHER PRICES ADVANCING.

New York, May 7.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say:

With bank clearings outside of New York 13 per cent. better than last year and 24.5 per cent. better than in 1906, and in New York 24.1 per cent. larger than in 1908 and 1.3 per cent. larger than in 1906; with railroad earnings for the month of April showing a gain of 12.9 per cent. over 1908, and only 0.7 per cent. decrease as compared with the banner year of 1907; with immigration 212,000 larger than last year; with imports much greater than in 1908 and nearly equal to 1907; with a distinct gain in the iron and steel trade in both orders and prices; with a hardening tendency in copper; with works of new construction going rapidly forward, the trade situation seems to afford ample grounds for the prevailing belief that as soon as tariff revision is out of the way the last obstacle to a full restoration of normal industrial and mercantile activity will be removed.

Notable indeed is the better feeling in iron and steel. Favorable developments in nearly all divisions are reported. Recovery is naturally slow following the prolonged period of depression, but there is more than a suggestion of permanence in the steady revival, and the broadened demand has not been curtailed by some slight advances in price.

* * *

Dry Goods Quiet.

The primary dry goods market continues quiet, prices remaining at their present level in view of the firmness of raw material. In print cloth yarn goods some contracts have been closed on the finer count fabrics, but converters show no disposition to operate very far ahead. Gray finished goods are quiet and bleached goods and prints continue to be inactive. In the export division some inquiry is reported, but little business has been placed, sales in China amounting to only 1,000 bales of 3.25-yard sheetings, while some small orders have been secured from Africa and Australia, and Manila has bought a slightly larger quantity of prints than its recent average. In woolen goods the volume of duplicate business from buyers of men's wear lines increases gradually. Worsted yarns are still higher and woolen yarns are held with comparative firmness. Carpet and jute yarns are only in moderate request at unchanged prices.

The leather market is stronger all around in sympathy with the hide situation, prices advancing steadily. While the footwear market has not as yet felt the active and advancing movement in hides, trade with Eastern jobbers and New England manufacturers is gradually increasing.

BRADSTREET OPTIMISTIC.

General Conditions Show Steady Return To Normal.

New York, May 7.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:

Improvement in retail trade, some regaining of lost ground in farming operations and distinctly more optimistic feeling as to trade for the future are the leading favorable features in this week's reports to Bradstreet's. Jobbing and wholesale trade for immediate delivery shows between seasons quiet, but fall trade is developing a better tone and enlarging demand.

Perhaps the most encouraging feature of the week, business affecting one of the country's basic industries, is the enlarged demand, more cheerful tone and higher range of prices

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cl'se
Do preferred	700	95½	95½	95¾
Sloss-Sheffield Steel	1,400	80½	79¾	80½
Southern Pacific	16,600	122¾	122	122¾
Do preferred	600	125	124¾	124¾
Southern Railway	1,000	29½	28¾	29¾
Do preferred	400	69	68	68
Tennessee Copper	7,500	45½	42½	45
Texas and Pacific	7,300	34⅝	34	34⅜
T., St. L. and W.	1,800	52	50½	51⅜
Do preferred	500	93¾	93¾	93¾
Union Pacific	57,300	180¾	178¾	180¼
Do preferred	50	97	97	96½
U. S. Realty	400	80	79½	80
U. S. Rubber	10,100	38½	38	38
U. S. Steel	10,600	57⅝	55⅞	57⅛
*Do preferred	14,800	120¾	118¾	120¾
Utah Copper	7,100	53	52	53
Va.-Car. Chemical	12,900	51½	50½	50⅝
Wabash	7,300	20⅝	19⅝	20
Do preferred	24,800	52⅝	50⅝	52
Western Maryland	18,500	37	35½	37
Westinghouse Elec.	3,500	85	82½	83½
Western Union	700	78½	75⅝	76
W. and L. E.	3,800	12¾	12¼	12¾
Wisconsin Central	200	59	58½	58½

Total sales for the day 955,500 shares.
*Ex-dividend.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	101½	102¼
Do coupon	101½	...
4s, registered	101½	102¼
Do coupon	102	...
Small bonds	102	...
New 4s, registered	119	119¾
Do coupon	120¾	...
Panama 2s, registered	101	101½
Panama 3s, registered	101½	101¾
District of Columbia 3.65s	108½	...
Philippine 4s	100	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 7.—Money was abundant on the market to-day and discounts were quiet. Trading on the Stock Exchange developed renewed strength, particularly in the mining section, in which there was a large business at rising prices. Copper shares again were buoyant, in sympathy with the metal and American buying. Amalgamated was $2.50 dearer than yesterday. The small, but attractive, new issues adversely affected the subdued gilt-edged stocks, but home rails hardened on renewed support. American securities started lower on fears of an unfavorable crop report, but they recovered under the lead of the Pacific issues, while United States Steel advanced on improving trade reports. Later there occurred a slight easing, but vigorous Wall street support sent the market higher and caused a strong close. Closing quotations were as follows: Consols for money 85 3-16; do for the account 85⅜; Anaconda 14⅜; Atchison 110⅜; do preferred 106½; Baltimore and Ohio 118; Canadian Pacific 183½; Chesapeake and Ohio 79½; Chicago Great Western 34; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 154½; De Beers 12½; Denver and Rio Grande 52¾; do preferred 90; Erie 32¾; do first preferred 70½; do second preferred 40½; Grand Trunk 22; Illinois Central 143½; Louisville and Nashville 142½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 44½; New York Central 134; Norfolk and Western 91; do preferred 90; Ontario and Western 50⅜; Pennsylvania 70¾; Rand Mines 8⅝; Reading 174½; Southern Railway 30¾; do preferred 70; Southern Pacific 125¾; Union Pacific 183¾; do preferred 94½; United States Steel 58⅛; do preferred 124½; Wabash 20; do preferred 52; Amalgamated Copper 84⅜; Spanish fours 88. Bar silver steady at 24¾d per ounce. Money 1½@2 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 1¾@1 5-16 per cent.

Berlin, May 7.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were irregular, with the exception of copper shares, which were strong. Prices per centner 97f 50c for the account. Exchange on London 20f 10c for checks.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, May 7, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Agr'l implts, lbs.	194,415	265	127,845	...
Boots and shoes, pkgs.	280	262	72	261
Coffee, lbs.	39,961	38,515	62,580	30,000
Drugs, pkgs.	413	2,190	603	2,106
Dry goods, no-tions, pkgs	1,270	4,655	1,267	3,160
Flour, bbls.	212	12,500	345	2,592
Furniture, lbs.	83,758	28,500	49,900	95,470
Corn, bush.	33,000	62,700	21,250	62,500
Oats, bush.	5,700	2,000	4,800	1,200
Wheat, bush.	15,015	...	9,200	1,700
Hardware, pkgs.	600	4,259	927	3,072
Hay, tons	79	84	120	...
Hides, lbs.	9,205	42,353	11,156	30,000
Bacon, lbs.	90,200	57,300	54,200	28,700
Hams, lbs.	...	31,400	...	15,000
Lard, lbs.	31,400	37,945	25,350	31,000
Pig iron, tons	234	22	247	81
Leather, lbs.	18,850	1,200	12,000	42,000
Nails, kegs	8,0	900	251	500
Wood, sawed, bbls.	1,200	178	300	500
Apples, gr., bbls.	...	28	...	90
Onions, sacks	2	10	10	...
Potatoes, bbls.	400	288	270	127
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	5,200	955	6,440	...
Tools, lbs.	51,170	1,450	105,500	5,500
Hoes, stove castings, lbs.	89,385	2,400	29,700	...
Sugar, hds.	231	460	231	289
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	266	507	224	289
Tobacco, manfd. lbs.	1,140,180	980,000	255,000	179,924
Wagons, lbs.	88,200	13,150	61,000	16,300
Whisky, bbls.	697	1,691	200	1,691

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.85; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 4½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 29c in 60-lb. tubs, 29½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin in prints 30c; renovated 25c in 30-lb. tubs, 26c in lb. prints.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.25@1.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 60@85c per bbl.; lime 70@80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.80@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 18c; full cream long horns 17½@18c; full cream Limburger 16c; cases 15c; full cream brick 17½c; cases 17c; domestic Swiss 16½@18c; New York cream 16c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14½@15½c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 24½@26c; Mexican Grade 1 fancy 13c; choice 12½c; prime 11½c; good 11c; roasting grades 10c; Santos 10@12½c; Home Comfort 1-lb. packages 13c.

CORN PRODUCTS—Cornmeal $1.75 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $2 per ton; cracked corn $29.70 per ton; feed meal $29 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $3.50 per bu.; clover $6.00 per bu.; orchard grass ($1.8) per bu.; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy $1.25 per bu.; red top, fancy 15c per lb.; English bluegrass, fancy per bu., $1.05; Hungarian $1.50 per bu.; millet $1.50 per bu.; cowpeas $1.65 per bu.; amber cane seed $1.40 per bu.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.75@7 per bbl.; plain patents $6.50@6.75; straights $6.25; family $5.25@5.50; low grades $5; winter patents $7@7.25; winter straights $6.25; low grades $5.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per box 10@12c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 10@11c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes, 6c; prunes, California new in ½@7c; peaches 8c; pears 10@11c; figs, Smyrna layer, 10@12c per lb. in boxes weighing from 10 to 15 lbs.; apricots 13c; dates, new Persian, 70-lb. boxes, 4½c per lb.; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel $1.70 for base; steel roofing, corrugated, $2.30; V-crimped $2.35 per square; black sheets No. 14 $2.85; No. 16 $2.90; No. 18 $2.70; No. 20 $2.70; No. 22 $2.75; No. 24 $2.75; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $3; No. 28 $3.05; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $1.95 base; cut steel nails $2 base; plain black wire $1.85 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.25; galvanized $2.55 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Hamilton $3.90 keg; Perkins $4.04½ base; Burden's $4.20 keg; Hudson $3.80 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, X×O and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, X×I and smaller, 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70@75 per cent. discount.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy $16; No. 2 timothy $14.50; No. 3 timothy $13; No. 1 clover mixed $12; No. 1 clover unmixed $12; No. 1 clover hay $13; No. 2 clover hay $11.50; wheat straw $5.50@6; oats straw $5.50@6; rye straw $7.50.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $28; shorts $28.50; shipstuffs $29.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 32c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle centrifugals 24@30c.

NUTS—Almonds, Tarragona 15c per lb.; Sicilies, Sicily 12c; California walnuts, soft shell, No. 1 16c per lb.; Texas pecans, Jumbo 15c; standard nuts 12c; Brazil nuts 11c; French walnuts 11c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 6c; roasted 7c; cocoanuts $3.20 per 100; less than 100 4c each.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon; 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 54c for raw and 58c for boiled; in less than 5-bbl. lots, 2c more; winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 50c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden mammoth 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Corliss cylinder 33c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 43c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 30c; coal oil, Kentucky test (Indiana test 10½c); Gridiron 11½c; axle grease, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 63c; wood alcohol 35c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7½c per lb.; red 7½@9c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1½@2c; yellow ochre 1½c.

PROVISIONS—Hams—Choice sugar-cured light and special cure 12½@13c; heavy to medium 12½c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 12c; regular clear sides 11½c; breakfast bacon 13c; sugar-cured shoulders 9½c; bacon extra 15c; bellies, light 13½c; heavy 13½c. Lard—Prime steam in tierces 9¾c; pure lard in tierces 12¼c, in tubs 12½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 12¾c, in tubs 13½c, in firkins 13¾c. Dried beef 12c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7½c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.25@1.35; 5-bu. bbl. $1.10@1.05; dairy salt $1.40 per 280-lb. bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: Single 90, 35 and 10 per cent. off list; double 90, 40 and 10 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 42@43c per lb.; gray 34@35c; No. 1 old white 27@28c; No. 2 old white 20@22c; white duck 36c; old and mixed dark 15@20c; dry chicken feathers 3c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint 16c; dry salted 15c; green salted 10½@11c; fresh green 9@10c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail $3; No. 2 $2; sheepskins with wool on 15@45 cents, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Dry spring dug. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng should not be split and strung. Fall-dug roots are higher. Ginseng $4.75@5.25 per lb.; cultivated ginseng $4.50@4.75; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.10@1.20; Seneca snake root 30c. Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 4@4½c; lady slipper 12@13c; Maiapple 4@4½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5½c; No. 2 5c.

WOOL—Dealers are quoting to-day: Kentucky and Indiana clean merchantable grease wool 29@30c; Bluegrass grease wool 30@31c; burry wool 14@22c, according to burrs; unwashed wool 25@30c; sheep and cedar wool 18@20c; merino 18@19c; Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less; dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail grocers are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$4 90	No. 3	$4 90
Eagle tablets	7 00	No. 6	4 80
Cut loaf	6 40	No. 7	4 80
Cubes	5 70	No. 8	4 75
XXXX powdered	5 60	No. 9	4 70
Powdered	5 60	No. 10	4 65
No. 2 carton grain	5 60	No. 12	4 60
Diamond A	5 35	No. 14	4 55
Extra fine granulated	5 25		

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $1 44
No. 3 red and longberry 1 42
Rejected 2@5c; on levee 1½c less.

CORN—
New No. 3 whites! 80
New No. 3 mixed 79

OATS—
No. 3 white 60
No. 3 mixed 58½

RYE—
No. 2 Northwestern 95

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 10⅜c; strict middling 10½c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 16½c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 19½c; rehandled 20½c.

POULTRY—Hens 10@13½c per lb.; roosters 6c; young chickens 15@30c; ducks 9c; geese 5c; turkeys 12c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Florida oranges, late Valencia $3.25 box; California navels, extra fancy $2.25@2.50 box; California extra choice $2@2 per box; budded fancy $2.25 box. Florida grapefruit $4.50 box; lemons $2.50@3.75; limes $1.25 per 100; bananas, average about 60 to 80 lbs. bunch $1.75 @2.25; 35 to 60 lbs. bunch, $1.50@1.65; 40 to 50 lbs. bunch, $1.50@1.75; 6-bunch case $3; 2 to 3-bunch ½ case $4; apples: Winesap, fancy $3.50 box; if Davis, extra fancy $2.75 box; California Bosker Buerre pears $1.25 ½ box; pineapples $2.75 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, Mobile $2.50 crate; sweet potatoes: White Queen $4 bbl.; Jersey yellow $4 bbl.; potatoes: Burbanks $4 per 100-lb. sack; Rurals, $3 per 150-lb. sack; Early Rose $3.25 150-lb. sack; new Louisiana white $4.50 per bbl., $1.75 per hamper; new Louisiana red $4 per bbl., $1.75 per hamper; onions: new Yellow Texas $1.50 crate; new Texas Crystal Wax $1.75 crate; green beans $2@2.25 hamper; fancy green cucumbers $1.50 dozen; Hothouse lettuce, leaf, 30c dozen; home-grown radishes 15c dozen; Southern beets 50c dozen; leeks, bunched, 50c dozen; parsley, curly, 40c dozen; head lettuce $1.75 bushel basket; cauliflower 75c bu.; new potatoes, fancy, $4 crate; kale, fine, $1.50 bbl.; spinach $2.25 per bbl.; mushrooms, fresh, 85c lb.; Florida tomatoes $2.50@3 carrier; sheep and cedar wool 18@20c; merino 18@19c; Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less; dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards.)

Louisville, May 7.—Cattle—The receipts were very light for Friday, for the week thus far, and with attendance of buyers and sellers in the market quiet, yet steady to firm on desirable butcher cattle, fair inquiry for good feeders and stockers, all others steady; bulls firm; canners and cutters steady; milch cows unchanged, no heavy shipping cattle here; feeding about steady. We quote shipping steers $4.75@5.60; beef steers $3.50@5.00; fat heifers $3.50@5.50; fat cows $3.00@5.25; cutters $2@3; canners $2@2.50; bulls $3@4.25; calves $4@7.25; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.00; common cows $2.25@3.50; choice milch cows $35@45; common to fair $15@30.

Calves—Receipts 132, for the week thus far 630, light for Friday, about steady; we quote the best 6½@6¾c; medium 4½@5½c; common 2½@3c.

Hogs—Receipts 1,642 for the week thus far 9,700, the market opened steady, 10@15c, and up $7.50@ 130 to 160 lbs. $6.90; pigs $5.60@ 6.10; roughs $6.25 down; closed weak to shade lower. Any hogs from double to single selling under guarantee with 1½c per lb. discount on all soft or oily.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 98 head, for the week thus far 956; the market ruled quiet, about steady; best fat sheep 5c down; fall lambs 6½c down, springers mostly from 6@ 8½c, medium and common sheep and lambs very dull.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts 700, including 200 Southerns; market steady; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.15@5.85; fair to good $3.75@5.10; Western steers $5@6.65; stockers and feeders $3.90@5.85. Southern steers $5@6.50; southern cows $3.50@5.25; native cows $2.50@5.50; native heifers $3.50@ 6.25; bulls $3.75@5.25; calves $5.75@7. Hogs—Receipts 8,000; market 5@10c lower; top $6.25; bulk of sales $6.05@6.20; heavy $6.15@6.25; packers and butchers $5.85@6.25; light $5.75@ 6; pigs $5.25@5.50. Sheep—Receipts 1,000; market 15@25c higher; lambs $7@9; yearlings $6.50@7.50; wethers $5.50@6.75; ewes $5@6.25; lambs and feeders $3.50@5.50; Texas mutton $5@6.50.

New York.

New York, May 7.—Beeves—Receipts 2,051; steers steady to a shade lower; bulls steady; good and choice cows, $4@5 lower; others steady; steers $5.75@7.15; bulls $4.50@5.75; cows $2.60@4.90; Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle selling at 13@13¼c; top 13¼c; dressed weight, refrigerator beef 9¾@ 10¾c per lb. Exports to-morrow 670 cattle and 7,783 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 437; market firm to 10c higher; all sold; veals $5.50@8.75. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 8,603; sheep nominal; lambs slow and easier; good clipped lambs $7.50. Hogs—Receipts 9,300; market easier at $7.40@7.80; few hogs $8.00; pigs $7.20.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts 500, including 100 Texans; market steady; native shipping and export steers $5.40@6.90; dressed beef and butcher steers $4.25@6.25; steers under 1,000 lbs. $3.50@5.65; stockers and feeders $4.50@5.25; cows and heifers $4.50@5.50; canners $2@2.20; bulls $4@5.25; calves $5@7.25. Texas and Indian steers $4.25@6.50; cows and heifers $2.75@5.25. Hogs—Receipts 7,000; market steady; pigs and lights $6.25@7.15; packers $7.10@7.25, bulk $6.90@7.10; butchers and heavy $7.25@7.50. Sheep—Receipts 800; market strong; native mutton $4.50@5.50; lambs $6@8.80; culls and bucks $3.50@5; stockers $3@4.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 15,000; market active and strong; steers $5.25@7.25; cows $4@6; heifers $3.00@6.75; bulls $4.25@ 5.75; calves $5@7; stockers and feeders $3.50@ 5.50; Texans steady; top $5.25; bulk $4.25@5.15; receipts to-morrow 15,000; market 15@25c lower; choice heavy shipping $7.25 @7.50; butchers $7.20@7.25; light mixed $6.50 @7.05; choice light $7.05@7.10; packing $4.10 @7.20; pigs $5.25@5.75; bulk of sales $7.10@ 7.25. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 5,000; market 10@15c higher; sheep $5.75@6.75; lambs $6.75@9.45; yearlings $6.50@7.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts 550 head; market active and strong; fair to good shippers $5.75@6.50; common $2.50@4.50. Hogs—Receipts 3,135 head; market 25c lower; butchers and shippers $7.40@7.45; common $5.50@6.25. Sheep—Receipts 441 head; market steady at $2.25@5. Lambs—Market steady at $5.25@7.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Friday Evening, May 7.—Four warehouses offered a total of 77 hogsheads to-day. Of these 22 were sold at full fair quality and in fairly good order and brought unchanged prices. There was not much in the way of quality in the offerings of dark and the condition as a rule was poor. The demand continued indifferent and prices were irregular to a shade lower.

Total sales of 6.5 hogsheads for the week were the lightest of any week this year. Of the year 250 were sold at auction and 350 privately. They consisted of 32 new Burley, 208 old Burley, 295 new dark and 10 old dark. In the corresponding week last year sales of 1,885 were made. In 1907 1,187 and in 1906 1,511. From January 1 to date sales were 42,909 hogsheads, compared with 67,007 during the corresponding period last year, 62,187 in 1907 and 78,041 in 1906. The last week's sales were 354 hogsheads, against 1,336 in the same week last year and 823 in 1907. Receipts since January 1 were 52,021, compared with 86,253 last year and 49,824 in 1907. Rejections for the week were 11 per cent. of auction sales, against 23 per cent. last year and 13 per cent. in 1907.

Official Quotations.

The following are the revised quotations on leaf tobacco as compiled by the Committee on Quotations of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange for the week ended May 7, 1909:

1907 CROP.

	BURLEY. Dark Red.	Bright Red.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	12 00@13 00	13 00@14 00
Trash (sound)	13 00@14 00	14 00@15 00
Common lugs	14 00@15 00	15 00@16 00
Medium lugs	15 00@16 50	17 00@18 00
Good lugs	16 50@17 50	18 00@19 00
Common leaf (short)	15 50@16 50	17 00@17 50
Common leaf	17 00@17 50	17 50@18 00
Medium leaf	17 50@18 00	18 00@19 00
Good leaf	18 00@19 00	19 00@21 50
Fine and selections	19 00@21 00	22 00@24 50

	DARK. Colory.
Trash (green or mixed)	14 00@14 50
Trash (sound)	15 50@17 00
Common lugs	17 00@17 50
Medium lugs	17 50@18 00
Good lugs	19 00@20 50
Common leaf (short)	16 50@17 50
Common leaf	17 50@18 00
Medium leaf	18 00@19 00
Good leaf	19 00@21 50
Fine and selections	22 00@24 50

	DARK. Mfg.
Trash (green or mixed)	$6 00@6 50
Trash (sound)	6 50@7 00
Common lugs	7 00@8 00
Medium lugs	8 00@8 50
Good lugs	9 00@9 50
Common leaf (short)	9 00@10 00
Common leaf	10 00@11 00
Medium leaf	11 00@12 00
Good leaf	11 50@13 00
Fine and selections	12 00@13 50

	DARK. Rehandling.	Export.
Trash (gr'n or mixed)	...	$4 00@4 25
Trash (sound)	...	4 25@4 50
Common lugs	...	4 50@4 75
Medium lugs	...	4 75@5 00
Good lugs	$5 00@5 00	5 00@5 50
Common leaf (short)	5 00@5 50	5 50@6 00
Common leaf	5 75@6 00	6 00@6 50
Medium leaf	7 25@8 50	7 50@8 50
Good leaf	9 00@10 00	9 00@11 00
Fine and selections	11 00@12 00	...

N. B.—Unsound or defective in condition, length or color, or mixed packages, from 1c to 3c lower.

Weekly Report.

The following is the report of the Louisville Leaf Tobacco Exchange for the week and year to May 7, 1909, as furnished by R. B. Green, the secretary:

	Hhds.
Auction sales	255
Private sales	95
Total for the week	350
January 1 to date	42,909

	Week.	Year.
Year 1908	1,885	67,007
Year 1907	1,187	62,187
Year 1906	1,501	78,041

CLASSIFICATION OF THIS WEEK'S SALES.

Old crops.	1908 crp.	Total.
Burley	28	72	100
Dark	10	205	215
Totals	278	327	605

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES JANUARY 1 TO DATE.

Old crops.	1908 crp.	Total.
Burley	9,644	19,784	29,428
Dark	2,315	11,226	13,541
Totals	11,959	31,010	42,969

CLASSIFICATION OF SALES TO SAME DATE IN

1908.	1907.	1906.
Burley	44,600	41,852	58,815
Dark	22,352	20,395	19,843
Totals	67,007	62,187	78,041

COMPARISONS WITH PREVIOUS YEARS' SALES.

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Total sales of new crop to date	45,328	62,351	62,486
Sales of new crop to date, original inspection	40,953	57,264	55,097
REJECTIONS.	1909.	1908.	1907.
Rejections this week	28	85	119
Percentage of rejections to auction sales	11	23	13
Rejections Jan. 1 to date	4,959	5,667	7,795
RECEIPTS.	1909.	1908.	1907.
Receipts this week	354	1,336	823
Receipts Jan. 1 to date	52,021	86,253	49,824

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, May 7.—The cotton market was quiet to-day, with fluctuations irregular in a comparatively narrow range. The close was steady at a net advance of 2@5 points. The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 1 point, and during the early session sold about 3@6 points net higher on covering, prompted by rather steadier cables than expected, talk of an improvement in the general trade situation and Liverpool cables claiming a better business in Manchester. There seemed to be less liquidation of old lines than recently, but support was by no means aggressive, and before the end of the first hour prices began to ease off under local bear pressure and scattered selling for long account, which was probably due to reports from the South and apprehensions that favorable climatic conditions might lead to a modification of sentiment regarding the probable area and showing of the Government report during June. Near months seemed to be relatively easy and sold about 10@5 points net lower, while the new crop did not go below the previous figures of yesterday, with subsequent fluctuations nervous and irregular within a range of 2 or 3 points until to-day's close, when buying of May by Eastern shorts on account of that month up from 10.02c, the low point of the morning, to 10.03c, with the close at 10.03c bid. Later months rallied 3 or 4 points from the lowest. Southern spot markets officially reported were generally unchanged. Fair and warmer weather over the eastern belt, with showers are expected for the western belt. Exports were heavier to-day, but seemed to attract little attention.

Receipts at the ports to-day were 19,161 bales, against 23,485 last week and 7,509 last year; for the week 115,009, against 159,443 last week and 53,153 last year. Receipts at New Orleans 3,531, against 2,604 last year, and at Houston 2,274, against 1,200 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 10.90c; do gulf 11.15c. Closed quiet and unchanged. Sales 800 bales.

Futures opened and closed steady. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
May	10.00*	10.03	10.02	10.03
June	...	...	...	10.40
July	10.35	10.38	10.33	10.36
August	10.27	10.29	10.27	10.28
September	...	...	...	10.22
October	10.20	10.25	10.19	10.23
November	...	...	...	10.21
December	10.17	10.21	10.17	10.20
January	10.12	10.17	10.12	10.16
March	10.09*	10.13	10.13	10.13

*Offered. †Bid.

New Orleans, May 7.—Spot cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales on the spot 900 bales. Quotations: Low ordinary 6¼c, nominal; ordinary 7.5-16c, nominal; good ordinary 8¾c; low middling 9¾c; middling 10 3-16c; good middling 10 9-16c; middling fair 10 15-16c; fair 11 11-16c, nominal. Receipts 3,310 bales, 189,800 last year.

Futures opened quiet and steady at an advance of 16@2 points on favorable cables. The market had little life in it, either on the first call or during the morning session, and a gain of prices all day was only 4@5 points, the active months being 3@4 points over yesterday's closing at the highest and 2 points below at the lowest. The rains acted short and the steadiness in evidence seemed to be chiefly due to this. Weather reports were mixed. Cold weather fell in the Northwest, but not enough which prevented the bulls from deriving much encouragement from Liverpool's bullish attitude. The closing was quiet and steady, with prices unchanged to 2 points up. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening Bid.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
May	10.31	10.32	10.30	10.28
June	10.38	...	...	10.33
July	10.52*	10.52	10.47	10.49
August	10.41	...	...	10.36
September	10.39	...	...	10.35
October	10.17	10.20	10.15	10.18
December	10.13	10.15	10.12	10.14

*Asked.

Liverpool, May 7.—Spot cotton in fair demand; prices 4 points lower; American middling fair 6.74d; middling 6.24d; middling 5.94d; low middling 5.56d; good ordinary 5.07d; ordinary 4.72d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 8,500 for American; receipts 5,000 bales, including 1,800 American. Futures opened and closed steady.

Futures—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾c; net and gross receipts 7,483 bales; sales 277; stock 100,719; exports to the continent 10,615.

Savannah, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 10 1-16c; net and gross receipts 1,921 bales; sales 1,019; stock 70,712; shipments coastwise 1,944.

Memphis, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 10 3-16c; net receipts 288 bales; gross 585; shipments 1,782; sales 900; stock 83,677.

Mobile, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 10¼c; net receipts 61 bales; gross 285; shipments 769; sales 100; stock 28,478.

Norfolk, May 7.—Cotton quiet; middling 10.90c; net receipts 4 bales; gross 1,982.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, May 7.—The following is the comparative statement for the week ended to-day:

	1909.	1908.
Net receipts at all U. S. ports	114,047	69,208
Total receipts since Sept. 1	9,288,164	7,791,181
Exports for the week	143,177	92,492
Total exports since Sept. 1	7,177,023	6,652,470
Stock at all U. S. ports	553,546	421,855
Stock at all interior towns	406,830	357,671
Stock at Liverpool	...	842,000
Stock Am'n afloat for G. B	...	60,000

Cotton Receipts.

New York, May 7.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1:

	Bales.
Galveston	3,450,616
New Orleans	1,962,195
Mobile	354,733
Savannah	1,419,197
Charleston	210,000
Wilmington	297,836
Norfolk	637,466
Baltimore	91,132
New York	31,342
Boston	16,416
Newport News	9,157
Philadelphia	9,198
San Francisco	71,000
Brunswick	312,194
Port Townsend	17,774
Pensacola	142,000
Portland, Ore	300
Port Arthur and Sabine Pass	140,578
Jacksonville	29,050
Eagle Pass, Tex	971
El Paso, Tex	1,118
Laredo, Tex	2,882
Dufport	20,721
Georgetown	2,378
Texas City	68,448
Minor ports	9,963
Total	9,288,164

Movement of Cotton.

New York, May 7.—The following statistics on the movement of cotton for the week ended to-day were compiled by the New York Cotton Exchange:

WEEKLY MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	114,847	69,208
Overland to mills and Canada	36,531	30,147
Southern mill takings (est.)	28,000	31,000
Loss of stock at interior towns	48,587	18,587
Brought into sight for week	110,831	81,713

TOTAL CROP MOVEMENT.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	9,275,993	7,835,622
Overland to mills and Canada	1,148,323	962,805
Southern mill takings (est.)	1,926,000	1,826,000
Stocks at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1	287,311	249,900
Brought into sight thus far for season	12,636,637	10,554,477
2,154 bales added to the receipts for the season.		

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

Liverpool, May 7.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

	Bales.
Total sales, all kinds	55,000
Total sales, American	40,000
English spinners' takings	70,000
Total exports	7,000
Imports, all kinds	29,000
Imports, American	12,000
Stock, all kinds	1,202,000
Stock, American	1,096,000
Quantity afloat, all kinds	178,000
Quantity afloat, American	146,000
Total sales on speculation	4,000
Total sales to exporters

Boys' Novelty Suits
At Cut Prices
Values up to $5 $3
Values up to $7.50 $5
Values up to $12, Choice of Finest
$7.50
Our entire stock of novelty Russian and Sailor Suits; in these three lots; sizes 2½ to 10; hundreds to choose from.
LEVY'S Third & Market.
The Bright Spot In Louisville

Courier-Journal.
ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.
SATURDAY.....MAY 8, 1909

CITY FEATURES.

M. W. Burd,

a well-known young business man, formerly vice president of the Louisville Dry Goods Company, has branched out into the real estate line as a broker and financial agent. Mr. Burd's new firm is to be known as M. W. Burd & Co., with offices at 122 Fifth street, with the Varble-Frazier real estate firm. Mr. Burd is widely known and esteemed among business men generally and all will be glad to extend the hand of fellowship to him in his new venture.

Cake Sale.

The sale under the auspices of the Junior Guild of Fourth-avenue Presbyterian church will be held on Saturday of this week at Kaufman-Straus Co.'s store. There will be tempting cakes, cookies, candy, sandwiches, beaten biscuit, pickles and salad. They will appreciate a call from their friends.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

FORST'S CHARGES OF GRAFT WILL BE PROBED.

Investigation Begins Monday Morning At 11 O'Clock—Press and Public Excluded.

In star chamber proceedings, with the press and public excluded, Councilman Julius P. Krieger, chairman of the investigating committee, and the administration members of this carefully selected committee, will begin the probe into the graft charges, brought against unnamed members of the lower board of the General Council Monday morning at 11 o'clock. Isadore Forst, former president of the board, demanded the investigation after charging in open meeting that some members of the Council were on the payroll of certain contractors and corporations.

At first the administration majority in the board fought the investigation resolution like grim death. Then they thought better of their action and adopted the resolution. President Ebner Buyer then appointed Councilmen Krieger, Reager and Dailey to learn what there was in Mr. Forst's statements. It is predicted that this committee will give everyone in the house a clean bill of health and criticise Mr. Forst for even intimating there was any graft in the Council.

If the committee learns anything the public stands little chance of ever hearing it, as the investigation is to be carried on behind closed doors with no one present except the committee members. Councilman Krieger says the investigation would have been held sooner except for the injuries which he and Mr. Reager sustained in a runaway.

SOUTHERN OFFICIALS INSPECTING THE ROAD.

A special train, bearing a number of high officials of the Southern railroad, slipped into Louisville Thursday and remained until yesterday afternoon. The object of the trip is a general inspection of the Southern lines of the Louisville and St. Louis divisions. C. W. Cooper, recently made general agent, being transferred from the position of manager of the St. Louis-Louisville lines, was a member of the party, and it was to go over the lines with him, with a view to becoming acquainted with the situation, that the inspection was made.

The party was made up of Washington and Louisville officials as follows: C. H. Ackert, vice president and general manager; G. W. Taylor, general superintendent of transportation; W. S. Murriam, superintendent of motive power; A. Stewart, superintendent of motive power and equipment; D. W. Lum, chief engineer of maintenance of way; J. W. Conley, chief special agent; Dr. W. A. Applegate, chief surgeon; W. H. Gatchell, superintendent of transfers; W. H. Potter, superintendent of telegraph; W. M. Netherland, general storekeeper, all of Washington, and C. C. Coffee, superintendent of the St. Louis division; G. Walker, superintendent of the Louisville division; Edward Gray, engineer of maintenance of way St. Louis-Louisville lines, and C. M. Hoffman, master mechanic of the St. Louis-Louisville lines.

The special proceeded yesterday over the lines between Louisville and St. Louis.

FOR DAINTY APPETITES

One dainty appetite in the family means mealtime trouble unless the anxious cook can serve something to please everybody.

But dainty folks "tuck in" with the rest when Faust Brand Spaghetti is on the board. There are no "no, thank you's," no bird-like pecking, no trouble except to keep the plates moving as the "more, please" orders come along.

And the cook—the happiest one in the house—for in Faust Spaghetti she knows she has found the food to keep the family happy and healthy. And at such small cost, too—only five and ten cents a package. She knows that she can serve it often—and without repeating the same dish twice—that for dinner or supper, soup or dessert, Faust Brand Spaghetti answers every cooking question.

Sold only in sealed packages by all grocers. Send for free book of recipes.
MAULL BROTHERS, St. Louis, Mo.

ROBERT PARKER

Dies At Home of His Son In Pittsburg.

MAN WORSTED IN STREET FIGHT WANTS DAMAGES.

FINED FOR FAILURE TO DELIVER KEYS TO LANDLORD.

TAMINA DAY CELEBRATION.

J. Robert Parker, a former resident of New Albany, died at the home of his son, H. C. Parker, in Pittsburg, yesterday morning. He was 83 years old and belonged to one of the pioneer families of New Albany. His father was the late Capt. Samuel S. Parker, a steamboatman of New Albany years ago. He leaves three children—Mrs. Ida Harrell, of Chicago; Charles H. Parker, of Rock Island, Ill., and H. C. Parker, of Pittsburg.

The body of Mr. Parker will arrive in New Albany to-morrow morning and funeral services will be held at Fairview cemetery by No. 10 Lodge of Odd Fellows. Mr. Parker was one of the oldest members of the Odd Fellows' fraternity in New Albany and was a devoted member of Centenary M. E. church.

Wants $1,050 As Damages.

Joseph T. Flynn filed a suit in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday against Halleck Keithley to recover $1,050 as damages for injuries sustained in a fight between the two men. The suit was filed by Stotsenburg & Weathers, of New Albany.

Keithley is an officer of the town of Georgetown, ten miles northwest of New Albany, and Flynn was putting down a cement sidewalk ordered by the Town Board. This work, it is said, did not meet with the approval of Keithley and he and Flynn became involved in a controversy over the matter, which terminated in a street fight. Flynn alleges that his head and face were wounded and bruised, confining him to his home and disabling him from attending to his business. He avers that he has expended $50 for medical and surgical attention.

Red Men To Celebrate.

Tamina day, the memorial one of the Red Men, will be celebrated next Sunday afternoon at Fairview cemetery by Pawnee and Ohioah Tribes. They will assemble at the wigwam, Pearl and Market streets, New Albany, at 1:30 o'clock, moving west on Market street to State street, north to Spring street, east to Eleventh street, north to Culbertson avenue, west to East Sixth street and north to the cemetery. The principal address will be delivered by James W. Dunbar. The devotional exercises will be conducted by the Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church, the choir of that church furnishing the music. Should the afternoon be rainy the exercises will be held at the Central Christian church.

Trouble Over Keys.

Under the new Indiana statute requiring tenants vacating property to turn over the keys to the landlord within twenty-four hours, the first case was tried Wednesday at Princeton, west of New Albany on the Southern railway. A house was vacated by Daniel Stull, who gave the keys to a neighbor. This did not satisfy the owner, Seth Ward, Sr., and when Stull refused to deliver the keys to Ward he was arrested. Stull was found guilty of having violated the provisions of the statute and he was fined $10.50.

Commissioners Adjourn.

The Board of Commissioners of Floyd county adjourned yesterday afternoon at New Albany until May 15, when the inspectors for the local option election May 27 will be appointed. The election board, composed of County Auditor Julian T. Miller and Election Commissioners Benjamin J. Hinkebein and O. E. Deshler, will meet in a few days to appoint the clerks and judges of the various precincts.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—The Gallagher Club, of Unity Council, No. 262, Y. M. I., will give a select dance next Tuesday night at Maennerchor Hall.

—The next district conference of the New Albany district will be held July 13, 14 and 15 at Marengo.

—John F. Collins has been appointed administrator of the estate of Rose Ann Collins, deceased.

—Miss Mabel Merker is here from Alexandria to visit her grandmother, Mrs. William Merker, for a few days, and attend the May Music Festival in Louisville.

—The regular weekly dance of the Highland Country Club will be given tonight at the clubhouse, on the Silver Hills, west of the city.

—A grand euchre will be given next Thursday afternoon and night at St. Joseph's Hall by the young women of St. Mary's Catholic church.

—A game preserve consisting of 6,000 acres has been established by the Harrison county farmers a short distance west of Corydon. The preserve is to be stock with Chinese quail.

—Joseph Weismann and Miss Clara Michels, popular young people living near Lansville, are to be married next Wednesday morning at St. Mary's Catholic church in that town.

—A light Alpine hat for summer wear has been adopted by the members of the police department of the city to replace the heavy helmet worn during the winter months.

—The Rev. F. T. Porter, pastor of the Park Christian church, of this city, will deliver the address at the Memorial day services to be held at the Christian church in Corydon, Sunday, May 30.

—Capt. J. P. Sonner, an old resident of Washington township, Harrison county, died Wednesday afternoon at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Roy Fried, in Corydon.

—The Fortnightly Club will meet this afternoon with Mrs. H. E. Jewett at her home on the Silver Hills, west of the city. Mrs. John S. McDonald will have a paper on "Corot," Mrs. Jewett one on "Diaz" and Miss Agnes Clark on "Daubigny."

—Alva Knapp, of Corydon, who joined the LaCrosse, Wis., baseball team, has been forced to return home on account of ill health. On his way he stopped in Louisville to have a surgical operation performed at the University Hospital.

—Tony Hartman left yesterday morning on a pleasure trip to the West. While away he will visit Denver, Salt Lake City, Yellowstone Park, San Francisco, Seattle and other places of interest. He expects to remain in the West for two months.

—The funeral of John Biel took place yesterday afternoon from the German Evangelical church. The services were conducted by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler, pastor of the church, and the burial was in Fairview cemetery.

—Clarence Fuller, arrested by Patrolmen Neafus and Wall on charges of intoxication, profanity and public indecency, was arraigned in the City Court this morning and was sent to jail to await a hearing.

—Otto Flickner, Eugene Engleman and Harry Belker have been appointed viewers by the Board of County Commissioners in the matter of a petition for relocation of a public highway in Georgetown township.

—The city of New Albany has taken an appeal from the Circuit Court to the Supreme Court in the suit of Frank Green brought to compel the Board of Works to open an alley on State street in the rear of Green's property. The lower court decided against the city.

—Mrs. Harry Walker has been called to Salem on account of the death of her sister, Mrs. Frank White, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Sinex, who removed from this city to Salem a half century ago. The funeral will take place from Salem this afternoon.

—A steady decrease has been shown in the annual enumeration of school children in Crawford county for the past four years. The enumeration for this year shows there are in the county 3,735 children of the school age. In 1905 the number was 4,565, in 1906 the number was 4,197; in 1907, 4,150, and in 1908, 4,016.

—The Rev. Richard Raaf, son of Richard Raaf, of New Salisbury, Harrison county, has been appointed by District Superintendent W. M. Whitsett, of this city, pastor of the Methodist church at Orleans to succeed the Rev. L. C. Jeffrey, who was recently appointed pastor of Wesley chapel.

—An excellent programme has been arranged by the Treble Clef Club for its concert to be given Monday night, May 17, at Music Hall, under the direction of Mrs. Henry Terstegge. The soloists will be Misses Harriet C. Devol and Nellie Day and Mr. D. Kirke Hedden on the violin.

—Yesterday morning eleven stray dogs picked up by the police Thursday night were taken to the dog pound at West Second and Elm street. Some were killed while others were bundled, awaiting to be redeemed by the owner. Under the State law any dog found running at large unaccompanied by its owner may be taken up by the authorities and killed.

—An enjoyable piano recital was given last night at St. Joseph's Hall, East Eighth street, by Miss Lula May Kraft, who was assisted by Miss Mary A. Gohmann, on the violin, and Misses Barbara Schaub and Matilda Buche in vocal solos. No admission fee was charged and the house was filled with the friends of the participants.

—The Altar Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church entertained at the home of Mrs. E. B. Stotsenburg, East Main street, in honor of Mrs. Harry Borgerding, East Ninth street, who will leave with her husband and son, Jonathan, next Tuesday for an extended trip abroad. In her honor Mrs. Walter E. McCulloch entertained yesterday afternoon at her home on the McCulloch pike east of the city.

—Miss Lillie Byerly, of Marengo, and George Doolittle, of Louisville, were married Thursday night of last week at Centenary M. E. parsonage, this city, the ceremony having been performed by the Rev. A. R. Beach, the pastor. The groom formerly lived near English and now holds a position in the Louisville postoffice. They will live at 225 East Jacob street, Louisville.

—Dan Walsh, Jr., Miss Pauline Dale, Miss Elizabeth Mulloy, Miss Ruth Brown and Miss Nelle Lemmon, the local representatives of the High School, left yesterday morning for Bedford, where they engaged in the interscholastic contest with the pupils of the Bedford High School last night. Prof. McLinn, of the faculty of the New Albany High School, left yesterday afternoon.

$68.05 CALIFORNIA AND RETURN —MONON ROUTE—
On sale daily till May 13, inclusive. For particulars and later rates to California and Seattle, account Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, call at Monon Route City Office, Lincoln Bank Building. Address E. H. BACON, D. P. A.

MRS. BRECKINRIDGE TO SPEAK ON EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

An address on "Equal Suffrage" will be given by Mrs. Desha Breckinridge, of Lexington, in the assembly room of the Public Library, Tuesday, May 11, at 8 p. m. Mrs. Breckinridge comes under the auspices of the Educational Equal Suffrage League, a body of progressive women of Louisville, whose principal aim is to arouse an interest in the suffrage movement, and to emphasize the responsibilities as well as the privileges of the ballot upon those who will necessarily be called upon in the near future to perform their duties as citizens in a way hitherto denied them.

Mrs. Breckinridge, whose persuasive eloquence is well known to the clubwomen of the city, will be welcomed by a large and cultivated audience. The meeting will be free and open to the public.

Church Cake Sale.

The women of the Stuart Robinson Memorial church will hold a cake sale this morning from 10 to 12 o'clock in the Sunday-school room.

Clip and take with you the ads that "look good to you" when you start out to find a new boarding-house.

Never rubs off
People use
Alabastine now instead of Kalsomine, because it does not rub off or scale off, and because it is far more beautiful, durable, healthful and economical.
Alabastine
The Sanitary Wall Coating
Alabastine is a powder made of Alabaster rock sold in packages. Simply mixed with cold water and applied it is far better than kalsomine. More beautiful, more healthful and more economical.
Try it. All dealers.

OLD RESIDENT

Dies At Charlestown As the Result of a Fall.

JAMES HOWARD WAS NATIVE OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

CELEBRATED HIS EIGHTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY RECENTLY.

CAUGHT FOOT ON SIDEWALK.

Due to a fall and his weakened physical condition from old age, James Howard died at his home at Charlestown, Ind., yesterday morning. His brother, William Howard, who a few weeks ago celebrated the 85th anniversary of his birth, was summoned from Jeffersonville on Thursday afternoon, it being evident the life of his relative was nearing an end. One week before Mr. Howard died he caught his foot on some object while walking near his home and fell, sustaining a number of bad injuries about his head. At first his hurts did not appear to be dangerous, but he developed a severe cold, which hastened his death.

Mr. Howard was born in Jefferson county, Ky., on March 26, 1826, and the 83d anniversary of his birth was celebrated with a family reunion less than two months ago. He was a son of George Howard, and with his parents located in Clark county, Ind., in 1834, the father purchasing a farm on which the almshouse is now situated near Charlestown. The son followed in the footsteps of his father and became a farmer, but about ten years ago sustained a fall that caused him to become crippled and he decided to locate in Charlestown, where he made his home until his death.

On November 8, 1849, Mr. Howard was married to Miss Marietta Fry, who was a daughter of George Fry, a pioneer of the county, the officiating minister being the Rev. Rezin Hammond, whose daughter, Mrs. Mary Ann Shelby, is still living at Charlestown at the advanced age of 94. Mrs. Howard died some twenty years ago, and by this marriage two sons, George Howard and Newton Howard, and two daughters, Mrs. Lemuel Bottorff and Mrs. Amanda Young, are still living. On January 8, 1890, a second wife was taken by Mr. Howard, the bride being Mrs. Anna Hikes, the ceremony being said by the Rev. Harry C. Jackson, who died a few months ago. She survives her husband. Other relatives are William Howard, of Jeffersonville, a brother, and Mrs. Julia Hughes, of Charlestown, a sister. Mr. Howard was a member of the Christian church and the funeral probably will take place this afternoon.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Jesse Packwood, an aged and well-known resident of Wood township, is in a serious condition at his home, near Borden, from a stroke of paralysis he sustained several days ago.

—The annual banquet of the Presbyterian Brotherhood was given last night in the parlors of the church and there was a large attendance. The organization has taken on new life and a number of members have been added recently.

—The Clark County Cement Company, through F. Lawson Moores, president, yesterday conveyed in the office of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county, 159 acres of land in grant 50, to Lydia A. Kranz for a consideration of $6,400.

—The Board of Trustees of the Indiana Reformatory went into executive session yesterday and spent the better part of the day as a parole court, there being a large eligible list. The work had not been concluded last night.

—The proceedings of William F. Work against Henry F. Work, his brother, to quiet the title to a farm in Washington township and for possession of the land, was set down in the Clark Circuit Court yesterday for trial on June 7.

—The footings on the amount of taxes collected by George A. Schuer, Treasurer of Clark county, for the spring installment, have been practically completed, and the total as shown yesterday was $181,500.

—The action of William Bowman against the Louisville and Northern Railway and Lighting Company for damages on account of, as alleged in the complaint, being ejected from a car on the Charlestown line, was dismissed without prejudice in the Circuit Court yesterday.

—A demurrer to the separate complaints of Samuel W. Hughes against Bernard A. Coll and Isaac G. Phipps, former treasurers of Clark county, for the collection of money allowed by the Board of County Commissioners for expenses, was overruled in the Circuit Court yesterday.

—Representatives of the Jeffersonville Commercial Club conferred with the Board of County Commissioners yesterday relative to improving the roads leading into this city, some of them being in bad shape, especially the Charlestown pike, which is now free.

—Alonzo Bottorff, guardian of Burdsell Bottorff, filed his current accounting yesterday in the Circuit Court, in which he showed he was chargeable with $4,476 and was entitled to credits of $3,235.89, leaving a balance of $1,240.11 in his hands. The trust was continued.

—A report was made yesterday by William Dettmer and Isaac N. Haymaker, who were named to appraise a lot in Charlestown on application of Frank Boyer, guardian of Claude L. Boyer, which was approved and an order of sale was made.

—The graduates at the commencement of the New Washington Certified High School to-night will be as follows: Mary McKeand, Cammie Bower, Eva Leigh Shilling, Maud Crist, Wilmer Dickey, Reid Taylor, Inez Pernett, Della Smith, Forest Schowe.

—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Lyons, who were married in New Albany on Thursday night, the bride being Miss Elizabeth Hennig, have taken apartments with Mr. and Mrs. John Lyons, 515 East Chestnut street, and are now at home to their friends.

—A request for a struck jury was filed yesterday by the defendant in the damage action of Henry W. Hendrickson against the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway. The case originated through a daughter of the plaintiff being killed by a train at Beckett street, Clarksville, about two years ago.

—Smith Budd, who lives near Bridgeport, this county, came near losing his life, and as it was sustained seclous injuries, through a horse he was driving becoming frightened and running away. Budd was thrown out of the buggy he was in and dragged for sixty feet over the rough ground.

—Florence Brown yesterday qualified as administratrix of the estate of Anna Bell and immediately filed suit against the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York for the collection of a policy of $171.50 that is alleged to be due and unpaid on the life of Anna Bell, who died December 18, 1908.

—James Horan, a former member of the fire department, fell from a scaffold at the car works yesterday morning and was badly hurt. Both arms were dislocated and one was fractured above the wrist. He was able to go to the office of Dr. O. P. Graham and Dr. Wayne Crum, where he was given attention.

—On behalf of the defendant a demurrer was filed yesterday and maintained to the alternative writ of mandate in the suit of the State of Indiana ex rel. Bertrude Coombs and others against Samuel L. Gray, trustee of Union township, to compel the defendant to force Ep. Hawes to build a line fence between his lands and those of the relators.

—The twelve Township Trustees in the county have reported their enumeration of school children, but only a part of the corporations, including this city, are in. The total enumeration in the townships is 4,744, as against 4,853 last year, a net loss of 109. The city and incorporated towns will show a heavier loss, it is believed.

—The annual excursion season of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Ferry Company will be inaugurated on Saturday, May 22. Jacob E. Glossbrenner, president of the corporation, said yesterday that some trips had been intended earlier than this, but the weather could not be depended upon and he had decided to make the opening date late.

—Arguments were made in the Circuit Court yesterday to make the complaint more specific in the suit of Theresa Mergell, administratrix of the estate of Austin Mergell, against the Prudential Life Insurance Company of America. The complaint alleges that Mergell, on whose life a policy had been issued, died on February 17, 1908, but the cause of his demise is not given.

—Gustavus Tall, colored, who was 80 years old and was in the City Court on Thursday morning to answer to the charge of deserting his wife, Mary A. Tall, who is 20 years younger, died suddenly yesterday morning at the family home, on Riddle street, Claysburg. Coroner F. M. Coots was called, but has not yet completed the inquest. It is believed he died from acute indigestion.

—The trial of the Rev. J. W. Richey, whose wife, a sister of Mrs. L. E. Richards, of this city, charged him with desertion, has been indefinitely continued at Greenfield, where it was to have been heard Thursday. It was through the efforts of relatives of Mrs. Richey in this city that her husband was arrested in St. Louis. The two are living together in Indianapolis, where the ex-preacher is working as a painter.

Interesting Rail-Ocean Tours.

From Louisville to New York over the Pennsylvania Short Line, returning from New York to New Orleans over the Atlantic Steamship Line. Write to or call upon C. H. Hagerty, District Passenger Agent, Louisville, and let him arrange a "tour" for you.

CLOSE DEAL FOR SITE FOR BAPTIST SANITARIUM.

Property At Eighth and Chestnut Streets, Now Occupied By Old University Hospital.

The State Baptist Sanitarium, a project discussed and authorized by the Kentucky Baptist Association at a convention ten months ago, is to become a reality, and will be in Louisville. A deal has been closed by which the association becomes the owner of the block at Eighth and Chestnut streets, formerly known as the University College and Hospital. The property was purchased from the University of Louisville, which owned the property by reason of the merger of the medical schools. When the merger was made the property was not needed by the university and was placed on the market.

At the meeting of the Baptist Association, when the establishment of a sanitarium was authorized, Dr. Samuel E. Woody was placed at the head of a committee to secure a site for the sanitarium. He placed the matter in the hands of Varble & Frazier, real estate dealers, with the result that the deal was consummated. The price paid was $44,000.

The property consists of nearly an entire block, on which are two large buildings. One of these had been used as a college, while the other was used as a hospital. Several smaller buildings also occupy the site.

It is the purpose of the Baptists interested to make the sanitarium one of the most modern and complete in Kentucky. They intend, according to Dr. Woody, to expend $100,000 in improving and equipping the buildings, and to operate it on an extensive scale. The subject will be taken up at once by the proper authorities, and it is expected that work will begin soon.

LITTLE BABY HORRIBLY BURNED

By Boiling Grease—Skin All Came off One Side of Face and Head—Tried an Ointment which Made It All Fester—Wee Sufferer Seemed Disfigured for Life.

CURED WITHOUT A MARK BY CUTICURA

"About a year and eight months ago my baby, aged ten months, was sitting on the mat beside the fender and we were preparing the breakfast when the frying-pan full of boiling grease was upset and it went all over one side of the baby's face and head. One of the family ran and wiped the scald with a towel and you might think what a mess she made, pulling the entire skin off. We took her to a chemist who told us to get a doctor, which w did. He tended her a week and gave me some stuff like lard to put on. But it all festered and I thought the baby was disfigured for life. A woman close beside me told me to try Cuticura Ointment. I used about three boxes and it was wonderful how it healed. In about five weeks it was better and there wasn't a mark to tell where the scald had been. People used to ask me if that was the baby that was scalded and they would hardly believe me when I told them she was and what cured her face. Her skin is just like velvet and I have never been without Cuticura since. Cuticura cured three other children of ringworm besides, so I have good cause to thank it for what it has done. Mrs. Hare, 1, Henry St., South Shields, Durham, England, March 22, 1908."

CUTICURA
World's Favourite Emollient.

A single anointing with Cuticura Ointment, precedeed by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap and followed in the severer cases by a dose of Cuticura Pills, is often sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes and irritations, permit rest and sleep and point to a speedy cure in the majority of cases, when all else fails.

Send to nearest depot for free Cuticura Book on Treatment of the Skin. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; South Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, Natal, etc.; U. S. A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

MAN'S CLOTHING FOUND ON COAL FLOAT LEADS TO SUICIDE THEORY

Owner of Property Discovered Asleep In Boiler-room of Tugboat—Had Been Drinking Some.

More than one man out showing his country cousin the city by night, or sitting up with a sick friend, has awakened the morning after in a strange environment to find parts of his clothing neatly hung on the chandeliers, his hat under the bed and his shoes in bed with him, also that large sensation in the head. But it was left for a well-dressed young man—or rather a young man who possessed well-dress clothes, to cause the folks that knew of the incident to take notice with bulging eyes.

Early yesterday morning Charles L. Crush, manager of the Atlas coal float at the foot of Third avenue, went out to take a look over the floats before the day's work began. Going to the barge farthest out, he unexpectedly came upon a pile of some man's clothing, neatly folded—even a new tan derby hat was present. On another float near by a vest was found, accompanied by a shirt, collar, tie, underwear and shoes to match the hat. Indications pointed to a premeditated suicide. The laundry marks were illegible, the maker's name had been removed from the suit, and there was no means of identification.

While Mr. Crush and a number of rivermen were trying to get into communication with the Coronor, Dr. Charles I. Groves, and a messenger had gone to the Life-saving station, the engineer of a tugboat moored near by went aboard his craft, and naturally into the pilot house. He discovered a man and chain lying on the steering post, and, much mystified, picked them up and started ashore, when he caught a glimpse of something in the boiler-room which demanded that he make further investigation. But as

He gasped with astonishment and covered his face with his hat to hide the blushes and then gave a cry which caused the men on the float to run to his side. Lying on the floor, comfortably close to the banked-up fire, was a man entirely innocent of artificial covering. The attitude was the limpness of death. But as one of the rivermen, hardened to grewsome sights, approached a tremor ran through the prone figure, there was a stretch and a yawn and the individual who was the center of the curiosity sat up, rubbed his eyes and muttered the name of his sweetheart, presumably, which sounded like "Helen."

That was all he'd say. He pleaded guilty to the ownership of the watch and clothing, donned the garments and with a foggy expression of countenance, explained that the last he remembered was being at Fifth and Chestnut streets with some friends a little after 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

"ANITA"
SPARKLING WATER for HIGHBALLS.

"ANITA" GINGER ALE FOR HIGHBALLS
None Better—None Purer—Sold Everywhere. Ask for it.
Anita Spring Water Co.
333 WEST MAIN

$1.50/100
If You Need a Hand Saw at all You Need a Good One.
No. 47—26-Inch
BLUE GRASS
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
HAND SAW
Is just as fine as known methods can make it. If you pay more for a Saw, you waste money. If you pay less, you sacrifice quality. They are on sale at all Hardware Stores.
Belknap Hdw. & Mfg. Co.
(Incorporated)
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Fox Ridge Coal
$3.75 A TON
A CARLOAD GIVEN AWAY to anyone finding a misrepresentation in any of our advertisements. Read every one carefully.
SCANLON COAL CO.
(Incorporated)
TELEPHONES 405.

ELECTRIC FANS
Now Is the Time.
Get ready for hot weather. Large stock. Low prices. Call us up and we will have a representative call.
Harry I. Wood Co.
(Incorporated.)
Call 2681. 514 W. Main.

Flowers
For Every Occasion
QUALITY AND PRICES ARE RIGHT
As Members of the R. M. A. We Rebate Railroad Fares to Out-of-Town Customers.
AUGUST R. BAUMER
FLORIST
Masonic Temple, Fourth and Chestnut.
Both Phones.
Special Attention to Out-of-Town Orders.

$1.50
Indianapolis Excursion
Over Pennsylvania Line
Sunday, May 9.
Train leaves Louisville (Fourteenth and Main streets) 8 a. m.

5 Per Cent. Net.
The FIRST MORTGAGE REAL ESTATE GOLD BONDS issued by the Louisville Title Company are now being sold to net the buyer 5 per cent. These bonds are secured by improved real estate worth two to four times the amount of the loans. You can inspect the property and select bonds to suit.
LOUISVILLE TITLE CO.
234 Fifth St., Bet. Main and Market.

MORPHINE
and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic or internal use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $1.00 per bottle—FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper.
Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.
For sale by Taylor-Isaacs Drug Co. (Incorporated.)

patience is the one great requisite in animal training.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued in the County Clerk's office yesterday:

W. S. Jones and Eliza J. Leslie, Ephraim Moore and Lilly May Erbley.

BRASS BEDS
—AT—
REMOVAL SALE PRICES

Every Brass Bed in our splendid assortment has been cut in price from
$1 to $40
That is, our staple $20.00 2-inch post, English lacquer, which is sold practically at cost, has been cut to $19.00; from that the reduction grades up from
10% to 50%
REMOVAL SALE PRICES RANGE FROM $19.00 to $122.00
Members Retail Merchants' Association
KEISKER'S 462 4th Ave.
LOOK FOR REMOVAL SALE SIGNS.

Don't Overlook
OUR GREAT
Clearance Sale
The goods and the prices will surely interest you.
Klauber 222 4th ave.

The Benefits of Modern Plumbing.

One of the most generally approved ideas of modern plumbing is that of installing one-piece lavatories supplied with hot and cold running water in the sleeping apartments and dressing chambers of the individual members of the household.
The benefits derived from this arrangement will not only be found necessary to modern living, but also prove a source of convenience and comfort to the occupants.
We have a very complete line on exhibition in our showrooms and will be glad to aid you in making selections.
THE AHRENS & OTT MFG. CO. (Incorporated.)
319 to 323 West Main Street, Louisville, Ky.

We carry all kinds of lumber and manufacture sash, doors, blinds and interior trimmings, soft and hard woods.
The Frey Planing Mill Co.
SUCCESSORS TO
Lortz & Frey Planing Mill Co.

THE BEST WALL PLASTER IS ATLAS
Hardens Quickly, Will Not Crack or Peel Off. Costs No More Than Inferior Plasters.
Made by
Office and Factory, Thirtieth and Greenwood. Telephone 5036.
ATLAS WALL PLASTER CO. Incorporated.
Wm. Selke, President; G. E. Stopher, V. Pres; A. Drower, Sec. & Tres.

BUICK "17" Holder of Latest World's Records for Power, Speed and Endurance.

Price, including Magneto and full equipment.....$1,750
Nothing To Compare With It Within $1,000 of Its Price.
HUBERT LEVY AUTO CO.

LUMBER
FOR EVERY PURPOSE
FOR EVERYBODY.
THE ALFRED STRUCK COMPANY
(Incorporated.)
GARDEN AND CHESTNUT. PHONES 40.

Quality CONSIDERED, The Baldwin Piano IS NOT COSTLY.
Grand Prize - 1904 ST. LOUIS
Grand Prix & Cross of the Legion of Honor PARIS, 1900
THE BALDWIN CO., (Incorporated.) 425 S. Fourth Ave.

$1.50 ROUND TRIP EVANSVILLE
JASPER, HUNTINGBURG, CANNELTON, ROCKPORT
and Intermediate Branch Line Points. Low Rates to All Local Points.
SUNDAY, MAY 9
Southern Railway
Train leaves Seventh-street Depot 7:30 a. m.; returning, leaves Evansville 6:10 p. m. For information call City Ticket Office, Main 1937, Home 568, or Seventh-street Depot Main 106.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

Wintersmith's Tonic has been used for the past twenty years and never found wanting. You, druggist has it. Wintersmith's Tonic will tone you up.